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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XXIV NO. 196 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1936 PRICE ONE ANNA

INSURANCE
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India's Poor Score: Forced To Follow On

But Batsmen Fight On With Courage

MERCHANT'S BRIGHT INNINGS

Dilawar Hussain's Stolid Game; Good Start In 2nd Innings

Fortune again favoured England, who declared their innings closed at the over-night total when play was resumed in the Third and Final Test Match with India on Monday. The Visitors were set a huge task to perform.

Good Beginning

India opened extremely steady and Merchant and Mushtaq Ali almost seemed bent upon repeating their classic partnership in the Second Test Match. The latter was aggressive. But both were dismissed for 52 runs each.

Rot Sets In

Naidu did not even reach double figures, but Dilawar Hussain played a stolid game, scoring 35 in 135 minutes. Ramaswami batted brilliantly. With his dismissal for 29, the rot set in and the whole side was skittled out for 222 runs.

India Follow On

India was thus forced to follow on. Merchant and Mushtaq Ali again opened their innings, the former being aggressive with his fine drives and cuts. He scored 48 before he was declared out, thus contributing 100 runs in both innings.

156 Runs For 3 Wikts.

Mushtaq Ali was out for 17 and Amarsingh for 44. Dilawar Hussain again played a patient innings and was still not-out with 30 runs to his credit when stumps were drawn for the day.

India had scored 156 for 3, by no means a bad beginning in the face of a hopeless situation.

THE SCORE:—

England	*1st Innings (for 8 wickets declared)*	*471*
India	*1st Innings*	*222*
India	*2nd Innings (for 3 wickets)*	*156*

ENGLAND DECLARES AT 471 FOR 8 WKTS.

LONDON, Aug. 17.

In the Test Match England declared their first innings closed at 471 for eight wickets.—

The weather was glorious and 3,000 spectators were present.

A wise declaration prevented the Indians having the advantage of two wicket rollings.

INDIANS' GOOD START

Attendance had increased to 5,000 and many were without coats. The wicket was excellent. Mushtaq Ali opened brilliantly. After two maiden overs from Voce, Mushtaq Ali twice drove him to the boundary and facing Allen he drove Allen to on boundary. Mushtaq Ali later collected two successive fours off Allen one to the cover and the other straight to the screen. Merchant and Mushtaq Ali put on 42 in 40 minutes.

MUSHTAQ ALI'S DEFIANCE.

Attendance increased to 10,000. Hammond relieved Allen at 42 and began with a maiden over. Voce was extremely pacy off the pitch, but his length was inconsistent. He gave place to Verity who at once had the batsmen in greater difficulties than they had seemed to experience hitherto. The accurate bowling was supported by fine fielding. An hour's play realised 42 runs. Sims was next tried and he too maintained an excellent length with the result that the scoring slowed considerably. Never-the-less Mushtaq Ali was never really subdued, his score being 41 as compared with Merchant's 21 when the total stood at 62 for no wicket.

STUMPED.

In the face of the excellent bowling, especially by Verity and keen fielding, the scoring was slow, only 18 runs being scored in 35 minutes. Mushtaq Ali reached his individual 50 in 98 minutes amidst cheers. Verity had the impressive figures 10/7/6/0 and was eventually rewarded when Duck-

(Continued on Page 7.)

MERCHANT PLEASES ENGLISH CROWD

Allen's Captaincy, A Lesson To "Vizzy"

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, August 17.

Judging from this morning's game, when Merchant and Mushtaq Ali gave a good and hopeful start for India, none was prepared to expect the utter collapse which began, not with number eight, but I must say with the arrival of C. K. Nayudu as the fourthman.

MERCHANT'S BRILLIANT PLAY.

However, Merchant, Mushtaq Ali and Dilawar took advantage, unlike other batsmen, of the fastest wicket a tthe Oval had ever present. Merchant was brilliant and Dilawar, though not quite attractive, played a dodged innings demanded by the occasion Merchant's performance pleased the English crowd s owell that he was nicknamed "Joy." instead of Vijay or Merchant. The crowd felt that Dilawar played with a bat purchased for six pennies from Woolworth stores, as it looked so small for his hefty size.

LESSON TO "VIZZY."

Allen's captaincy was a lesson to the Maharajkumar as how to arrange the field and when to switch on the bowlers. England's fielding also was an object-lesson to Indians. Not one catch was missed nor was there any bad throw. Though Indian batsmen did not hesitate to hit Allen and Voce they were afraid of Verity's slow balls and Sim's leg-breaks. None of the batsmen showed any ability to play the slow bowling.

OPPORTUNITIES MISSED.

Our thought to-day goes back to Saturday's missed catches because if Nayudu had caught a half volley, though difficult, that came from Hammond off Amarsingh when three or if Wazir had not dropped Hammond's ridiculously easy catch at 96, perhaps we may have had a different tale to tell to-day.

Messrs. Hamano, Hotta (Leader) and Yuasa of the Japanese Expedition on Nandakot, leaving Tokyo Station.

Madrid Threatened With Food Famine?

NEWSMAN'S STORY OF CIVIL WAR

Rebels Forced To Retreat In Mojorca, Claim Govt.

News about the Spanish Civil War continues to be conflicting. While Madrid claims that Government Troops have landed in Majorca and are forcing the Insurgents to retreat, reports reaching London state that the landing was unsuccessful, involving severe reverse to Government.

"Madrid cannot hold out much longer," is the opinion of an "experienced" journalist, who is reported to have arrived in Hendaze from the Capital, where, according to his version, the question of food supply is becoming difficult. One of the best restaurants, he says, is offering horse-flesh as the main dinner course.

German and Italian 'planes with which the Rebels are equipped, are active in transport of reinforcements from Morocco, says a Tangier report.

The Chancellor of the Glasgow 'Varsity in concert with prominent citizens is busy forming a Scottish Ambulance for immediate despatch to Spain.

INSURGENTS FORCED TO RETREAT

MADRID, August 17.

Government claim to have landed at Majorca forcing the insurgents to retreat with loss of many prisoners and much war material. Three Government columns have occupied a number of villages and anticipate capturing Palma shortly. Many Britons have been evacuated in the British cruiser standing by, ready for emergency.—Reuter's Special.

BRITONS SAFE IN MAJORCA

GIBRALTAR, Aug. 17.

Reports from Majorca State that the casualties are not so heavy as at first believed All Britons are reported safe. The British cruiser "Galatea" is standing by to protect British interests.

It is reported that the Spanish Government forces are making further attempt to capture the Island as soon as possible.—Reuter.

GERMANS RELEASED

BERLIN, Aug 17.

It is semi-officially stated that all Germans arrested in Spain are now released including the crew of the aeroplane seized by Madrid Government.

The releases were achieved after energetic diplomatic representations.—Reuter.

REBEL GENERALS SHOT

MADRID, August 17.

Gen. Fanjil and Col. Quintana were shot at dawn in accordance with the court-martial sentence for participance in the revolt at the Montana barracks.—Reuter.

GERMAN AND ITALIAN 'PLANES IN USE

TANGIER, August 17.

Insurgents have been speeding the transport of troops from Morocco and it is estimated that between five to 600 are flown daily in new German and Italian planes with which rebels are now equipped.—Reuter's Special.

A JOURNALIST'S STORY OF SITUATION

HENDAYE, August 17.

Madrid cannot hold out much longer, is the opinion of an experienced journalist, who has just arrived after being stranded for three weeks in the Spanish capital.

HORSEFLESH, FOR DINNER.

He stresses Madrid's dependence on Valencia for food supplies and says that communications with it are liable to be cut any moment; and although rationing has not yet begun it is becoming extremely difficult to buy food. One of the best restaurants is offering horseflesh as the main dinner course.

SAN SEBASTIAN BOMBARDED.

The journalist said that the insurgents in Guadarrama mountains appeared to be entrenched as firmly as ever and are biding their time while there was no likelihood of shortage of ammunition as they controlled all the important arms factories. The insurgents' time limit for surrender of San Sebastian having expired the battleship "Espana" from a range of six miles opened fire on the fortress at Guadeloupe where, however, the Government forces are understood to have imprisoned 1,200 hostages. Simultaneously the cruiser "Almirante Cervera" and a number of smaller warships are bombarding San Sebastian proper.—Reuter.

SCOTTISH AMBULANCE FOR SPAIN

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, August 17.

Reports reaching London state that Government troops landing in Majorca proved unsuccessful. Insurgents allowing their landing then counter-attacking and killing 500 Government troops and taking 500 prisoners.

Between five and six hundred

(Continued on Page 7.)

Mahatma's Warning To Millowners

DEMANDS WITHDRAWAL OF NOTICES

Wage-Cut Move: Violation Of Arbitration Principle

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 17.

A request that the notices of reduction be withdrawn is made by Mahatma Gandhi in a wire he has sent to Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai, President of the Millowners' Association and Seth Chimanlal Parikh who has put up such notices in his mills.

SERIOUS CONSEQUENCES

Mahatma Gandhi says that the notices are against the principle of arbitration and are fraught with serious consequences.

MOVE FOR SETTLEMENT

A meeting of the Committee of the Millowners' Association was held to-day and negotiations have been started with the Labour Association to arrive at an amicable settlement.—A. P.

DEMAND FOR WITHDRAWAL OF NOTICES

AHMEDABAD, August 17.

Rapid and unexpected developments are taking place in the wage-cut dispute between the millowners and the Workers' Union. The Union wrote to-day to the Millowners' Association asking the unconditional withdrawal of the wage-cut notices on five mills.

The Association will consider its reply to this communication at its meeting to-morrow. On the millowners' reply depends the future of the whole industry.

Meanwhile the president of the Association met the Union officials this morning in a conference. It appears that while the Association agrees to start immediate standardization of wages, there is some difference between the millowners regarding the withdrawal of the wage-cut notices.

UNION'S DEMAND.

The Union is of the opinion that they cannot carry on any negotiations for standardisation with the wage-cut notices continuing. Every body is anxious for the millowners' reply to-morrow.

Meanwhile the Millowners' Association has issued a circular to-day to all mills asking certain figures of wages to be submitted to the Association definitely by Wednesday for the purpose of standardisation.

The Union on the other hand is making all preparations to meet the situation in case of a general strike.

Further developments are anxiously awaited.—United Press.

Arrest Of "Red Shirt" Leaders

PROTEST MEETINGS ALL OVER FRONTIER

RAWALPINDI: August 16.

Reports of further arrests of Red Shirt leaders and prominent workers of the Frontier Parliamentary Board have been received here.

Mr. Syed Ashiqshah Mohammad and Khan Kamdar Khan have been taken into custody under Section 16 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act. Khan Mohammad Jan, Pleader, was also arrested under this section.

A province-wide agitation has been prevailing throughout the Frontier Province regarding the wholesale arrests of Parliamentary Board workers and the restrictions imposed on the movements of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan. Protest meetings are being held in almost all places of the Province, where resolutions condemning the policy of the Government are being adopted.—United Press.

"GOVT.'S UNCALLED FOR ACTION"

PESHAWAR, (By Mail.)

At a meeting of the Working Committee of the Frontier Parliamentary Board held at the residence of Dr. Khan Sahib, M.L.A., the following resolutions were adopted:—

This meeting sends its respectful greetings to Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan on his release from jail and in view of his continued exile for the last five years from the place of his birth, looks upon the restriction imposed on his entry into the Punjab and North Western Frontier Provinces by the respective Governments of these provinces as a great betrayal of the spirit in which the present reforms were conceived. It is further of the opinion that, in excluding Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan from the province at this juncture, the Frontier Government is determined to put obstacles in the way of this Board in its electioneering campaign. It, therefore, strongly protests against the uncalled for action of the Punjab and Frontier Governments, and urges upon them the immediate lifting of these restrictions.

This meeting looks with great suspicion at the application of the Tranquillity Act in the whole province on the eve of the impending general election; especially because this universal application followed immediately in the wake of electioneering propaganda carried by responsible members of the Board in Bannu and Kohat Districts.

This meeting calls upon all District Parliamentary Boards to recommend the names of candidates for various constituencies in the North Western Frontier Provinces before the 15th of September, 1936.

That 21st August, 1936, should be observed as Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan Day.—United Press.

ALTITUDE RECORD

PARIS, August 17.

The French airman, Georges Detre established new world altitude record of 14,836 metres. The previous record of 14,433 metres was held by the Italian airman, Donati, since April, 1934.—Reuter.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT'S ARRIVAL

Public Reception At Bori Bunder To-day

The General Secretaries of the B. P. C. C. have issued the following programme of reception to Congress leaders:

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President and Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan will arrive in Bombay to-day (Tuesday) at 2 p.m. (S. T.), by the Nagpur Express. Under the auspices of the B. P. C. C. they will be accorded a public reception at the Victoria Terminus Station.

Volunteers are requested to be present at the Station at 1-30 p.m. (S. T.).

With the co-operation of the Railway authorities, arrangements have been made to get the Nagpur Express drawn up on Platform No. 8 which is an open platform.

The persons and associations wanting to garland the Congress leaders should be present at the Station at least quarter of an hour before the train arrives to facilitate arrangements.

To-day (Tuesday)

2 p.m. (S. T.): Meeting of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Committee in the Hall of the B. P. C. C. (Congress House).

6 p.m. (S. T.): Meeting of the Bombay Province (composite) Congress Parliamentary Committee in the B. P. C. C. Hall (Congress House).

UNITY TALKS TO BE RESUMED

Congress-Nationalist Fusion Attempts In Bombay

The Mass Contact and the Labour Sub-Committees appointed by the Lucknow session of the Indian National Congress will be meeting in Bombay and will be submitting their Reports to the A. I. C. C. Some of the points in the Congress Parliamentary Party's Manifesto it is understood, will be based on the reports of these two Sub-Committees.

Informal consultations were held with some of the Congress officials on Monday evening regarding the agenda for the Parliamentary Committee meeting but nothing will be settled till the arrival this morning, of Babu Rajendra Prasad, one of the Secretaries of the Committee from Wardha.

PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE.

The Bombay Provincial Parliamentary Committee on which there are in all fourteen representatives of the four Provincial Congress Committees, besides six exofficio members, will be meeting at the Congress House at 6 p.m. to-day. It will first elect the officials of the Provincial Committee and then proceed to survey the situation in the Province *apropos* the forthcoming elections and the chances of Congress capturing the majority of seats. The Committee will also fix the date before which all the intending candidates should send in their applications to the Committee office with the necessary fees and declarations.

Messrs. Shankerrao Deo and Achut Patwardhan, members of the Congress Working Committee, have already arrived and Messrs. Gadgil and Jedhe are expected to be here by Tuesday afternoon.

Dr. Satyapal from the Punjab will not be able to attend and Lala Dunichand of Ambala will be representing the Punjab on the Parliamentary Committee while Babu Purushottamdas Tandon will be representing the United Provinces in place of Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai.

UNITY TALKS.

Mr. M. S. Aney is expected to be in Bombay within a day or two and the talks about the fusion of the Nationalist Party and the Congress will be further discussed. A member of the Working Committee told a *Chronicle* representative that there was every possibility of a fusion between the two sections of the Congress and both

(Continued on Page 7)

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REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted—A graduate Sanskrit Honours. Apply personally. The Liberty High School, Kabaden 6759.

Wanted—Experienced organisers, canvassers, district representatives, clerks, typists of good social standing. Apply United Money Circulating Society of India, Mapla Mahal, Girgaon, Bombay. 6758.

Wanted—Influential persons to open depots in all principal centres for sales best teas on pay from 100 to 250 per month plus allowance and depot rent. Experienced hands apply. Anglo-Burma Tea Company, Post Box 6, Madras. 6757.

A well-known Chemists shop long-standing in Fort, Frere Road, requires qualified doctors to attend the same. Parsees and Gujati preferred. Liberal commissions. For particulars apply Box No. 6747, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced Weaving Master with theory and practice besides general education. None but those of special knowledge in sizing, costing and fancy designing with keen aptitude in work need apply. Box No. 6728, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Muslim Doctors, Muslim Graduate Teachers, knowing Gujrathi, Laundry Clerks and 20 apprentice stenographers and draughtsmen. Apply for particulars with stamped envelope Box 6736, "Bombay Chronicle."

68. PARTNERSHIPS.

A Company in Bombay is pleased to offer an opening to a gentleman of good social status to join as partner in Managing Agency of a reputed Joint Stock Company. Starting remuneration Rs. 500 and share in profits. The Company deals in articles of daily use commanding extensive sale throughout India. Those who can invest a minimum of Rs. 100,000 need apply with Bank reference to Box 6745, "Bombay Chronicle."

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For mortgage of house-property in Bombay City and loan on personal security to Gazetted Officers. Apply to Anand and Co., Tamarind House, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay. Terms moderate.

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Wanted—Energetic and influential agents to push the sale of our silk and hosiery goods. Terms liberal. Income lucrative. Apply with reference and experience to Indo Foreign Trading Co., Ludhiana. 6756.

Wanted by a leading Life Office of Bombay Agency Organisers at Ahmedabad, Poona and Karachi on Rs. 75-25-200 plus office allowance. None not energetic or able to furnish Rupees one thousand security need reply. Permanent job for educated candidates. Apply Box No. 6740, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Earn Rs. 250 P.M. by investing Rs. 200. For particulars send one anna stamp to C.G. Rao, Esq., Mysore. 6666.

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

Public Notices.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

ANNUAL CONVOCATION FOR CONFERRING DEGREES

Tuesday, 18th August, 1936

Candidates for Degrees Nos. 61-500; 1031-1076; 1114-1174; 12-97-1476; 1721-1785; 1821-1876 are requested to be present in the Convocation Hall at 4-30 p.m. punctually, to robe and have their places assigned to them. Nos. 501-946 are requested to take their seats in the gallery of the Convocation Hall in Blocks M to S. Candidates Nos.—1-60; 947-1030; 1077-1113; 1175-1296; 1477-1720; 1786-1820; 1877-1880 and all lady candidates are requested to be present in the University Library Building, 1st floor, at 4-15 p.m. Candidates must come in proper academic costume.

2. Members of the Senate and Honorary Fellows are requested to be present in the University Library, Ground floor, not later than 5-15 p.m.

3. Visitors are requested to be in their seats in the Convocation Hall not later than 5-20 p.m. Admission cards must be shown at the main entrance to the Hall.

By Order.
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 13th August, 1936.

3752.

LOSS OF PORT TRUST BOND WARRANT.

Bond Warrant No. 1272, dated 3rd July, 1936—Bond No. 1444 of 29th June, 1936—issued in the name of S. G. Shah & Company and transferred in the name of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China, covering 25 cases Artificial Silk Yarn marked as under:

450 A
M 8329/8353
152

ex s.s. "Biyo Maru" warehoused in "B" Warehouse, Alexandra Dock, is LOST or MISLAID.

Application has been made to the Docks Manager, Bombay Port Trust, to issue a duplicate within seven days from the date hereof.

6754

Legal Notices.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY NO. 546 OF 1936.
Re: VALJI DEWJI THAKER of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, until lately carrying on business in the names of V. D. Thaker and Thaker & Co., at Girgaum: A Debtor.
Ex-parte: (1) H. B. NARANDAS & CO. a firm, (2) JIVANDAS BHANJI & CO., a firm and (3) BHANJI PURSHOTTAM:
..... Petitioning Creditors.

On the 8th day of August, 1936, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.
Dated this 17th day of Aug., 1936.
S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Offg. Insolvency Registrar.
3755

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretobefore subsisting between our clients AMICHAND TEJMAL, CHHOGALAL TEJMAL, SAMRATHMAL BHAICHAND, MAGANLAL KASTURCHAND, DIWALI, widow of Jawanmal Tejmal and Maganlal Punamchand, carrying on business in the name of Bhagwanji Tejmal at Parsi Gully, 1st Agiary Street, Bombay, has been DISSOLVED as from 1st Bhaderwa Sud 1, Samvat 1992 and the said Maganlal Punamchand has retired from the said firm as from the said date
Dated this 17th day of Aug., 1936.
THAKOREDAS & CO.,
Attorneys for Amichand Tejmal, Chhogalal, Tejmal, Samrathmal Bhaichand, Maganlal Kasturchand and Diwali.
3756

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New Queen's Road
5-15, 8 & 10-45 P.M.
BOMBAY TALKIES'
ACHHUT KANYA
Starring
DEVIKA RANI
5TH WEEK

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ALLEGATIONS AGAINST TAMIL NADU P. C. C.

"Candidates Selected With An Eye To Expediency"

DR. RAJAN ON HIS "ACT OF SACRIFICE"

Dr. T. S. S. Rajan in the statement he has issued explaining his action in the Trichinopoly Municipal election makes some serious allegations against the Tamil Nadu Provincial Congress Committee and the behaviour of certain local Congressmen.

He accuses the Committee of unnecessary and gratuitous dictation to the Trichinopoly Committee and says it was bent on securing somehow a majority under the Congress label regardless of the bona fides of the persons who signed the Congress pledge on "the understanding that he would be elected often to serve his own interests."

In regard to the election of the Chairman of the Municipal Board he acted as he did "according to the dictates of his conscience," to prevent local communal wrangles.

TRICHINOPOLY, Aug. 14.

Dr. T. S. S. Rajan has issued the following statement:

It has fallen to me to become suddenly notorious. One straight act of mine has given rise to angry protests and criticisms throughout the Press of South India, and it has alarmed leaders elsewhere. I was not unaware of the significance of my act, and I hence feel bound to present my case categorically to the public so that they may judge it in the proper perspective. "The Hindu" when commenting on my 'brief statement' in the Municipal Council was not aware that it was necessitated by an unexpected reference to me by a member, and that I had not intended or prepared to make any speech.

Bent On Majority

I found that the Tamil Nadu Congress Committee, in carrying on its campaign of capture of local bodies were bent on securing somehow a majority under the Congress label, regardless of the consideration whether the candidate who signed the pledge generally at the last moment sometimes on the understanding that he would be selected often to serve his own interests, understood the implication of the pledge or would add to the real strength of the Congress.

The Trichinopoly Congress Committee was no exception to the rule. I have seen the formation of its District Board Party and the way in which the Party secured the President's seat. I have also watched its work in the Board. There is a general impression that the reputation of the Congress has not been enhanced by its administration and I share this view. The position has been the same or even worse in some other districts.

COMMUNAL BITTERNESS

The Trichy Municipal elections were approaching. The election was to take place after two years of supersession of a Council in whose last days Hindu-Muslim bitterness had reached a climax. The supersession itself was brought about by the Council re-electing, as Chairman, Mr. P. R. Thevar (who was then in the Justice Party) whose conduct was disapproved by the Government. The Muslim members and some others held strong views about his conduct.

NO POINT OF HONOUR

The local Congress Committee, under the inspiration of Mr. Thevar, was making preparations to enable him to get elected as Chairman again. He has, since the supersession, become a Congress M.L.C. and Congress President of the District Board. These important positions, one should think, are enough to engage one's full attention. But he was keen on becoming Chairman again to avenge the wrongs done to him by the Rajah of Bobbili.

I fail to realise even now, the point of honour to the city or the Congress, involved in endeavouring to get him elected again as Chairman. Mr. Thevar's quarrel was with the Rajah of Bobbili when he was a member of the Justice Party and one of its Vice-Presidents (which position Mr. Thevar humorously claims to retain yet, I cannot see why the present Congress Committee should take upon itself the duty of vindicating Mr. Thevar's acts of his Justice Party days particularly when there is strong difference of opinion regarding it locally.

Two long years of deprivation of civic franchise had soothened somewhat the bitterness between Hindus and Muslims. More than ever, the present was the time to close the breach and promote communal harmony. Mr. Thevar's strong hates and bitter communalism are very well known. I, in common with others, felt that his becoming Chairman with the help of the Congress machinery and in the name of the Congress would reopen the old sores and develop a very unhealthy situation. As a Congressman, it was my desire to avoid it.

SATYAMURTHY IMPRESSED

Having diagnosed the disease, both provincial and local, the remedy had to be found. The matter was brought to the notice of the Congress Working Committee by Dr. T. V. S. Shastry and myself, a month ago requesting them to allow the local Municipal elections to run without party labels.

The President, Mr. Satyamurthy, came twice to Trichinopoly and was fully posted with details by me and others. He appeared to be impressed with the advisability of keeping away from the elections, but he finally decided to allow the local Committee to contest them.

Discreditable Matters

Events developed as expected. Pledges were got from all and sundry. Candidates were arrayed under Congress label and outside with an eye to expediency in regard to the chance of Chairmanship. People in Trichinopoly alone can know the methods employed during the election, how Congressmen were found working for non-Congress candidates, how candidates opposed to some Congress nominee were threatened and their movements restrained, how socalled Congressmen behaved indecently towards ladies at polling booths, how rowdyism of a kind not cognisable by law was indulged in and how foul and vulgar language about communities and persons was used by persons who ought to know better.

Such methods do not conduce to the reputation of any party or group, much less of the Congress.

Fictitious Majority.

The Congress claimed to have secured 21 seats, a fictitious majority.

One with local knowledge has only to read the names to find out the types the socalled majority was composed of. It contained at least four aspirants to the Chairmanship, each with a following outside this group. I did not believe for a moment that there was a Congress majority. The acute division in this group itself, whichever individual aspirant might eventually get the majority, was a certain menace to the smooth working of the Municipal Council and to peaceful and harmonious civic life.

I know that, taking the Councillors as a whole, there was strong and determined opposition to Mr. Thevar.

Under the circumstances, I asked myself what I should do. I pleaded with the Working Committee not to permit the Chairman election at least to be made a party matter. I even gave a brief satement of reasons pointing out how Vellore was likely to be re-enacted here.

I made it clear that I was determined to do what I thought necessary for exposing the evils of this kind of Congress management of elections to local bodies and of allowing Congress machinery to be utilised for personal ends. I requested the Committee to give freedom of choice and vote to the Congress Councillors. The Committee should have known that, if I took the attitude I told them, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari's position in the Congress would be difficult. Dr. T. V. S. Shastry also appears to have made some similar representation.

Flat To Congressmen

Knowing all these, the Working Committee took the responsibility of nominating Mr. Thevar as their candidate for the Chairman's place and issued a flat asking all to vote for him. In the last-hour appeal issued by the Secretaries of the Tamil Nadu Congress Committee in the "Hindu" of 9-8-36, they state "There is no doubt that, a City like Trichinopoly and from among the tried Congress leaders of Trichinopoly, there are many whom we could chose for the honour and responsibility." The Working Committee nominated Mr. Thevar without calling for a suggestion from the local Committee or Councillors. The result was immediate protests from some of them and from the President of the District Congress Committee.

Dictates of Conscience

The question then to me was to choose among three alternative courses of action:

1. To submit to the fiat, observe discipline and vote for Mr. Thevar, however strongly and sincerely I felt that his election was undesirable.

2. To absent myself from the meeting and to resign my Council membership and my connection with the Congress bodies.

3. To follow the dictates of my conscience and do something to save local communal wrangle, Hindu-Muslim, Brahmin-non-Brahmin, Christian-Hindu and to call public attention to the evil effects of the policy of the Tamil Nadu Congress Committee and the local Committee in their attempt to capture local bodies.

Ballot-Box's Secrets

After anxious onsideration I resolved to adopt the last course. It was proved, without any possibility of doubt, that the Congress majority was a myth. If the ballot-box could tell its secrets, it would reveal that among the 21 Congress Councillors, leaving the two candidates and the non-voting member, the remaining eighteen were equally divided in the casting of their votes. A hotch potch group like this should not be allowed to parade as a party.

To convert this position into a majority for Mr. Thevar by the fiat of the Working Committee, while an unseen hand has been all along deftly manoeuvring the Congress elections for the vindication of personal prestige, is not a service which, in my opinion, an honest Congressman whose views as to the functions and ideals of the Congress are different, should be compelled to undertake in the name of discipline.

There is further the more important and wider question of the policy of the Congress in relation to the local bodies which would not have received the serious and urgent attention it deserved and failed to get at the hands of the Tamil Nad Congress Committee, if I had adopted either of the first two courses of action.

Knew The Consequences

I do not complain that my action has been called 'reprehensible' by the "Hindu" and that many other journals and persons disapprove of it in various degrees. Some one, some where, has to bring the evil feature of Congress participation in elections to public notice in such a way as to compel the adoption of urgent and effective remedies.

I sincerely thought I might undertake this very unpleasant and risky task. I knew it might mean the ruin of my political career. But in regard to the Congress, I strongly believed and still believe that it is too great and too deeply-rooted in the affections and ideals of my countrymen to be shaken by a breeze here and there which temporarily shaking the top branches and leaves, will certainly prove its strength and vitality by its resistence and even improve its growth by the aid of the accompanying shower.

If by the adoption of a more

(continued on page 4)

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"GARDEN OF INDIA" FACED WITH FAMINE

Gujerat Kisan Committee's Appeal For Remission Of Land Revenue

The Gujrat Kisan Committee have issued the following to the Press:—

From the innumerable reports that have been received from all over Gujrat it has become abundantly clear that the "Garden of India" is faced with one of the worst famines that have visited the province within the last 50 years. A monsoon, which had made a scanty beginning, has virtually ended, before it had progressed much further. Gujrat normally received between 20 to 30 inches of rain in average a year. This year it has received only between 6 to 9 inches. Consequently all the early sowing are all but dried out for lack of rain. All hopes of the farmers for raising a Kharif Crop have, therefore, been dashed to pieces. Starvation faces the farmers all over the province.

The failure of the rains has also resulted in smaller rivers and villages tanks also drying up. Well-water the last refuge of hope for the well-to-do farmers, is also daily sinking and most wells are nearly touching their bottom. Early shots of green grass are fast getting parched and yellow, while old stock are exhausted. Innumerable farm and dairy cattle are, therefore, faced with certain extinction if no drastic and immediate steps are taken to preserve them.

In this distressing situation it is imperative that both the State and the public should make concerted and co-ordinated efforts to save what is possible from the ravages of the famine and at the same time offer adequate relief to the starving peasants.

GOVT'S. RESPONSIBILITY.

The foremost responsibility of course rests with the Government. It must therefore adopt and enforce the following measures immediately if it is to discharge its primary duty:—

A. Government must immediately declare a state of famine and set the whole machinery of the Famine Relief Fund moving with a view to provide:

1. Public works to give employment to peasants.
2. Cheap grain shops to supply starving peasants with cheap grain.
3. Tagavi loans in form of grass and grain to be granted at 3 per cent. interest.

B. But over and above these measures, the following other measures are also necessary if even a bare minimum of famine relief is to be afforded.

PENALISE SPECULATION.

1. Government should declare a state of economic emergency in all areas and prohibit the private export of grain and grass from all afflicted areas except under special licence.
2. Government should immediately fix prices at the lowest level possible of all staple grains and grass.
3. Government itself should buy up necessary quantities of grass and staple grains at standard prices and open shops to sell these at cost prices.
4. Government should take measures to stop and penalise all speculation in these commodities carried on to snatch profits from the misery of the poor.
5. Government should stay all coercive processes for the recovery of arrears of tagavi, revenue and other dues.
6. Government Registrar of Co-operative Societies and other co-operative bodies should stay all proceedings for the recovery of co-operative Society dues from the aggrieved peasants.
7. Government should prevent landlords from recovering arrears of rent from their tenants.
8. Government should prevent money-lenders from recovering their debts and interest charges from the peasantry.
9. Government should suspend the operation of the Mahuda Act with a view to provide men and cattle with Mahuda crop the only cheap means of subsistence available to them.
10. Government should open up their jungles especially in Panch Mahal Dt. to enable affected village people to pick up head-loads of timber and grass for sale in towns as well as to graze their cattle free of all charges.
11. Government should return to the peasants their rightful share of the land revenue first recovered and afterwards remitted last year to them under special orders, to help them during these times of adversity.
12. Above all government should immediately announce full remission of all land revenue dues and canal rates for the present season.
13. All public bodies and prominent leaders should immediately issue an appeal to all landlords and moneylenders calling upon them to suspend collections of all arrears of rent and debts and interest charges.
14. Public Bodies and prominent leaders should also issue an appeal for the collection of relief funds.

NEVER TAKE CHANCES WITH STOMACH TROUBLE!

Few complaints are serious *in the beginning*. The most common trouble to-day—stomach disorder—usually starts in a small way. It may attack you as HEARTBURN, BILIOUSNESS, FLATULENCE or INDIGESTION, but its meaning is always the same *and so is its remedy*. It is Nature's warning of a bad stomach—a stomach which is turning the very food you eat into painful, destructive acid. That is why you must never think lightly of stomach pain, no matter how slight it may be. Nature does not warn you for nothing. Waste no time. Take no chances. Act to-day and drive those pains away. Cleanse that bad stomach with the famous proven remedy—Maclean Brand Stomach Powder—and banish for good the shadow of the hospital and of the operating theatre.

Owing to the enormous success of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder in the last few years a host of imitations has sprung up to seize a share of this popularity. If you are not very careful you may find yourself buying something with a very similar name and outward appearance in place of the genuine Maclean Brand. You may be tempted by its cheapness to purchase some useless substitute. But if you want the definite, soothing relief of genuine Maclean Brand, you must avoid all imitations. Look for the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" on the bottle and the red seal on the carton. Every bottle of genuine Maclean Brand bears this signature—it is your safeguard against substitution and consequent disappointment. Sold in bottles in cartons. Never sold loose. Also in tablet form.

If you have any difficulty in obtaining it from your local chemist or store, write to Martin & Harris, Ltd., 119, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

Sir V. T. Krishnamachariar, Dewan of Baroda, left for Geneva on Saturday to attend the League meetings as Government of India's delegate. He was accompanied by his wife (right.)

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Kallo Sheikh Hussein, Mohiuddin Hassan, and Shekoo Nabirsahib, three Pathans, were remanded in police custody for a fortnight at the Esplanade Court to-day on a charge of murder.

The suspects were arrested on Saturday last following a serious stabbing affray at Municipal Patra Chawls at Saboo Siddia Road over a trifling affair.

Several empty drums, linseed oil and kegs of white zinc are reported to have been stolen from the Taj Mahal Hotel on Friday last.

The tins and other articles were stored in a room in the Hotel by Messrs. Mehta & Co., who have a contract for painting rooms at the Taj.

Enquiries are stated to have showed that a young Hindu had removed the drums in a taxi "under the instructions of the Company."

The taxi-driver was traced by the police and Khemji Lawaji (22) and his son Khmadali were arrested.

The taxi-driver is stated to have identified the rst suspect as the man who had paid the taxi fare.

Some drums were recovered from the shop of the first suspect.

The second suspect is stated to have producd a receipt for drums from Chunilal & Co. Enquiries are reported to have shown that the first suspect went to the Company on Friday and asked one of the man in Chunilal & Co. to prepare a cash memo. The cash memo was prepared for Rs. 32 but delivery of drums was not given as the 'customer' had only Rs. 24. The suspect is alleged to have taken the cash memo.

Pending enquiries, the two suspects were enlarged on a bail of Rs. 50 each for a fortnight at the Esplanade Court to-day.

A 43-year-old jobless man who had, after similar unsuccessful attempts in other parts of the city, imposed himself upon the Princess Street merchants and demanded that their licenses and accountbooks be shown to him, was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment at the Esplanade Court to-day.

Balaram Mahaded Mankar, the accused, was stated to have represented himself as an Income-tax officer and a Municipal License Inspector in two cases in June last. He had four previous convictions for having posed as high Government executive officer in the city.

"You have severed all connection with your family by your waywardness and you have a previous conviction for theft. If you are let loose, it is very likely you will go down further," remarked Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala at the Esplanade Court to-day when he ordered a 19-year old lad to be sent to a recognised institution.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Wassodev at the High Court to-day admitted the revisional application of Sajat Hussein Akbarali and 15 others against the order of the Sessions Judge of Broach who confirmed the conviction and sentences passed on the petitioners by the First Class Sub-Additional Magistrate under Sec. 5 of the Bombay Prevention of Gambling Act.

While confirming the convictions of the accused, the Sessions Judge held that the order forfeiting the moneys found on the accused at the time of their arrest was illegal.

This reference will be heard along with the petitioners' petition.

Remarking that the prosecution had not adduced satisfactory evidence to prove that the accused had driven the car in a rash and negligent manner, Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavalla acquitted Mr. Pranlal P. Gandhi, a publicity agent.

Mr. Gandhi was tried on a charge of causing the death of a pedestrian by a rash and negligent act. It was stated that he knocked down a man on May 3 last while driving along Queen's Road. The man subsequently died in the hospital.

A Mahar woman residing with her husband at Frere Road was admitted to the G. T. Hospital last night suffering from the effects of Dhatura poisoning.

Her condition is reported to be better to-day.

The Palton Road Police are investigating the case.

A shop-keeper, who is alleged to have tried to sell silver coated with gold as real gold, was produced before the Dadar Magistrate to-day.

It is alleged that Ghisu Lal Anuruphchand went to the shop of Kokraj Saremul at Mahim to purchase some gold.

The purchase price was fixed at Rs. 17-12, and the complainant took 6 1/4 tolas of gold at that rate. The complainant paid an advance of Rs 5.

Later, when the pieces of gold were examined, they were found to be nothing but silver coated with gold.

The accused was let off on bail till the 28th instant.

Posing as a police constable a man is alleged to have deprived a stranger to the city of all the money he possessed last evening.

The stranger was taking refuge in a shed in the Mumbadevi Temple while it rained. Keshavlal Narothamdas, the suspect, is alleged to have approached him and started conversation.

When he got an inkling that he was a visitor to the city in search of a job, the suspect is alleged to have represented himself as a constable. He suspected him, he is stated to have told the stranger, of being concerned in a murder case at Quetta. He demanded all the articles on his person to be shown to him.

The stranger took out Rs. 8-12, which represented the financial resources of three men, all strangers to the city and in search of a job.

The suspect is alleged to have made an attempt to run away but was secured by other men in the temple. He was remanded for a fortnight at the Esplanade Court to-day.

FAMINE DANGER INCREASING

Plea For Remission By Bombay Government

Mr. Laxmidas Shreekant, Vice-President of the Bhil Mandal, Jhalod, wires to the Associated Press as follows:—

Dohad and Jhalod talugas are faced with severe famine, the khariff crops having been completely destroyed.

The Bhil Seva Mandal is starting relief work from the 17th August. They are deepening wells and terracing fields. The Mandal has wired the Government authorities to declare a famine and to give the four anna remission credited last years to the peasants.

Mr. A. V. Thakkar has been asked by wire to visit the place immediately. Jhalod merchants are nervous about dacoities and have removed their goods from shops in the bazar to their houses.

"GERMANY ALWAYS FOR PEACE"

Dresden Businessman In Bombay

SUGGESTS R. T. C. OF WORLD NATIONS

Herr Wilhelm Wohlfahrt, a director of the well-known camera manufacturing firm of Messrs. Zeiss Ikon and president of the Chamber of Commerce at Dresden, arrived in Bombay on Monday.

Herr Wohlfahrt is on a business tour round the world. He has visited America, Japan, China, the Dutch East Indies and other far eastern countries.

"DREAMLAND"

This is the first visit of Herr Wohlfahrt to India. He had thought of India as a "dreamland" but he said it was nothing of the kind. It was a very hot country. He has visited Burma, Calcutta, and Madras. His idea is to make personal contacts and explore the possibility of further developing the use of high class cameras.

"I think," he said to a representative of this paper "Bombay will be the most interesting city in India. There is more life here and more business.

R.T.C. OF NATIONS

Here Wohlfahrt believed that now was the time for a round table Conference of the great nations of the world.

The people of all nations wanted peace. The members of the Government must be businessmen and not advocates, Herr Wohlfahrt said amid laughter.

Germany, he said, has always been for peace.

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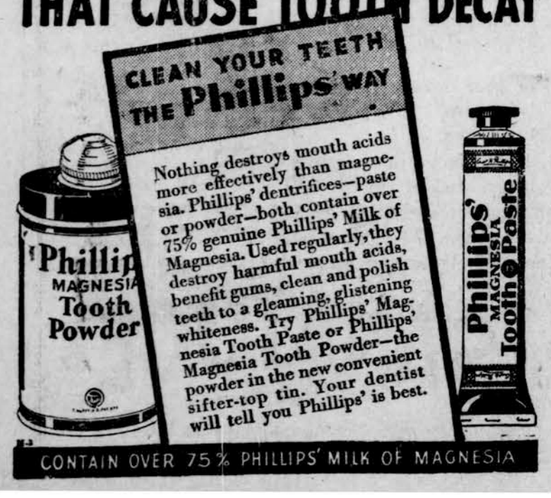
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If the soldier is not on the tin, it is not FLIT

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Entries For First Day Of Poona Big Meetings

The following are the complete entries for the First Day of the Poona Big Meetings to be held on Saturday, August 22:—

THE CRITERION Distance.—6 Furlongs.
Winner Rs. 7,000; second Rs. 2,000; third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

FIRST ENTRIES

Mr. G. C. R. Coleridge's Fearless Prince
Messrs A. Hoyt and A. J. Hoyt's Private Seal and Goolash.
Mr. S. Wootton's Jim Thomas.
H. H. Maharaja of Kolhapur's Diamond Shower and All at Sea.
Messrs. S. Bagree and A. Higgins's Synogogue.
Mr. A. Higgins's Tel Asur.
Prince Aly Khan's Bay Monk.
H. H. Maharaja Jamsaheb of Nawanagar's Vermeil II.
Messrs A. Higgins and N. D. Bagree's Cercello.
Mr. Diamond's Titanium.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's Maid of Orleans.
Messrs N. D. Bagree and K. D. Bagree's Benevento.
Mr. N. D. Bagree's Hesperitus.
Nawabzada Fakrulmulk of Bhopal's Zuyder Zee and Cotys.
Nawabzada Yemin-ul-Mulk of Bhopal's Mas d'Antibes.
Mr. P. B. Avasia's Dr. Strabismus.

FINAL ENTRIES.

Messrs. A. Hoyt and A. J. Hoyt's Play On.

THE BALDOLYE PLATE Distance.—6 Furlongs.
Winner Rs. 4,250; second Rs. 1,400; third Rs. 600. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

FIRST ENTRIES.

Mr. A. Hoyt's Assault-at-Arms.
Mr. J. M. Judah's Smilin' Thro'
Messrs A. Hoyt and A. J. Hoyt's Ballybrittas.
Mr. Kelso's Centoi.
H. H. Maharaja of Idar's Beautaur.
Mr. R. P. Ebrahim's Royal Prince.
H. H. Maharaja of Kolhapur's Grand Wazir and Thermometer.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's Argo's Heir.
Messrs A. Higgins and N. D. Bagree's Vauntry.
Mr. S. K. Bhatter's Bistonian.
Mr. A Higgins's Dinos
Mrs. L. Musry's Teller.
Hon'ble Mr. Shantidas Askuran's Staff Officer and Dopatta.
Mr. N. D. Bagree's High Hill.
Mr. M. D. Petit's Question Mark.
Maharaj Mansingh of Jaswantgarh's Cartoon.
Mr. P. B. Avasia's Bachelor's Bard.
Lt.-Col. Zorawar Singh and Raja Dhanrajgir's Raghubeer.
H. H. Maharaja of Kashmir's Karaway.
Mr. Eve's Heritage, Provence Rose and Harem.
Mr. Gem's Grecian Orb.

FINAL ENTRIES.

Mr. N. D. Bagree's Court Card.

THE LINCOLN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.
Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

First Entries.

Mrs. M. Clarke's Irish Broadcast.
Messrs. A. Hoyt and A. J. Hoyt's Cymro.
Mr. Kelso's Fairford and Knight's Adventure.
Messrs. B. M. Goculdas and T. G. Khattau's Mananna.
Mrs. J. E. Malone's Kilfinane and Skavala.
Mr. J. E. Malone's Sherwood.
H. H. Maharaja of Kolhapur's First Impression.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's Glanely.
Mr. Diamond's New Radnor.
Hon'ble Mr. R. Gujadhur's Winking.
Messrs. R. Chamria and A. Higgins' Kahapa.
H. H. Maharaja of Parlakimedi's Good Biz.
Mr. Diamond's Grenadier.
Mr. N. D. Bagree's Fourth Estate.
Mr. M. D. Petit's Silvertoff.
Mrs. C. H. Northmore's Shell Out.
Mr. H. M. Dharamsey's Garraveen.
Mr. Gemini's Havana II and Episode.
Mr. Sion F. Nessim's Cyprus City.
H. H. Maharaja of Kashmir's Rigoletta and Tobralco.
Mr. E. S. Godfrey's Myrrh.
Mr. Eve's Misty Dawn.
Mrs. Roan's Paper Boy.
Major A. W. Monoly's Philostrate.

Final Entries.

Mr. M. D. Petit's Natbay and Hippy Buchan.
Mr. S. Askuran's Comprehension.

THE BHAMBURDA PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.
Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

First Entries.

Mrs. M. Clarke's Golden Prince, Luna and Mytilus.
H. H. Maharaja of Idar's Velociter.
H. H. Maharaja of Kolhapur's Soltero and Greek Gem.
Major A. W. Molony's Low Tide.
Mrs. A. Higgins's Rimmon.
Hon'ble Mr. Shantidas Askuran's Generous.
Mr. E. D. Pandole's Menado.
Nawabzada Fakrulmulk of Bhopal's Mister Atkins.
Maharaj Mansingh of Jaswangarh's Perseverance.
Mrs. R. H. Tucker's Prince Philippa.
Mr. A. Lookmanji's Poor Marten.
H. H. Maharaja of Parlakimedi's Ballyneil.
Mr. V. G. Mohan Rao's Pumpkin Pie and Brilliance.
Mr. Gemini's Diomedol.
Mr. Sion F. Nessim's Goblin.
S. S. Akkasaheb Maharaj's Irish Right.
H. H. Maharaja of Rajpipla's Bold Bandit.
Mr. Eve's Sweet Briar and Kingmaker.
Mr. Gem's Ladyal.

Final Entries.

Mr. R. P. Ebrahim's Picaro.
Mr. A. Moosaji's Hero Worship.
Mr. Moosa J. Mahomed's Donna Rosa.

THE ALL INDIA PRODUCE STAKES.—Distance 7 furlongs.
Winner Rs. 4,000; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 500. For Indian Horses, three, four and five years old only (i.e. Horses foaled in 1933, 1932 and 1931).

First Entries.

Mrs. D. P. Johnstone and the Earl of Shannon's Gray Girl.
Maj. D. D. Nimbalkar's Prince Shivaji.
Mr. Diamond's Savonette.
Nawabzada Yemin-ul-Mulk of Bhopal's Catapult.
Mr. R. H. Tucker's Honey Boy.
Mrs. C. H. Northmore's My Dear.
Mr. K. S. Malkani's Tetford.
Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy's Vigilant.
H. H. Maharaja of Kashmir's Sansolini and True Man.
Mr. Eve's School for Scandal.
Messrs. A. H. Ahmedbhoy and A. M. Khairaz's Columbian.

THE POONA ARAB STAKES.—Distance 1½ miles.
Winner Rs. 1,700; second Rs. 600; third Rs. 250.
For Arabs which have not won a race value Rs. 2,000 or over previous to 31st March, 1936. W. A. reduced 5 lbs.
Allowances—Maidens 7 lbs. Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

First Entries.

The Chief of Miraj Jnr.'s Safradon Beg.
H. H. Maharaja of Kolhapur's Jai Bhawani II, Ace of Hearts and Gay Life.
Mr. Diamond's Reform.
Nawabzada Fakrulmulk of Bhopal's Pompeius.
Mr. S. E. E. Sassoon's Prosperity.
Mr. H. R. Somekh's Bachelor Boy.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's Shogat Aziz.
Mr. Syed Mahomed's Ingel Jara.
Mr. A. H. M. Amin's Jawad Pasha.
Mrs. K. T. Sampat's Firpo.
Mr. Sayid Baqi Sayid Ahmed's Orkhan.
Mr. Ismail Ebrahim's Jarrada.
Mr. Mahomed Jamoor's Al Barmaki.
S. S. Akkasaheb Maharaj's Saif Antar.
H. H. Dowager Maharani of Kolhapur's Virkumar.
Mr. K. H. Irani's Turkish Prince.
Lt.-Col. Zorawar Singh and Raja Dhanrajgir's Alharith.
Mr. Mahomedalli's The Knut.
H. H. Maharaja of Kashmir's Nur Jehan and Golden Crown.
The Thakore Saheb of Rajkot's Havana.
Mr. Abdul Mohsin Ahmed's Lookman.
Messrs. Ali Khan and M. A. Khudabux's Isfan.

Final Entries.

The Chief of Miraj Jnr.'s Thank You.
H. H. Maharaja of Kolhapur's Almas.
Mr. K. T. Sampat's Bahadur al Iraq.

THE DEALERS' NEW PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.
Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs. 1,100; third Rs. 500. For Arabs imported from the country of foaling on or after 1st July 1933, W. A. reduced 7 lbs.

First Entries.

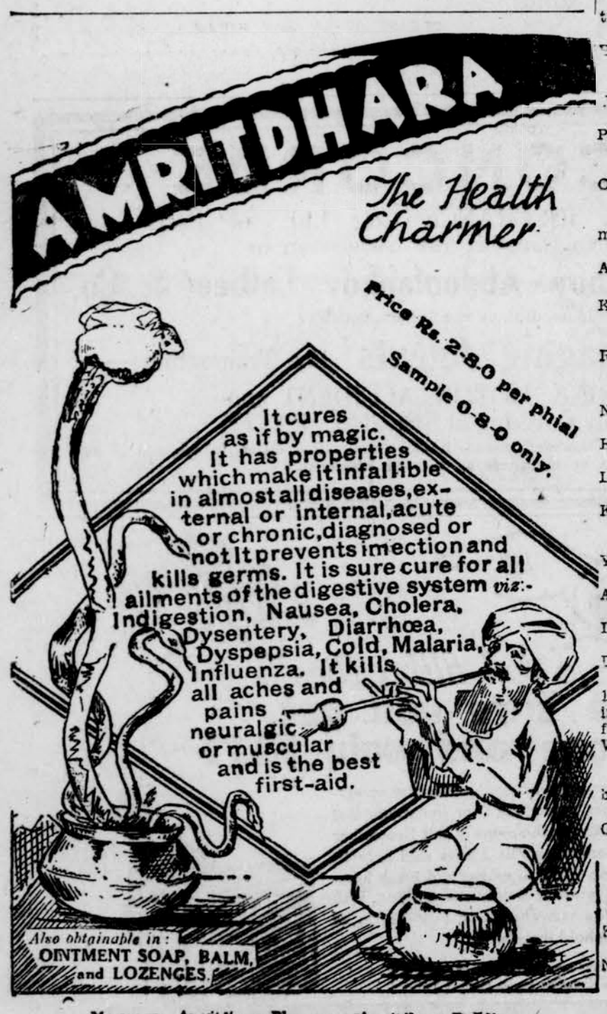
The Chief of Miraj Jnr.'s Mahboobat Tarick.
H. H. Maharaja of Kolhapur's Gay Life and Shar'a al Na'aman.
Mr. Diamond's Turf Boy.
Mr. P. E. Avasia's Kananah.
Mr. Gay's Nissiril Iraq.
Mr. Syed Mahomed's Ingle Tara.
Haji Rashid Fadhoos's Bani Khasraj.
Messrs. M. D. Petit and Dr. J. J. Naegamvala's Jewan.
Dr. J. J. Naegamvala's Yasvant.
Mrs. K. T. Sampat's Firpo.
Mr. K. T. Sompati's Bahadur al Iraq and Al Muqbil.
Messrs. K. T. Sampat and J. R. Kasperkhan's Munir al Iraq.
H. H. Maharaja of Kolhapur's Hamra Nafea and Gani.
Mr. Mahomed Jamoor's Al Barmaki.
Mr. Hamid Jamoor's Zaim Shammar.
Mr. M. H. Ahmedbhoy's Saif al Iraq.
S. S. Akkasaheb Maharaj's Layiq Pasha and Saif Antar.
Lt.-Col. Zorawar Singh and Raja Dhanrajgir's Gold Mine.
H. H. Maharaja of Kashmir's Nur Jehan and Golden Crown.

Final Entries.

Mr. K. H. Irani's Turkish Prince.

Kill Kidney Trouble Quick

Thousands of sufferers from Kidney trouble and Bladder weakness have stopped Getting Up Nights. Leg Pains, Nervousness, Stiffness, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Lumbago, Burning, Itching, Smarting, Acidity and Loss of Vigour by a Doctor's new discovery called Cystex (Siss-tex) Gently soothes, tones, cleans, and heals, raw sore kidneys. In 15 minutes Cystex starts purifying your blood. Brings new health, youth and vitality in 48 hours. Guaranteed to end your troubles in 8 days or money back. At all chemists


AMRITDHARA
The Health Charmer
Price Rs. 2-8-0 per phial
Sample 0-8-0 only.
It cures as if by magic. It has properties which make it infallible in almost all diseases, external or internal, acute or chronic, diagnosed or not It prevents infection and kills germs. It is sure cure for all ailments of the digestive system viz:- Indigestion, Nausea, Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Dyspepsia, Cold, Malaria, Influenza. It kills all aches and pains neuralgic or muscular and is the best first-aid.
Also obtainable in: OINTMENT SOAP, BALM, and LOZENGES.
MANAGER, *Amritdhara Pharmacy, Amritdhara Buildings, Amritdhara Road, Amritdhara Post Office, Lahore.*

Sole Agents for Bombay Presidency: CHIMANLALL P. SHAH, Princess Street.

BHANGIS VOICE THEIR DEMANDS

Meetings In City And Suburbs Criticise Broach Municipality

A public meeting of the Bhangis was held on Sunday evening near Foras Road under the auspices of the Central Bhangi Committee to observe the Bhangi Day.

Several speakers including Mr. Solanki spoke on the grievances and demands of Bhangis working in Bombay and other municipal towns

A resolution was passed asking the Municipality of Broach to give full effect to the award of Mr. Amritlal Thakkar.

The meeting further condemned the assault alleged to have been committed by a sanitary inspector of Andheri on a Bhangi working under him and asked the Municipality to take prompt and disciplinary measures against him.

Our Dohad correspondent writes: Bhangi day was observed on Sunday and two meetings were held in Dohad and one at Limdi village.

The attitude of the Broach Municipality and its President was condemned at Dohad mass meeting attended by about 750 people.

At all the meetings sympathy was extended to Broach, Bhavnagar and Borsad sweepers in their legitimate demands.

OLYMPIC GAMES END IN BERLIN

Hitler Witnesses Closing Ceremony In Floodlit Stadium

BERLIN August 16

Herr Hitler was among 100,000 spectators assembled at the floodlit stadium this evening to see the closing ceremony of the Olympic Games. As dozens of searchlights built a dome of light over the stadium, the Olympic Flame which has burned since the games began was extinguished and the Olympic Flag was slowly hauled down, while the silent crowd stood and gave the Olympic Salute.

After a minute's silence a voice broadcast through loudspeakers said, "I summon the youth of the world to Tokio", (where the next olympic games are to be held.)

The crowd finished the ceremony by singing the national anthem and the Nazi Horst Wessel Song.—Reuter

INDIAN FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION HONOURED

The Indian Football Association Calcutta, which is the premier Football Association in India and which is the only Football organisation in India to be affiliated to the Football Association of England, has now received the signal honour of being recognised by the world body, as intimation to this effect has been received by it from the Federation International de Football.—"The Hindu".

Empire And British Heavyweight Titles

(SPECIAL CABLE).
LEICESTER, Aug. 17.

Petersen defends the Empire and British Heavyweight titles in a 15 round contest against South African Benfoord to-night.

Petersen is a slight favourite.

OLYMPIC POINTS

(SPECIAL CABLE)
LONDON, Aug. 17.

The Olympic points are based as follows:—Three points for gold medal, two for silver and one for bronze.

Germany 181 points; United States 124 points; Italy 47 points; Finland 39 points and France 39 points.

Great Britain is tenth with 29. India with three points is joint twenty-third with Latvia, Mexico and New Zealand.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST TAMIL NADU P. C. C.

(Continued from Page 2.)

discriminate and careful policy in regard to selection of candidates and by securing all means to refuse the aid of Congress machinery for personal or communal ends, the honour and prestige of the Congress are enhanced my purpose would have served and I shall regard my act of disobedience as an act of sacrifice. If all that the Congress authorities feel needful to do is to take disciplinary action against me or others I shall have deserved it fully. But there is already evidence of the real problem forcing its way to serious consideration.

NOT PERTURBED

I am not much perturbed by the orders of enquiry and action promptly issued by the President from Simla. I am doing my best to save the Working Committee from taking disciplinary action against me. I have resigned long ago my membership of the local District Congress Committee. I have tendered my resignation of my membership of the Legislative Assembly to the leader of the party. By way of abundant caution, I have also offered to Mr. G. D. Birla, my resignation of Presidentship of the Harijan Sevak Sangh, I trust I can serve my country by retirement from Congress politics till such time as my entry there may be deemed advisable. It is no hypocrisy to state that all this has cost me much pain but I counted it all before I took the step.

TRIBUTE TO "C. R."

The climax of this episode, however, is the retirement of the greatest Congress leader of South India whose integrity of purpose and honesty of motives have always been the admiration of his worst enemies and political opponents. That his unmerited affection to me should have been the cause of his retirement is my profound regret. I have never disobeyed him in my long association with him for over twenty years. It has been my fortune to have shared with him, though in a far lesser degree, all the joys and sorrows of Congress life. I know he had made up his mind to do what he has done, but, if I acted thus in spite of it, it was in the belief that my apparent indiscipline was necessary for maintaining the fair name of the Congress which is a greater motive than individual loyalty. There is yet time for Mr. C. Rajagopalachar to reconsider his decision in the interest of All-India and in response to requests of his coworkers. But, for me, my act is done and I must abide by the consequences.

MISSIONARY GAGGED

QUILON, (By Mail.)

Mr. M. P. Joseph, District Magistrate, has served an order under Section 26 of the Travancore Police Regulation on Mr. T. C. Chacko Sastry, a Christian Missionary of Thalavady, prohibiting him from addressing public meetings for a period of 15 days in this district.

The order stated that his speeches were likely to lead to an estrangement of feelings between Hindus and Christians and thereby cause a breach of peace.—United Press.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

6-5 Asad Ali Khan. Khayal Puria Dhanasri. Ghazal. "Khud ziabar jo ik jalwa-i-mastur na ho Ainakhana-i-alam men kahin nur na ho." Jigar).
6-20 1st News Bulletin and Weather Report. (Hindustani).
6-30 1st News Bulletin and Weather Report. (English).
6-40 Malang Khan. Sur Bahar—Puria.
6-45 Nawab Bai of Bombay. Thumri Hamir Kalyan. Ghazal, "Button ne ya khuda ne mar dala. Mhabat ke bhane mar dala." (Hafeez).
7-0 Ghulam Farid. "Asan haqiqi hai na koi saihl majazi. Maalum hui rah-i-mahabat ki darazi." (Hasrat).
7-10 Asad Ali Khan. Thumri Khammaj.
7-20 Nawab Bai of Bombay. Dadra.
7-25 Ghulam Sabir. Sarangi—Tilak Kamod.
7-30 "For Villagers Only."
8-30 Talk (Hindustani): "Students and Military Training." By Lieut. Haider Khan.
8-45 A.I.R. Orchestra. "Boatman's Song." "Mallah ka Geet."
8-55 Ghulam Farid. "Izhar-i-haqiqat koi dushwar na kar de. Paband-i-rasum-i-rasan -o-dar na karde." (Hafeez).
9-2 Nawab Bai of Bombay. (a) "Ghungarwa baje." Thumri Behag. (b) "Lat khole ataria par thari." Dadra.
9-15 2nd News Bulletin and Weather Report. (Hindustani).
9-30 2nd News Bulletin and Weather Report. (English).
9-45 Talk (English): "Delhi in Summer." By H. Clinch.
10-0 An Orchestral Concert. By Peter Mendoza and his Band. Nora De Monte, Mezzo Soprano.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

4-30 a.m. Big Ben. The William Bowmass Trio.
5-0 "A Mrs. Gamp Episode." by V. C. Clinton-Baddeley.
5-20 The B. B. C. Empire Orchestra.
6-10 The News and Announcements. Greenwich Time Signal at 6-15 a.m.
6-30 Closing Ceremony of the Olympic Games. From the Olympic Stadium, Berlin.
6-45 Close down.

Bombay Programmes

VUB 350.9 metres, K55 kc/s.

1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. A Programme of latest Dance Numbers. ("H. M. V." Recording).
2-0 Talk: "The Three Mandates." By Diwan Bahadur Sir T. Vijayaraghavacharya, K.B.E. Relayed from Rotary Club.
2-30 Light Music. M. M. Tarabadkar.
3-15 The V. U. B. Indian Orchestra.
3-30 Light Music. Vinayakrao Harshe.
4-0 School Broadcasting. Talk (Marathi): "Mountain Regions of Northern India." By A. N. Sane.
4-15 p.m. Talk (English): "Journeys from Bombay to Calcutta." By C. V. S. Shastri.
4-30 Talk (English): "Favourites." By Hilda Flanders.
5-15 Bombay University Convocation Address by Sir Robert Bell. Relayed from Convocation Hall.
6-45 The Continental Quintet.
7-45 Talk (English): "Air Eddies from London." By Sybil Armitage.
8-0 The General Motors Symphony Orchestra. Conducted by Erno Rapee, Josef Hofmann, Pianist.
9-0 News in English.
9-10 Commercial News and News in Hindi.
9-30 A Concert. Indira Wadkar, Sumati Wadkar. With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla.

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6.109 kc/s.

12-36 p.m. SB A Studio Programme by Taylor's Gramophone Saloon.
1-36 Kathakata. By Raghu Nath Bhattacharya.
2-6 p.m. Musical Selections.
2-36 Talk (Bengali): "A Page of the Past." By Bishnu Sarma.
3-6 Time Signal.
Close down.

5-36 Time Signal. Children's Hour Conducted by Majiddi.
6-36 Music Training for Beginners. By P. K. Mullick. Light Bengali Songs.
7-51 SB News in English.
8-6 SB The Calcutta Orchestra. Conducted by S. Das.
8-16 A Detective Story.
8-36 SB Religious Song. By Uttara Devi.
8-51 SB General News Bulletin.
9-6 SB Talk (English): "One of the Masterpieces of Dickens—Our Mutual Friend." By C. F. Hooper.
9-26 SB A Musical Interlude (Orchestral).
9-36 SB A Song Recital. By Ivy Armont—Operatic Soprano.
10-6 2nd News Bulletin, Weather Forecast, Market Prices. Jute and Gunny Closing Rates. (In English).
10-21 SB Light Orchestral Selections.
10-36 Time Signal. Close down.

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 842 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Bhajan. By A.I.R. Artists.—Chorus. (Accompanied by A.I.R. Orchestra).
8-10 Asad Ali Khan. Khayal Bhibas.
8-20 A.I.R. Orchestra. Dadra Bhairvin.
8-25 Ghulam Farid. "Tire bande ham hain khuda janta hai. Khuda jane tu ham ko kia janta hai." (Mir Taqi).
8-32 Ghulam Sabir. Sarangi—Dhun Jaunpuri.
8-35 Nawab Bai of Bombay. Thumri Bilawal. Dadra.
8-45 Talk (Hindustani): "Indian Civilization." By Parkashwati.
9-0 Duet: "Sweet Nothing." "Hamen dam de ke santan ghar jana." By Gulzar Bai and Asad Ali Khan.
9-10 Haidar Husain of Jaipur. Sitar—Dhun Sarang.
9-15 Nawab Bai of Bombay. Jealousy. "Piya papi na jage jagae hari. Jagae hari main manae hari Auran sang piya hasat bolat Ham se na bolen manae hari."
9-25 Ghulam Farid. Qawali. (Assisted by A. I. R. Artists).
9-40 Asad Ali Khan. Khayal Gaur Sarang. Thumri Madhmad.
9-55 Jam pila. Sabiri—Sarangi. Mukerji—Violin. Sardar—Violin.—Tufail—Tabla.
12-30 p.m. Indian Recorded Music.
1-30 A Musical Comedy Programme. Recorded.
6-0 A.I.R. Orchestra. "Mandara ghar."

(Continued in Col. 5.)

Take **SANATOGEN**—then you will not feel so **"nervy"**

Weak nerves are starved nerves. Not dangerous yet, but a condition which usually becomes worse unless something is done.

The nerves must be fed, and that is exactly what SANATOGEN does

Sanatogen *feeds* the nerves and thus strengthens them in a perfectly natural way.

Give your nerves Sanatogen and that tired "nervy" feeling will disappear entirely. That listlessness, those sleepless nights and lack of appetite—all symptoms of weakened nerves—will soon be forgotten. You will feel healthy again and ten years younger. Fresh red blood will flow through your veins, putting rosiness into your cheeks and bringing a sparkle into your eyes.

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SANATOGEN

The True Tonic Food

Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazars.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Adhik Bhadrava Shud 1, 1992
Muslim: Jamadiul Avval 29, 1355
Parsi: Aspandarmad 17, 1305
Hightide: 0-26; 12-51
Lowtide: 6-19; 18-56.
Sunrise: 6h. 20m.
Sunset: 7h. 5m.
Congress Parliamentary Committee meeting at 2 p.m.
Arrival of Congress President and Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan at 2 p.m. Victoria Terminus.
Municipal Corporation meeting at 4 p.m.
University of Bombay: Annual Convocation, H.E. the Chancellor presiding, 5-30 p.m.

Wednesday, August 19.

University Senate, 1-0 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH.

"NARAYANDAS MEGHJI VALLABHDAS (BABUBHAI) younger brother of Mr. Jamnadas and Mr. Kabali died at Miraj yesterday morning.

JAIN HOLIDAY.

To-day (Tuesday) being the Jain Holiday (Shree Mahavir Swami's Birthday Celebrations, Sthanakvasi), the market will remain closed.

THE EXCELSIOR
AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
MADELEINE CARROLL
PETER LORRE
JOHN GIELGUD
ROBERT YOUNG
In the Super Spy-Thriller
"SECRET AGENT"
Directed by ALFRED HITCHCOCK

REGAL
DAILY AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Ned SPARKS
Gordon HARKER
IN
TWO'S COMPANY
"A triumph of comedy and laughter. Littered with witty lines and funny situations."
Also
OLYMPIC GAMES 1936.

CAPITOL
DAILY at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

The Greatest Animal Trainer
Clyde Beatty
IN THE JUNGLE THRILLER
DARKEST AFRICA
Also Pictures of the
OLYMPIC GAMES 1936

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Darkest Africa." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Fury." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"The Country Doctor". Time as usual.
EXCELSIOR—"Secret Agent." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Sultana Chandbibi". Daily at 5-15, 8-0 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jivan Lata." Daily at 5-15, 8-0 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti". Daily at 5-15, 8-0 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Savkari Pash." Time as usual.
MINERVA—"Saed-e-Havas." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"The Story of Louis Pasteur". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Little Miss Marker." Time as usual.
PATHE—"Sylvia Scarlett." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Two's Company". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Achhut Kanya." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Prabhu-ka-Pyara". Daily at usual time.

SOCIAL WORKERS' TRAINING CLASS

The Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Tuesday), at the Social Service League's Head Office at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon. Mr. S. V. Parulekar will deliver a lecture on 'The Indian Labour Problem' at 6 p.m.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION.

Prof. M. R. Parakh, will meet his students in French beginners to-day (Tuesday), at 6-15 p.m. in the University Building South Wing.

Dr. B. P. Hivale, Rev. Fr. H. Llorens and Prof. B. M. Mehta, will meet their students, as usual.

STUDENTS MEETING AT CHOWPATTY

A meeting of the Students and Citizens of Bombay will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Blavatsky Lodge, Chowpatty, to condemn the attitude of the 84 Senators, who have forwarded a censure motion against the 4 Senators, who sympathised with the recent Matriculation Students Demonstration Mr. Indulal Yagnik will preside.

BOMBAY DIVISIONAL CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE

The Bombay Divisional Co-operative Institute offers itself to render service by arranging some Magic Lantern lectures on 'Co-operation' in different centres of Bombay and Suburbs, during the ensuing 'Ganpati Festival'. Those desirous of availing themselves of the opportunity should see the Propaganda Officer, between 9 and 10 a.m. or write to the Hon. Secretary of the Institute, c/o Servants of India Society's home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, Bombay.

EDUCATIONAL FILM SHOW AT REGAL

The Motion Picture Society of India will show Education films to-day (Tuesday), at 2-45 p.m. (S.T.) at the Regal Theatre. The show is arranged for the fellows of the University, members of the Municipal Corporation, local members of the Bombay Legislative Council and the Central Legislature, teaching staff of the local colleges, members of the Motion Picture Society of India and others interested in educational films.

LATE ARCHBISHOP LIMA.

St. Andrew's Church, Bandra.—On Wednesday the 19th instant at 7 p.m. there will be in this Church a Solemn Officium Defunctorum at which the Right Rev. C. Ghezzi, S.J., Administrator of the Diocese has kindly consented to officiate, and on Thursday the 20th idem, a Solemn Requiem Mass to said at 6-30 a.m. for the repose of the soul of our deeply lamented late Archbishop Joaquim R Lima. Mons. Remedios will deliver the funeral oration.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N. Y. K. Steamer "Genoa Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on the 14th August, and is due to arrive here to-morrow (Wednesday) morning at 10-0 a.m.

The outward P and O Mail steamer "Ranpura" with the Mails from London of 6th instant arrived at Aden at 11 a.m. on the 16th idem and left there at 4 p.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 7 p.m. on (Thursday), the 20th instant.

The "Ranpura" will sail from Ballard Pier for China and Japan at midnight the same day.

Steamer Clan Macbrayore left the Suez on (Friday) evening.

AIR MAIL POSTAL NOTICE

As the Imperial Airways East-bound plane due to arrive Karachi to-day (17-8-1936) has been delayed for 24 hours, the London India air mails which were due to be received in Bombay on the night of 18-8-1936 will be received here on the 19th August 1936 and issued for delivery by the Bombay G.P.O. at 8-0 a.m. on the 20th August 1936, in the ordinary course.

The latest hours of posting air mail correspondence for Hyderabad Deccan and Madras at the Bombay G.P.O. will be as shown below:—

Ordinary Correspondence 7-15 hours on 19th August 1936.

Registered Correspondence 17-0 hours on 18th August 1936.

TWO BOYS TO HANG

Murder Of A 7-Year-Old Child For Ornaments

For the sake of paltry ornaments worth Rs. 10, two boys of Anawarde village in East Khandesh District killed a 7-year-old boy and paid the penalty for their heinous crime by receiving the death sentence.

The case came up for confirmation before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Wassoodev at the High Court, who dismissed the appeal preferred by the first accused and refused to interfere with the sentences passed on both the accused.

DECOYED THE VICTIM.

It appeared that on March 2, 1936, the deceased Jammu, aged 7, went to the village 'dharamshala' to play with other boys who were there. The two accused, were there with a view to entice away some of the boys to rob them of their ornaments.

At first they tried to entice one boy named Dagdu on the pretext of taking them to a 'tamasha', but failed. Then they persuaded the deceased to accompany them, by offering him an orange—a temptation to which the little boy readily succumbed.

ACCUSEDS' DISAPPEARANCE

As the boy did not return home till late in the evening, enquiries were started and it was found that the two accused had disappeared the same day.

Suspicion naturally fell on them and acting on a certain clue, a party of men sent by the Police Patil traced the first accused at his sister's place in a neighbouring village. On the pretext that his step-mother had suddenly taken ill in Anwarde village, they persuaded him to return. A silver wristlet belonging to ceased was recovered from him. On his confession, the second accused was traced in a mountain. Both the accused then showed the dead body of their victim in a stream near the village.

DEATH SENTENCE

Both the accused made confessions which they later retracted at the trial. The assessors, by three to one, found both of them guilty of murder and the Sessions Judge sentenced them to capital punishment.

In confirming the death sentence, their lordships observed that there was no extenuating circumstance in favour of the accused, and in spite of their youthful age, they must pay the extreme penalty of the Law.

SIX VILLAGERS TO HANG

Sequel To Rioting And Murder

SHOLAPUR, (By Mail.)

Six accused Topanna Chanabasappa, Sangappa Peerappa, Sidappa Shwabalappa, Laxman Rama, Malkappa Peerappa and Farid Bawasahib who were tried before the Sholapur Sessions Court on charges of rioting and murder of a man of their own village have been sentenced to death.

Revansid Peerappa, the seventh accused, in the case, who is only 17 years of age has been sentenced to transportation for life.

All the accused are residents of Hotgi, a village about six miles away from Sholapur. The prosecution case was that there existed a long standing enmity between the Parties in the village. There were often quarrels and litigation. The accused, it was alleged, together with the leader of their party, Shivappa, conspired to murder the deceased, Rewappa, the leader of the other party.—A. P.

WALK-OUT IN BOMBAY CORPORATION

Offshoot Of Byculla Temple Sabha Mandap Question

There was a mild sensation in the Municipal Corporation on Monday when all the Muslim Members, about twenty in number, except Mr. Meherali, withdrew from the Corporation Hall, as a protest against the attitude of the Mayor in not allowing the discussion on the report of the Committee of the Corporation regarding the question of opening negotiations with the authorities of the Maruti Temple near the Byculla Bridge and of the Mosque thereat, in the matter of the construction of a Sabha Mandap at the Maruti Temple.

Walk-Out

After some items of July agenda were gone through, Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, the Mayor, reverted to the June agenda, and the first item to begin with, was No. 59, regarding the Sabha Mandap at Maruti Temple. The Mayor called upon some Councillor to move it, and asked, "Who moves the proposition?" He enquired three times but since no one got up to move the proposition, he declared it dropped and proceeded to item No. 60.

At this stage, Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan got up and wanted to speak on item No. 59, but the Mayor asked him to sit down as the House was on item No. 60. Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan then withdrew and along with him all the other Muslim Councillors withdrew except Mr. Meherally.

The question of construction of a Sabha Mandap at the Maruti Temple is now nearly seven years old and still it remains unsolved. When the improvement of the Parel road, running through Byculla was taken in hand by the City Improvement Trust, a portion of the temple was involved in the acquisition of the land belonging to the temple and it was resolved by the Corporation on 1st August, 1929, to retain Maruti Temple and the Shiva Linga on their present site the whole temple including the Sabha Mandap to be built by the Bombay Improvement Trust at their cost by way of compensation for the portion of the temple demolished. In March, 1932, the Improvements Committee resolved to reconstruct the portions of the Sabha Mandap and Pujaris' quarters at the cost of the Trust. On the 18th December last the Municipal Commissioner proposed to spend Rs. 3,000 for the construction of these items when a resolution was moved by Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan that before constructing the Sabha Mandap it was desirable that efforts should be made to arrive at a satisfactory settlement to both the parties and the Municipal Commissioner be requested to open negotiations with the authorities of the temple and the mosque. The Committee appointed to bring about the settlement suggested to raise the height of the compound-wall between the temple and the wall and to request both the communities to continue good relations that existed for over half-a-century. The Muslim members of the Committee dissented from these recommendations.

On Monday the recommendations made by the Committee having dropped, the original recommendations to construct the Sabha Mandap and the quarters for the Pujari would now remain.

TAX ON INCORPORATED COMPANIES.

The Corporation then considered the report of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee regarding the proposal for levying a tax on the incorporated companies transacting business within the city. The Committee recommended that in these times of trade depression it was not desirable to impose tax on incorporated companies. The Municipal Commissioner, however, opined that a tax on companies would, no doubt trench on Government income to a certain extent, and the Government of Bombay have already made it clear that they would not support any proposal for new taxation which was likely to do so. But in view of the precedents existing in Calcutta and Madras the proposal was one which might reasonably be adopted and recommended to Government.

Mr. Mathradas Tricumji moved to adopt the report of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee, but the House agreed to the amendment of Sir J. B. Boman Behram to refer the question to Retrenchment Committee for further consideration.

TODDY SHOP NEAR SHRINE.

The Corporation then considered a petition, signed by 300 residents of Sewree, protesting against the opening of a toddy shop near the shrine of Mahapurush. The Medical Relief Committee recommended to record this protest. Dr. J. N. Choksy moved in terms of the recommendation of the Medical Committee.

Mrs. K. M. Munshi moved an amendment to inform the Collector of the protest against the proposed toddy-shop near a temple and to request him not to grant permission.

Mr. K. F. Nariman seconded the amendment.

Mr. E.R. Hirjibehdin said that since Government did not take notice of the protests sent by the Corporation, it was no use sending further protests.

The amendment was agreed to as a substantive proposition.

The House then agreed to the following resolution of Mr. K. T. Shah without discussion:—

That a committee consisting of the Councillors (named at the meeting) be appointed to consider the following matters, viz.:—

(a) The advisability of maintaining the Plant and Machinery Depreciation Fund and making annual provision on account of the same from Municipal Revenue.

(b) The reconsideration of the assessment of such residences occupied by their owners themselves or their agents, which are calculated to have a rental value of Rs. 200 per month or over with a view to introduce a graduated and progressive rate of assessment on the same within the limits prescribed by the Municipal Act.

(c) With a view to take advantage of the present low rate of interest in the Money Market the conversion of the outstanding debt of the Municipal Corporation or such portion of it as is open to be converted at the option of the Municipal Corporation or is owed to Government, and also the extension of the term of such loans so as to reduce the burden on Municipal revenue.

(d) Raising of a special loan for the purpose of providing school buildings so as to economise on account of rent for school buildings now payable by the Corporation; and

(e) Such other methods for increasing the resources of the Municipality as may be practicable.

That the said Committee be requested to make their report in time to be incorporated in the Budget proposals for the next financial year.

The Corporation adjourned till to-day 3-30 p.m.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By: A SUBURBAN MAN)

The demand for better roads has been widely made throughout the suburbs and it is being met step by step by various municipalities and local boards.

A correspondent complains about the deplorable condition of the Bassein Road. He says: "The four mile road leading from the Bassein Road railway station to Bassein town is quite unfit for motor traffic as no substantial repairs have been carried out this year. This road is partly maintained by the Town Municipality and partly by the District Local Board, Thana, but in pre-reform days the part that is now controlled by the District Local Board, Thana, was a provincial one and was looked after by the Public Works Department and kept in a pretty good condition."

The correspondent adds that he is given to understand that when the boon of local self-government was conferred upon the people the District Local Board made representation to Government and obtained control by assuring Government that the road would be kept in good condition.

I hope the local bodies concerned will look into this matter.

INSTALMENTS PAYMENT TO CONTINUE.

The Parle Municipal Board at their meeting yesterday discussed whether tax payers could continue to pay their dues by instalments.

Mr. G. R. Desai remarking that there was nothing to prevent the granting of the concession of payment by instalments, moved that the system be continued in the manner in which it has hitherto been in existence. This however, caused a lot of opposition but after further discussion the House finally carried Mr. Desai's proposition.

RECEPTION TO NIMBKAR

A public meeting of the Municipal Workers will be held in the Foras Road Gardens, near the Chuna Bhatti Mill at 5-30 p.m. to give a reception to Mr. R. S. Nimbkar, the General Secretary of the Union. The meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday) under the presidency of Mr. S. H. Zabhvala.

The result of some of the cases discussed in the last interview with the Dy. City Engineer and the Mechanical Engineer will be read out in the meeting. Mrs. Maniben Mulji Messrs. V. B. Karnik, Y. K. Kondvikar, B. V. Deshpande and others will speak.

IN AND AROUND BOMBAY

(FROM OUR STAFF CORRESPONDENTS)

Railway Facilities

The suggestion that on Saturdays the down suburban trains should run till a later hour in the night than at present has much force. It would be better if such trains were run on holidays and not merely on Saturdays. In the morning hours, it is noticed on the B. B. & C. I. Railway line, that some empty trains are sent to the suburbs to cope with the morning rush of passengers. It is suggested that some of these fast trains should also carry passengers. There is not a single down fast train in the morning. A fast train at about the "office time" will, therefore, be much appreciated by the travelling public, as a number of students going to the Andheri College and schools in Bandra and beyond, will, no doubt, take advantage of such a facility. And daily a number of people go to the courts in the suburbs from the city. These considerations justify the running on the line of a down fast train, in the morning.

Why This Deposit?

The exact purpose for which the deposit of one rupee is demanded with every new season ticket issued, has for some time puzzled the passengers. If the pass is found to be misused, the ticket-examiners either collect the excess fare or in more serious cases take the matter to a court. It is further clearly stated on the ticket. "In the event of this (ticket) being lost, a fresh ticket will be issued only on payment of full charges and fresh deposit." Even that concession of not furnishing a fresh deposit is denied to those unfortunate passengers, who may lose the pass for any reason. For all practical purposes, therefore, from the point of view of the passenger, this rupee collected in the pious name of a deposit, is as good as lost. The Passengers and Traffic Relief Association would do well to collect the statistics, for the past year, of cases where the deposit was forfeited on account of misuses, of cases where the deposit was refunded and of cases where the deposit has lapsed and was forfeit to the two railway companies in Bombay. This is an unjustifiable charge on the passengers who have to pay somewhat heavy fares, and there does not seem to be any justification for the collection of deposit. The sooner this collection is stopped, the better would it be for the passengers.

PEASANTS IN KARNATAK

Congress Committee Discusses Agrarian Report

(From Our Correspondent.)

HUBLI, August 17.

The Karnatak Provincial Congress Working Committee met at Dharwar yesterday and was attended by District representatives including Mr. Joshi, Narayanrao, Mrs. Kamaladevi., Messrs. Diwakar Haldipurkar and others. Mr. Gangadharrao D. B. Lathe, Dr. Hardiker also attended.

Direct representation in Congress for Kisan Sabhas, Trade Unions and similar organisations was discussed. Only Mrs. Kamaladevi favoured such representation. Reports on Agrarian problems received from Mangalore and Dharwar districts were read and the Secretary was authorised to draw a report for submission to the A.I.C.C.

Mr. B. M. Burli was appointed inspector and auditor of Congress Committees in Karnatak. The office-bearers of the Provincial Parliamentary Committee were elected.

Mr. Narayanrao Joshi, as Chairman, Mr. Hukkerikar and Dr. Hardikar as Secretaries and Dr. Huilgol as Treasurer. It was resolved that in addition to Rs. 50 subscription, Rs. 75 be taken from each Congress candidate for the forthcoming election Central Office Propaganda work.

Mrs. Kamaladevi will address a meeting at Hubli in the evening.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1936

CONGRESS WEEK

Bombay City will hum with Congress activities for the next few days. Eminent leaders like Babu Rajendra Prasad, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and C. Rajagopalachari are to arrive in the city this morning and the Congress President later in the afternoon, and the people of Bombay may be trusted to give them a rousing reception. The Khan Saheb, in particular, we have sorely missed for two long years and his return to the city where he got his last conviction will doubtless be the occasion for affectionate demonstrations wherever he goes. He is no longer a mere provincial leader. All India acclaims him as one of her foremost leaders, fit at any time to adorn the Congress gadi. He is as dear to the people of Bombay as he is to those of his own province, and his very sufferings serve to endear him all the more to Indians everywhere. He is a shining example of selfless patriotism, of unalloyed loyalty to Congress. By these qualities and his remarkable capacity for organisation he has made himself a source of inspiration and power which Government themselves fear, for else they would not have banned his visit to his own native province. The great value of his work in his province deserves to be specially noted at a time when many eyes are turned towards the legislatures.

Election Manifesto

At the various Congress meetings to be held during the week the subject that will engage the greatest attention is the election manifesto. It should be remembered in this connection that the manifesto cannot be something altogether new and unexpected. The Lucknow Congress resolution on the subject called upon the A.I.C.C. to draw up a manifesto "explaining the political and economic policy and programme of the Congress in conformity with the resolutions passed by it from time to time." The resolution allows Provincial Congress committees to "supplement the manifesto by adding thereto specific items which have special application to their respective provinces," provided that all provincial manifestoes are to be approved by the Working Committee, it being understood that the supplement is in no way inconsistent with any Congress resolution. As the manifesto is thus to be in consonance with the past resolutions of the Congress, there is little room for controversies except on matters of detail. The most controversial question is about acceptance or non-acceptance of office. The Lucknow session left this question "to be decided by the A.I.C.C. after consulting the Provincial Congress Committees." But we doubt if all or many Provincial Committees have so far expressed their final views to the A.I.C.C. On this and other grounds the A.I.C.C. will in all probability leave this question to be decided by the next Congress session. The fact seems to be that the pro-acceptance as well as the anti-acceptance party thinks that time will work in its own favour and is accordingly not opposed to the postponement of the final decision on the question. As for the public, they are content to treat this question as one of parliamentary tactics and to leave it to the discretion of any competent Congress body, without making their support to Congress candidates conditional on acceptance or non-acceptance, so long as in any case the new Constitution is to be rejected.

Need For Discipline

Not the least important question before the A.I.C.C. is that of maintaining perfect discipline in Congress ranks. So far as the Trichinopoly episode is concerned we expect that it will be amicably settled. Though the statement issued by Dr. Rajan is not calculated to facilitate a settlement, considerations of wider interest, which both Mr. Rajagopalachari and Dr. Rajan cannot but appreciate, will make a settlement both obligatory and feasible. The questions at issue here are more or less personal and are for that very reason capable of being settled easily. But harder is the problem of Bengal's attitude towards the Communal Award. While the Congress is pledged to policy of neutrality towards the Award, the Bengal Congress Committee is almost unanimous in demanding that the Congress should definitely reject it. The latest reports from Calcutta are most welcome in so far as they refer to the happy settlement of the long-standing disputes in the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee; but they are ominous indeed in so far as the United Committee holds out a threat that, if the Congress does not modify its attitude towards the Award, it will defy the Congress decision in this respect both in the legislature and outside it. The position is certainly serious but we must refrain from saying more about it till we know fuller particulars about the Bengal Committee's attitude.

The Spirit Was Missing

Four years ago when it was decided to hold the 1936 Olympic Games at Berlin, some anxiety was expressed whether a Nazified Germany, with its open professions of race superiority, would provide a proper atmosphere for this international sporting event. Some months ago it was known that Jewish athletes had been specifically excluded from the German teams and, as a protest, many American organisations refused to participate in these games. Meanwhile it had also become manifest that the German authorities were definitely trying to utilize the occasion not so much for the creation and fostering of international goodwill as for parading the glory and greatness of Nazi Germany. Non-official organizations in many countries, including India, advocated a boycott of these games. The Berlin Olympics, however, were held according to schedule and have now come to an end. The Indian hockey eleven won the championship for the third time and the Indian athletes, too, acquitted themselves creditably. These are matters of pride for us. But, in the light of facts revealed by the Special Correspondent of the London *Daily Herald*, Indians would doubtless generally wish our sportsmen had not been sent to Berlin. The American negro sportsmen, it appears, were insulted by German newspapers, wrong results were officially announced and foreign Press representatives were kept under Secret Police vigilance. More details would no doubt be available in mail papers but even these allegations are sufficient to indicate that the proper Olympic spirit was missing from Berlin.

"Criminal" Tribes

The annual administration report on the working of the Criminal Tribes Act in the Bombay Presidency for the year ending 31st March, 1936, shows that the total population of the Criminal Tribes settlements was 8,183 as against 8,199 in the previous year, and that the population in the free colonies was 7,099 as against 6,865 in the previous year. The slight increase in the population in the free colonies and the slight decrease in that of the settlements shows that the pace of emancipating the poor people branded wholesale as criminal is hardly fast enough. The report speaks of the difficulty of keeping all the adult men and women in the settlements employed owing to economic depression. But having kept them under restraint, Government must somehow find suitable work for them. A redeeming feature of the whole system of dealing with these backward tribes is the compulsory education for both boys and girls in the settlements. If more attention is paid to varied vocational training for them, it may be hoped that ere long they will all be free citizens capable of earning their own bread.

"PLACING" OF UNEMPLOYED GRADUATES

Japan's Example—An Incentive To India

(CONTRIBUTED.)

I.

The problem of educated unemployment in India has at long last begun to grip the country. The phase of academic discussion of this grave social "malaise" is now well nigh over, and a tardy beginning is being made to devise practical remedies. The publication of the Sapru Report on unemployment conditions in the United Provinces, and the objective study of various aspects of the problem made in it have quickened the conscience of the country with regard to its obligations in the matter, and, in almost all Indian provinces, a willingness to do something tangible for combating unemployment is now very much in evidence.

The problem is simultaneously being tackled on two fronts. On the one hand, the victims of this social evil, the educated unemployed youths of the country, are slowly abandoning their erstwhile attitude of helpless passivity, and beginning to show commendable initiative in securing openings for themselves. The unemployed Bengali Oxford Graduate who took to boot-blacking and toured the principal cities of India plying his trade and glorying in the dignity of labour, be it of the lowliest variety, may have resorted to the demonstration more as a gesture than by way of seriously taking up the boot-black's trade—nevertheless, the action was symbolical of the new spirit of sensible adjustment to changed economic conditions animating the youth of the country.

Governmental Efforts.

On the other hand, the various provincial Governments also are trying hard to tackle the problems of educated unemployment. The different Provinces, no doubt, are applying themselves with differing degrees of interest to the task; and, speaking generally, it may be said that Bengal, the United Provinces, the Punjab and Madras have been more active than other Provinces in this sphere. Government activities in this context range over a fairly extended field. Without attempting a detailed enumeration, a few of the more conspicuous examples of such activities might be given here. The initiation of a "Back to the Land" movement, the setting up of agricultural colonies, the allotment of land, apart from colonies as such, on easy terms to educated youths willing to settle down as "gentlemen farmers," the starting of new vocational institutions, the imparting of a strong impetus to small-scale industries like soap-making, umbrella-making and manufacture of knives and surgical instruments—these are some of the more notable of the activities recently sponsored by Governments that readily suggest themselves to the mind in this context.

Appointment Boards.

But there remains yet another remedy to which the Sapru Report attaches considerable importance; the reference here is to employment bureaus for the "placing" of the educated unemployed. After fully going into the pros and cons of the subject, the Sapru Report has recommended the setting up of Appointment Boards for the five Universities of the United Provinces, including its technological institutions. The aim of the Boards is to facilitate the employment of university graduates in the various professions and occupations for which they are fitted by their university training. It is the duty of the Boards to collect and distribute information regarding appointments suitable to the products of the universities, and to establish and organise means of communication between candidates for such appointments and the persons or bodies making the appointments.

The importance assigned in the Sapru Report to employment agencies and methods of "placing" is by no means new to India. The I.L.O., which makes a speciality of the study of the problems of unemployment, and of which India is a member, had years back taken occasion to direct attention to the necessity of establishing employment bureaus and adopting "placing" methods for relief of unemployment in general. Yet, the progress registered in India in this respect has been very disappointing, and this has to be attributed in the main to apathy and inertia, born of ignorance. Japan, where "placing" activities have yielded valuable results offers a remarkable contrast to India in this respect. According to "Industrial and Labour Information" (issue of 4-11-1935) a weekly publication of the I.L.O., in 1934 out of 33,491 graduates turned out by 217 Japanese uni-

(Continued on Page 10.)

Palestine Problem

The Jewish Drive Must End

By A BRITISHER
II.

Colonel Josiah Wedgwood, M.P., well sums up the British objective in Palestine in a passage in his booklet: "The Seventh Dominion", where he says: "With pipe line and railway debouching at Haifa under Carmel, the British fleet can look after the Near East in safety and comfort. Egypt does not want us, we have no friends there. Palestine is essentially a place where we require a friendly and efficient people, men on whom we can depend because they depend on us. The Jews depend on us."……

It is a well-established fact that the British Government in 1917 drafted the Balfour Declaration declaring Palestine a Jewish National Home under pressure from the Jewish financial and industrial oligarchy led by Lord Bearsted, Lord Rothschild, Sir Alfred Mond (afterwards Lord Melchett), the Sassoons and others, as a reward for their services during the war. Mr. Lloyd George, the then Premier, stated in an article on Jewish Settlement in Palestine that "Jewish settlement started practically 70 years ago with Mr. Moses Montfiore's experiment in 1854, another war year. The Sultan of Turkey had good reasons for propitiating the Jews then as the Allies have also in 1917."

Jewish Drive

In Article XXII of the Covenant of the League of Nations and in the terms of the Mandate itself which was granted to Britain, the question of the safeguarding of the rights and privileges of the existing Arab population was strongly stressed. In view of the great uneasiness expressed by the Arab Nationalists through their delegation to London these views were re-affirmed in a Government White Paper No. 1700 in June, 1922.

But in 1923 when the Mandate was confirmed, there commenced a tremendous drive for raising funds internationally for the settlement of an ever-increasing mass of Jewish immigrants and for the purchase of land for settlement. "From being a home for a limited number of persecuted Jews we see emerging the idea of Palestine, the Home of the Jews, propaganda for the establishment of the "Judentaat," the growing demand for the "Rebuilding of the Temple" in place of the present great Mosque Aksa in Jerusalem, as advocated in the Jewish Encyclopaedia, and also reiterated by Lord Melchett, who stated that "I intend to devote the rest of my life to the rebuilding of Solomon's Temple in the place of the Mosque Aksa."

Revisionists' Demands

Amongst the demands put forward by the "Revisionists" led by Captain Jabotinsky are:—

(1) Legalisation of Jewish defence in Palestine.

(2) Establishment of Jewish Military Units incorporated in the Palestine Garrison under British command and maintained out of the Palestine Treasury.

(3) Disbandment of the Transjordan Frontier Force.

(4) Reorganisation of the Police Force involving the employment of purely Jewish police detachments in Jewish-Arab areas.

(5) Removal of all restrictions against Jewish colonisation being carried into Transjordania.

During the past twelve years approximately 100 million pounds has been devoted to the colonisation efforts of the Jewish Agency in the purchase of land, subsidisation of settlers, including maintenance for settlers for the first 12 months of their immigration, erection of factories, houses, schools, etc.

Arabs Elbowed Out

In 1917 the number of Jews in Palestine was 55,000. At the present time there are nearly 400,000. At the present time the Jewish settlers own over 400,000 acres of arable land out of the total cultivatable area of 1,250,000 acres. During the same period the Arab population has increased from approximately 600,000 to 800,000 at present. Land held by the Arabs has diminished from the average pre-war level of approximately 30 acres per family to 20 acres per family. During the same period unemployment of Arab peasants and workers rose to over 27 per cent of the population, whilst Jewish unemployment figures are stated by Professor Weizmann to be 5 per cent.

Restrictive measures are instituted by many sections of Jewish enterprise against employment of Arabs on Jewish agricultural concerns, and against participation in the Jewish cultural and economic organisations, such as co-operatives, clubs, etc. Membership of Histadruth (Jewish Confederation of Labour) has been made almost prohibitive to Arabs with the exception of the inclusion of railway and postal workers. Of these there has been approximately 400 Arab members organised in the Histadruth.

When, as far back as 1930, the Hope Simpson Commission, appointed to enquire into the circumstances leading up to the Wailing Wall incident, made its report, it stated that of 86,900 Arab families, 29.4 per cent. were landless.

Simpson's Warning

In presenting his report to the Labour Government, Sir John Simpson summed up the situation in the following words:—

"Any hasty decision in regard to more unrestricted Jewish immigration is to be strongly deprecated, not only from the special point of view of the interests of the Palestine population as a whole, but even from the special point of view of the Jewish community. So long as widespread suspicion exists, and it undoubtedly does exist, among the Arab population, that economic depression, under which they undoubtedly suffer at present, is largely due to excessive Jewish immigration ..... there can be little hope of any improvement in the mutual relations between the two races. It is upon such improvement that the future prosperity of Palestine must largely depend."

It is significant that this point of view was endorsed by the Labour Government, but was almost immediately recanted following an exhibition of big stick waving by Lord Melchet. Mr. Weizmann,

(Continued on Page 10.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

ALL-INDIA KISAN DAY.

The All-India Kisan Conference has decided to celebrate an All-India Kisan Day on the 1st September to bring the grievances of the peasants to the notice of the Government and the public alike and "to demonstrate the organised strength and determined efforts of the peasants to achieve their minimum demands." The grievances of the Kisans are undeniably numerous and need to be brought to the notice of authorities concerned in a thoroughly organised manner, if any impression is to be made on them. We feel confident that Congress Committees and other bodies interested in the welfare of the kisans will all help to make the Kisan Day a complete success. The Day's demonstrations should be followed by work of a more lasting character such as the formation of Kisan Unions wherever there is need for them and maintaining close contact between them and the local Congress Committees. Such contact will be helpful both to the Congress and the kisans.

BARE JUSTICE

The Bombay Municipal Corporation deserves to be congratulated upon its decision to increase the house rent allowance of the menial staff from Rs. 4 to Rs. 7 per month, and to give them certain travelling facilities. It will be, however, more correct to call this recommendation a restoration rather than an increment, as the allowance was reduced to the present level only in 1933, when rent-free accommodation was provided for the staff in some of the Improvement Trust chawls. For various reasons, only a comparatively small number availed themselves of the free accomodation, and thus the decrease in the rent allowance has been a pressing grievance for the last three years. The question, indeed, did come before the Corporation more than once before this, but for one reason or another the grievance had not been removed so far. The present decision is but an act of bare justice towards the most poorly paid members of the municipal service.

WANLESS TUBERCULOSIS SANATORIUM.

The friends and relatives of a large number of patients visting Sir William Wanless Tuberculosis Sanatorium at Miraj are put to unnecessary hardship due to the attitude of the authorities of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Company. The sanatorium is situated between Miraj and Sangli, a distance of three miles. The Medical Superintendent of the Sanatorium represented thrice to the Chief Commercial Manager, S. M. Railway, to have at least one flag station near the sanatorium so that the friends and relatives of the patients, who number more than a hundred throughout the year, may have a chance of getting down from the train and going to the sanatorium without waiting for the bus or a tonga which costs over a rupee. It was also proposed that the local sub-postmaster would act as a ticket master and nothing more than the construction of a small platform was required. The public of Sangli and Miraj as well as the relatives and friends of the patients offered to pay the full fare for this convenience, viz, two annas which is charged between Miraj and Sangli. The request was also made that out of eight trains, only three trains should stop at the station. But the Chief Commercial Manager, M. and S. M. Railway has sent a laconic reply expressing regret and stating that there is no justification for the opening of a flag station at the site proposed. In the interests of the patients and their relatives, who will have to undergo needless inconvenience by this refusal of the management of the M. and S. M. Railway, we trust the Railway Board will look into the matter.

DEPLORABLE TACTICS

Prominent women Congress workers of Punjab have lost no time in denouncing the unprovoked and reprehensible attack on them and their co-workers by Bhai Parmanand in his daily, "Hindu." Referring to the remarks contained in his article they characterize them as unworthy of a man "who is supposed to occupy such a high position in our country and who not only represents one-third of the Punjab in the country's highest legislature but also professes to be the head and saviour of Hindu India." Our Punjab sisters, however, need not have taken Bhai Parmanand so seriously. Haunted as the communalists are by the fear of being routed by the Congress at the forthcoming elections, it is not surprising that Bhai Parmanand and his friends should be indulging in such tactics.

WOMEN VOLUNTEERS

We have no doubt the appeal issued on behalf of the Rashtra Seva Dal to the women of Maharasntra and elsewhere, for enrolling themselves as volunteers for the ensuing session of the Congress will meet with a prompt and widespread response. The Womens' Volunteer Corps is one of the most prominent features in the annual Congress gatherings, and their discipline and devotion to service are not a whit less than those of the men volunteers. The Maharashtra women, who have been in the forefront of Congress activities all those years, will surely not lag behind now, and they can be, therefore, trusted to do their best to make the Faizpur Congress a success.

Gubernatorial Visits And School Children

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I happened to read in the newspapers dated 2nd August, 1936, on the train, that during the recent visit of the Viceroy to Benares, schoolboys and girls were made to line the route and had to stand along the roadside even during drenching rain. I was then on my way to Simla, to attend a Select Committee meeting of the Legislative Assembly, and could not write to you earlier. On return, I have read more on the subject. I now learn that the same sort of thing is being repeated during the Governor's visit here now in progress.

The whole idea of schools and colleges being closed and the students lining the route, because a Governor or Governor-General is passing that way is very wrong—unless, indeed, the Governor or Governor-General has rendered some exceptional service to the public, and the schools and colleges voluntarily and eagerly take part in a general popular demonstration of kind feeling towards him. Command performances and artificially engineered displays are worse than useless. It would be useful for the general public to know whether, in the cases under reference, the exhibition was really genuine and spontaneous, and, if so, for what exceptional services rendered by the gentlemen sought to be thus recompensed and gratified with exceptional honour. If not spontaneous, but under orders, it would be very useful for the general public to know who is the official with whom the idea originated and who issued the orders. It would also be useful to know if the Governor-General and the Governor, and especially their ladies, approved of such exposure of children to the sun and rain. These boys and girls standing in the burning sun or drenching rain of August, which even hardened village-people avoid, can scarcely be expected to imbibe much 'loyalty' with the sun and rain; probably the reverse. Were the parents of these children consulted, on whom

(Continued on Page 10.)

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WITHOUT COMMENT—

He said that a line had been drawn at those persons who were beyond redemption—groups of job-hunters and self-seekers,—who thought of nothing but personal aggrandisement at the expense of the community. Such persons would receive no quarter in the League.

—Mr. Jinnah in a speech at Lucknow.

Dr. Zia-ud-Din interviewed said that he never received any invitation from Mr. Jinnah to attend any meeting of the Parliamentary Board either now or before.

—Aligarh report.

* * * *

The private estates of the Negus in Abyssinia have been confiscated by the Italian authorities and will be divided among the Black Shirts who have decided to colonize in Abyssinia.

And one wonders whether this is the last or the first chapter in the "Exploits of the Black Gang." (Which, by the way, is not an inapt title for a history of the Italian conquest of Abyssinia).

* * * *

"If faced with the choice of profits or peace," says President Roosevelt, "America must reply: We choose peace."

Ironic applause from the bosses of Wall Street—busy at the moment counting profits gained in the Italo-Abyssinian War!

* * * *

Anglo-Indians and Their Handicaps.

—Headline.

One of these prefaces them.

* * * *

Writing about the Moonje-Ambedkar negotiations regarding the conversion of Harijans to Sikhism, a writer in "The Statesman" (of all papers!) says: "The whole affair bears an unpleasant analogy to the Hoare-Laval proposals, which shook another country from end to end, not quite a year ago."

To say that, however, is too great a compliment to a still-born political stunt, of which no one took any serious notice.

* * * *

Protest Against Parmanand's Excommunication.

—Headline.

No. You have guessed wrong. Bhaiji is still safe within the fold.

* * * *

Speaking at Calcutta, Bhai Parmanand declared that if Bengal was "to unsettle the settled fact of the Communal Award, they must have the support of a united Hindu India behind them."

As symbolized, of course, by Bhai Parmanand?

* * * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS.
(Contributed by our Junior Colleague).

Doctor Ambedkar is the name of a quack physician with his consultation "chamber" on Chowpatty Sands.

Bhai Parmanand is the adopted brother of Big Brother Maulana Shaukat Ali.

Trotsky is a famous Russian musician who composed the well-known tune, "The Wandering Minstrel."

* * * *

Speaking at a gathering of his old students, the Principal of a local College declared: "Do not regard your college as a shop where you purchase education and go away."

More often, it appears, one goes away with only a look at the shop-windows.

* * * *

A firm in New York is hiring out shirts.

The punters, we understand, can get all sizes to fit any horse.

* * * *

The henpecked husband pulled his pipe from his pocket. His wife looked daggers at him.

"But, my dear," he protested, "all great men smoked, you know."

"Yes, Henry," she replied sweetly, "and when you get to be a great man I shan't mind you smoking, either."

MERCHANT'S BRILLIANT PERFORMANCE

(Continued from Page 1.)

worth brilliantly stumped Mushtaq Ali (81—1—52). Mushtaq Ali was batting for 105 minutes and included in his score were seven hits to the boundary.

DILAWAR COMES.

Dilawar Hussain joined Merchant whose score then was 25.

Dilawar Hussain's ugly stance did not detract from the sureness of his defence. After an extremely watchful start, the Indian wicket-keeper hooked a short one from Verity to the boundary. Verity had at this stage been on for 75 minutes and his figures were 14|8|14|1. He was now relieved.

MERCHANT OPENS OUT.

Merchant who had hitherto been batting with the greatest patience —his score after batting for two hours was 34—now opened out and hit two successive fours off Sims. Merchant soon afterwards reached his 50 when he had been batting for 158 minutes. The lunch score was 119 for one wicket.

Attendance had reached to 15,000. Lord Willingdon lunched with the teams. Voce and Allen started the attack on resumption.

Merchant in attempting to drive the last ball of Allen's first over was clean-bowled (125—2). He batted stolidly for 155 minutes and hit 5 fours.

NAIDU OUT.

Dilawar was then 13. He had not increased his score when Naidu gave an overhead catch to Allen at square-leg which was accepted (130—3).

Ramaswamy joined Dilawar Hussain.

Dilawar Hussain was painstaking. He scored only 29 in 75 minutes in contrast to Ramaswamy's enterprising methods.

COLLAPSE COMES.

Verity and Sims sent down extremely tempting deliveries. Sims beat Ramaswamy with a well-pitched ball whereafter a collapse ensued.

The Hussain-Swamy partnership added 55 runs in 50 minutes. Three more wickets fell for ten runs. Sims in the next over trapped Wazir Ali with a straight one and Amarsingh was beaten by Verity's faster ball.

Dilawar Hussain was smartly stumped. He played extremely patient innings lasting 135 minutes.

The second century was signalled in 245 minutes. Jehangir Khan gave the easiest catch at short-leg.

Vizianagram was bowled by a well-pitched ball. Nissar indulged in his usual bright innings, getting three fours off Sims and then gave a skied catch at extra cover.

Indians batted altogether for 265 minutes. Sim's last spell was 7.5|1|40|5.

INDIA FOLLOW ON

With 249 runs in arrear, Indians followed on. Merchant was a changed batsman. Playing enterprisingly he hooked and drove to leg in fine style, especially against Allen. He continued to punish the bowling and sent up 50 in 35 minutes. In fact, he reversed the scoring pace of the first innings and when 61 went up on board, Merchant was 41 and Mushtaq Ali 17.

Hammond made a curious catch to dismiss Mushtaq Ali, the ball shooting from Voce's hands. Merchant was caught at long-leg, off a powerful hook. He scored 48 in 55 minutes and hit five fours.

BREEZY INNINGS.

Amarsingh played a breezy innings and scored 44 runs, including 7 hits to the boundary, in only 26 minutes, Dilawar Hussain meanwhile, taking his score from 2 to 8. Amarsingh was caught at extra cover. In the last over of the day Dilawar Hussain brightened up and hit three fours off Leyland.

In the first innings England's spin bowlers paralysed the Indian batsmen into inaction which exasperated the players into wild hitting. In the second innings, however, they followed praiseworthy methods of hitting boldly when necessary and on the whole fighting with real pluck under adverse conditions. Dilawar Hussain showed resolute defence in both innings, while Merchant distinguished himself with his mastery as well as versatility.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

ENGLAND—1ST INNINGS—471
(For 8 dec.)
Nissar 26/2/120/5.
Amarsingh 39/8/102/2.
Baqa Jilani 15/4/55/0.
Nayudu 24/1/82/1.
Jehangir Knan 17/1/65/0.
Mushtaq Ali 2/0/13/0.
Merchant 6/0/23/0.—Reuter.

INDIA—1ST INNINGS.

Merchant b Allen	52
Mushtaq Ali st. Duckworth, b Verity	52
D. Hussain st. Duckworth, b Verity	35
C.K. Naidu c Allen, b Voce	5
Ramaswamy b Sims	29
Wazir Ali l.b.w., b Sims	2
Amarsingh b Verity	5
Jehangir Khan c Fagg, b Sims	9
Vizianagram b Sims	1
Baqa Jilani (not out)	4
Nissar c Worthington, b Sims	14
Extras	14
Total	222

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Voce	20	5	46	1
Allen	12	3	37	1
Hammond	8	2	17	0
Verity	25	12	30	3
Sims	18.5	1	73	5
Leyland	2	0	5	0

INDIA—2ND INNINGS.

Merchant c Worthington, b Allen	48
Mushtaq Ali c Hammond, b Allen	17
Dilawar Hussain (not out)	33
Amarsingh c Sims, b Verity	44
Baqa Jilani (not out)	12
Extras	5
Total (for 3 wickets)	156

NISSAR & AMARSINGH IMPRESS CRITICS

LONDON, Aug. 17.

Commentators on the Test Match praise the bowling of Nissar and Amarsingh against the brilliant batting of Hammond and Worthington on a perfect wicket, but there is some criticism of the Indian fielding—Reuter.

BHONSALE MILITARY SCHOOL

Site Near Nasik Selected

BOMBAY, Monday.

Dr. B. S. Moonje, General Secretary, the Central Hindu Military Education Society and the Bhonsale Military School has issued the following to the Press:

A meeting of the Governing Body of the Central Hindu Military Education Society was held yesterday at Sardar Griha, Bombay, Shreeman Pratap Seth, Chairman, presiding.

Members present were: Messrs. M. R. Jayakar, L. B. Bhopatkar, Raja Narayanlal Bansilal, Sardar Chandroji Rao Angre, Drs. G. V. Deshmukh, Hedgewar, and B. S. Moonje.

SITE FOR SCHOOL.

Amongst other matters that were decided, the most important is the fixation of a site of 105 acres 2 miles, beyond Nasik City for the Bhonsale Military School. Pratap Seth and Dr. Moonje have been authorised to take all steps necessary for acquiring the land. Major portion of the land, it is hoped, would be acquired by private sale but for a part of the site selected, the Government will have to be approached for acquisition under the Land Acquisition Act.

A Sub-Committee has been appointed to draft rules for the establishment of life-memberships in the teaching and the training staff of the Bhonsale Military School.

Total amount of donation, subscribed so far, is Rs. 2,25,000.—A.P.

The South Indian Welfare Society's Music School, opposite Nappoo Hall, Matunga, was opened by Mr. K. M. Munshi, on Sunday. Photo shows Mr. K. M. Munshi (centre) with Mr. K. S. Ramchandra Iyer and the Principal of the School, standing behind.

"NOBLE IDEAL OF SERVICE"

Congress President's Exhortation To Wardha Students

WARDHA: August 17.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrived here yesterday evening. He addressed the Marwari Vidyalaya students this morning on his way to Shegaon.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, who presided, gave a short history of the Institution and pointed out that efforts were being made in the Vidyalaya to evolve some system of national education.

NOBLE IDEA OF SERVICE.

In the course of his short speech Panditji exhorted the students to build up body, mind and character and prepare themselves for service to the nation and humanity. He said some might get jobs after education, but that was not a great thing. They must always keep before them the noble ideal of service. The responsibility of the teachers was very great indeed, in order to guide the students on the right lines and make them ideal citizens.

Concluding Panditji said that in Mr. Aryanayakam, the headmaster of the institution, they had a great educationist under whose able guidance the Vidyalaya should soon become an ideal institution. Panditji wished it all success. Panditji later visited the Mahilashram sisters.

LEAVING FOR BOMBAY.

The Congress President left for Shegaon at 9 a.m. with Sjt. Mahadeobhai. Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and Babu Rajendra Prasad left for Shegaon this afternoon. Panditji and Seth Jamnalal Bajaj are leaving for Bombay to-night. Babu Rajendra Prasad is leaving for Bombay by the Bombay Mail.—United Press.

Stop Press

ITALY AND NON-INTERVENTION

ROME, August 17.

Difficulties of Italian adherence to the non-intervention pact are denoted by an official statement following meetings of Count Ciano with the French and British diplomats. It is stated that Italy desires absolute and universal neutrality. Authoritative circles declare that this spirit is not shown by other nations that favour a non-intervention agreement. It is denied that Italy is procrastinating to gain time for her own ends.—Reuter.

H. H. the Maharaja of Jhalawar arrived by car from his South Indian tour on Saturday evening in Bombay.

ST. LEGER CALLOVER

LONDON, Aug. 17.

Following is the St. Leger callover:—

6/4 Rhodes Scholar taken and offered.

11/2 Mahmoud offered; 6/1 taken

6/1 Precipitation taken and offered.

100/8 Raeburn.

20/1 Fearless Fox offered.

22/1 His Grace offered; 25/1 taken.

Place betting:—1/2 Rhomes Scholar wanted.

Evens Mahmoud taken and offered.

Evens Precipitation offered 5/4 taken.

9/4 Raeburn.

4/1 His Grace and Fearless Fox offered.—Reuter's Special.

Artillery Appointment

LONDON, Aug. 17.

Major General, R. H. Carrington has been appointed Major General Royal Artillery, Army Headquarters in India.—Reuter.

Viceroy Congratulates Indian Hockey Team

SIMLA: August 17.

The Viceroy has sent the following message to the Indian Hockey Team at Berlin:—

"Best congratulations. We are all proud of you."—A. P.

SUMMER'S BELATED ADVENT

LONDON, Aug. 17.

Eastern and southern England are basking in the season's first heat wave. On Saturday morning Londoners awoke to the first cloudless hazy day betokening the summer's belated advent. Over the weekend, temperatures climbed slowly to the eighties. Beaches at every resort are crowded. City dwellers, glum after months of sullen cloudy weather, are brightening visibly.—Reuter.

VAGARIES OF BIHAR RIVERS

Chapra M. L. C. Urges "Kist" And Revenue Remissions

(From Our Correspondent.)

PATNA, Aug. 17.

In an exclusive interview to the special representative of the "Search Light" who is touring the flood-devastated area in Saran District Rai Bahadur Birendranath Chakravarti, M. L. C. of Chapra makes a dispassionate review of the flood situation in Saran and makes some important suggestions.

The "strange feature of this year's flood" he says "is that though Goghra did not rise so much as in 1934, yet the havoc caused is more intense and wide-spread than in the previous years. This leads me to suspect that there must be changes in levels both of the Ganges and the Goghra and of the affected areas: otherwise the immense loss cannot be accounted for. It would be better for Government to consider suspect flood situation and to find out the real cause of the immense loss despite the comparatively low rise in the rivers."

He suggests as there is constant danger both from south and west the permanent solution seems to be to put up another embankment with Sluice gates from Sonepore to Raghunathpur.

In the alternative he also suggests that two committees of officials and non-officials should be appointed, one for each of the sub-divisions of Sadar and Siwan to examine the feasibility of taking up all important embankments in charge of Government and to provide sluice gates at important places.

Another suggestion that he makes is to persuade the zemindars to remit their eight annas Kist in the affected areas in view of complete destruction of the rayats' crops due to floods. Government also should remit portion of land revenue in these, areas as has been done by the U. P. Government.

Govt. Relief For Saran Dist.

RANCHI: August 17.

The Bihar Government has placed a sum of Rs. 7,500 at the disposal of the Collector of Saran District for gratuitous relief in the flooded areas in his district. —A.P.

UNITY TALKS TO BE RESUMED

(Continued From Page 1)

would fight the election on the same ticket. The Parliamentary Committee will be considering this question and will try to find a way out which would be agreeable to both parties.

Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant and Mr. S. Satyamurti, who are busy at Simla will be in time in Bombay to join the Parliamentary Committee in giving final touches to the Congress Election Manifesto.

SOCIALISTS' MEETING.

The Executive of the All-India Socialist Party will be meeting in Bombay on Tuesday and thereafter. They will be considering several important issues that are likely to come up before the All-India Congress Committee and decide upon their attitude on each question. It would appear that they will be raising important issues by moving amendments to official resolutions. No private resolution has been sent to the A.I.C.C. office so far.

Pt. Pant For Bombay

SIMLA, August 17.

Mr. Govind Vallabh Pant, Secretary, Congress Parliamentary Committee, left for Bombay today.

Mr. S. Satyamurti leaves on the 20th instant.—A.P.

NO CONFIDENCE IN FOREST MINISTER

RANGOON: August 17.

The Burma Legislative Council granted leave to U Kya to move his motion of no-confidence against the Forest Minister.

The motion will be discussed tomorrow.—A.P.

Indian Civil Liberties Union

PROVISIONAL CONSTITUTION OF BOMBAY BRANCH

On Sunday the 17th of May last, when Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was in Bombay, an informal meeting of a few prominent citizens belonging to all schools of thought was called at the Congress House to discuss the question about the formation of the Bombay Branch of the Indian Civil Liberties Union. As a result of that informal discussion it was considered desirable to refer the matter to a small sub-committee with a view to frame provisional rules and constitution and take such other steps for the formation of the Bombay Branch.

On the 13th of August last the sub-committee consisting of Messrs. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A., R. R. Bakhale, M.L.C., B. G. Kher, S. A. Brelvi and K. F. Nariman met and considered the draft constitution and rules and it was then resolved to enrol members for the Bombay Branch and take early steps so that the Bombay Branch may begin to function as early as possible.

It is proposed to inaugurate the Bombay Branch in the course of a few days during the forthcoming visit of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to this city.

Constitution And Rules

The following are the provisional rules and constitution adopted by the sub-committee together with the enrolment form. The citizens desiring to be members are requested to apply to the Congress House, together with the annual subscription of Re. 1

THE NAME.

1. The organisation shall be called the Bombay Branch of the Indian Civil Liberties Union.

AIMS AND OBJECTS.

2. Statement of Aims. The Bombay Branch subscribes to the Statement of Aims in cl. 2 of the Provisional Constitution of the Indian Civil Liberties Union viz. The Union stands on the general principle that all thought on matters of public concern should be freely expressed without interference. Orderly social progress is promoted by freedom of speech, freedom of thought and expression, a free press, and freedom of assemblage. The aim of the Union shall be to endeavour to protect these rights, as well as other rights of citizenship, from all encroachment and infringement by executive or judicial authority, otherwise than by normal process under the ordinary law; by the issue of ordinances and the enactment of so-called emergency laws, as well as the detention, internment, externment and imprisonment of persons without due trial; and by the tendency of governmental and other agencies to use their powers to curtail the few remaining liberties of the people. To further these aims the Union shall collect facts; make inquiries; publish statements, reports, bulletins, pamphlets and books; organise protests; render legal advice and take such other appropriate and legitimate steps as it may deem necessary.

3. The Bombay Branch shall be affiliated to the Indian Civil Liberties Union and shall conduct its work in accordance with the general principles and programme laid down by the Central organisation.

4. The organisation shall be non party and undenominational.

MEMBERSHIP FEE.

5. All adult persons are eligible to the membership of the organisation upon a declaration to support the aims of the Union and upon a payment of a minimum membership fee of Re. 1 annually.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.

6. The affairs of the organisation shall be conducted by a General Committee composed of not exceeding members elected by the members at the annual meeting every year.

OFFICE-BEARERS AND THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

7. The General Committee shall elect its office bearers, including a Chairman, a Secretary, a Treasurer, a Counsel and such other officers as the General Committee shall deem necessary, and an Executive Committee of 5 to 7 persons. The Executive Committee shall act as the directing body of the organisation and carry out the policy adopted by the General Committee.

8. The General Committee shall meet at least twice a year.

9. The Executive Committee shall meet as occasion requires but not less often than once a month.

10. Vacancies in any office or its own membership may be filled by the Executive Committee until the next meeting of the General Committee.

11. The General Committee may authorise the employment of one or more persons to conduct the work of the organisation, and may provide for the allowance to any of the officers. Such officers shall work under the direction of the Executive Committee, but may in case of disagreement with the Executive Committee refer the matter to the General Committee whose decision shall be final.

ANNUAL AND SPECIAL MEETINGS

12. The annual meeting of the members of the organisation shall be held in the month of . A Special Meeting may be called at any time by the Executive Committee, or by a requisition signed by members addressed to the Executive Committee calling upon them to call such a meeting. At any Special Meeting only such matters of business shall be discussed as are designated by the Executive Committee, or by petition of the members requisitioning such a meeting.

THE QUORUM.

13. The quorum required for conduct of business at the annual General Meeting of the members shall be one-fourth of the number of members. The quorum at the meeting of the Executive Committee of the General Committee shall be one-third of the membership of such Committee.

14. The Principal activities of the local Committee will be to:

(i) Collect facts relating to the suppression of Civil liberties from all available sources as well as from enquiries conducted by it.

(ii) Publish statements, reports, periodical bulletins, pamphlets or books to acquaint the public with the facts relating to such suppression.

(iii) Organise public protests against such suppression.

(iv) Organise vigilance groups to keep watch on occasions when a breach of civil liberty is feared.

(v) Render such legal or other assistance to those who are made to suffer from such supression of civil liberties. But it should be borne in mind that the Union or its local committees are not defence organisations as such and cannot therefore hold themselves responsible for all cases where civil liberties issues arise.

(vi) Maintain regular contact with the central office of the Union and supply it with full particulars regarding its activities.

DECLARATION.

To The Convener, Bombay Branch, Indian Civil Liberties Union, Bharat Insurance Building, 1st Floor Elphinstone Circle, Bombay No. 1.

Dear Friend,

I—have read the aims and objects and provisional constitution and rules of the Indian Civil Liberties Union and agree to be a member of the Bombay Branch of the said Union.

I also agree to pay Re. 1 as its annual subscription.

Date—

MASS MASSACRE OF "REDS"

(Continued from Page 1.)

Britons remain in Spain whereof 200 are in Madrid and 80 in Majorca. Union Jacks are being painted on the roofs of the British Embassy in Madrid and commercial Secretariat as precaution against air raids.

SCOTTISH AMBULANCE TO SPAIN.

The immediate formation of a Scottish Ambulance unit for Spain has been decided upon by Sir Daniel Stevenson, Chancellor, Glasgow University, and other prominent Glasgow citizens.

URUGUAY APPEALS TO AMERICAN POWERS

MONTE VIDEO Aug. 16

The Uruguayan Foreign Minister has telegraphed to all American powers suggesting friendly mediation by them in Spain with a view to ending the Civil War.

He adds that mediatory action might be agreed upon at Washington.—Reuter

MASS EXECUTION OF ALLEGED "REDS"

LISBON, Aug. 17.

Mass executions of alleged "Reds" by Moorish troops continue at Badajaz and hundreds are being rounded up.

If there is no other evidence against them, their shirts are stripped, and if the right shoulder shows bruise it is considered as sufficient evidence that they had fired a rifle.

They are immediately taken to the death-cell ad shot in batches of 20 and their corpses are promptly burned in huge fires.—Reuter.

FATAL AFTERMATH OF WRESTLING 'BOUT

LAHORE, August 17.

The afternoon of a wrestling bout held at a village near Hoshiarpur resulted in one Jat youth being killed and many injured.

Dispute arose over the distribution of prizes for the winner, which culminated in a free fight between rival groups in which "kirpans" and pick-axes were brought into free play. The Jat was hacked to death and many sustained deep gaping wounds by swords.—United Press.

Sunstroke Fatality

HOSHIARPUR, August 17.

A school mistress while walking along a bazaar dropped down dead to-day due to sun-stroke.—United Press.

Rs. 5,000 Face Competition: CLOSING DATE 19th August

Entries Will Be Accepted At The "Chronicle" Office From 10 a.m. To 6-30 p.m. Until Wednesday

Congress Must Give Direct Representation To Labour

A. I. T. U. C. EXECUTIVE DEMANDS JOINT COMMITTEE FOR ANTI-IMPERIALIST ACTIVITIES

The question of co-operation between the Indian National Congress and the Trade Union Congress was considered at the Executive meeting of the A.I.T.U.C. held on Monday afternoon at the Shetye Building, Parel, with Mr. R. Khedgiker in the chair. Prominent among the members present were Mr. Hariharnath Sharma, Mrs. Maniben Mulji, Mr. Narayandas Bechar; Mr. Risbud; Mr. Karim, and Mr. R. S. Nimbker.

The Committee, it is understood, had a very lengthy agenda to consider. After routine work, the Committee took up for discussion, the report from the Congress Contact Sub-Committee appointed at the Bombay Session of the T. U. Congress.

Mrs. Maniben Mulji, the Secretary of the Sub-Committee submitted the report and there was a prolonged discussion over the question of contact with the Indian National Congress and the difficulties in the way of co-operation. After considering the pros and cons, it is understood, the Committee passed a resolution asking the Congress Contact Sub-Committee to meeting the Congress Labour Sub-Committee and insist on direct representation of Labour on Congress Committees; ask for a Joint Committee for anti-Imperialist activities in the country; and press for the acceptance of candidates suggested by the T.U.C. as Congress Candidates in the forthcoming elections to the Provincial Legislatures especially in constituencies where Labour votes are predominant.

The Executive Committee further directed the Sub-Committee to bring about unity between the two bodies without in any way surrendering the basic principles of the Trade Union Congress.

The Executive Committee will be meeting on Tuesday morning to consider the reports of the Retrenchment Resistance Sub-Committee, the Jamshedpur Committee and the Unity Committee.

The Executive Committee will also be considering the question of the relation with the Indian National Congress and discuss the method of popularising the resolution of the T.U.C. on the question of direct representation on the Indian National Congress.

The Executive Committee will further consider the question of capturing Trade Union seats in the Provincial Legislatures and if possible to set up Labour candidates from the general constituencies.

It might appoint a Sub-Committee to draft a Manifesto of the T.U.C. and to collect funds for the election campaign.

PARLIAMENTARY BOARD'S MANIFESTO

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Congress Parliamentary Party's Manifesto it is gathered, contains a short preamble wherein is incorporated a clear declaration of the fundamental policy of the Congress on the basis of which the Congress party seeks the suffrage of the 30 millions electorate in the country. Then the Manifesto proceeds to deal with the programme of the Party with reference to the immediate and fundamental issues relating to the economic and political demands of the country and masses. The Manifesto, it is learnt has laid emphasis, on the programme of the party in connection with the taxation, with particular reference to the protection of the Major and Cottage Industries, the overhauling of the land revenue system, debt redemption and the amelioration of the condition of the masses in the above respects as also in respect of wages and hours of work, etc.

COMMUNAL AWARD.

The Manifesto will not be complete by itself with the above statement of policy and programme as, it will have to make clear the position of the Congress Party with regard to the Communal Award, in order to placate the Congress Nationalists. So far as this portion of the Manifesto is concerned, no decision as to the way in which it could be done, has yet been decided. The Congress Nationalists expect that the Manifesto should state in unambiguous terms that it stands for the rejection of the Communal Award and that it shall instruct its representatives to vote for the rejection of the Award if occasion to record a vote inside or outside the legislature arises. But the members of the Committee are faced with the question of how to accommodate the Nationalists without going against the resolution of the Bombay Congress in respect of the Award. The leaders are anxious to arrive at a satisfactory working arrangement with the Nationalists and they are awaiting the arrival of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President, so that he might give a lead in this regard in the light of the talks he had with Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya.

However enquiries made by the United Press in responsible circles reveal that this question will not create any deadlock as both the Congress and the Nationalist Party leaders have understood the position of each other in respect of the Award.

MASS CONTACT.

The next equally controversial subject that will come up before the Working Committee is the report of the Mass Contact Committee.

It will be recalled that the Mass Contact Committee was appointed with Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram as Secretary in pursuance of the resolution passed at Lucknow session of the Congress. The Provincial Congress Committees have already passed resolutions in reply to the questionnaires issued by that Committee. The recommendations of the Committee will be considered by the Working Committee, and there is likely to be controversy over the question of conceding functional representation to the peasant and Trade Union organizations on the Congress Committees. While most of the Provincial Congress Committees have thrown out the Socialists' suggestion for functional representation, the Socialist members in the Cabinet might urge for representation. There is bound to be considerable differences of opinion on this question.

Socialist Executive

The Executive of the All-India Congress Socialist Party and the anti-Ministry Committee meetings will be held on 18th, 20th and 21st respectively.

POONA RIOT ECHO

52 Persons On Trial

POONA, Aug. 17.

The main case arising out of the April riots in Poona opened before the City Magistrate to-day. In this case 52 Muslims including one Muslim Municipal Councillor and also one Harijan are accused of defying the District Magistrate's order; being members of an unlawful Assembly and assaulting the police on duty.

The accused include eight Muslims already sentenced to long terms in another riot case.—A.P.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

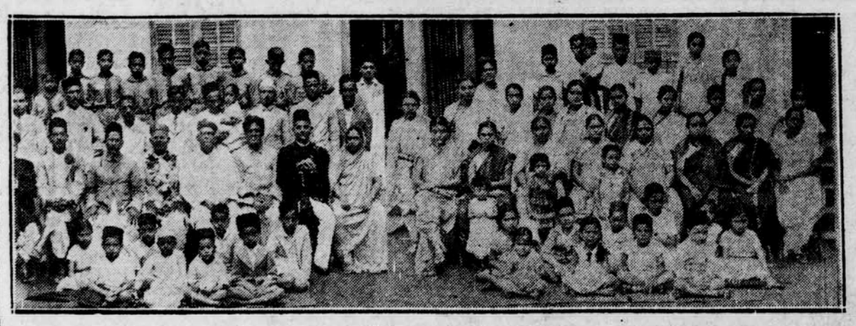
and asking for the proceedings to be forwarded to them.

The Conference took up the subjects which had been discussed by the Standing Committee of Ministers in the morning. A general debate followed in which many Ministers took part. The Conference adjourned at 6-30 p.m. to assemble again at 2-30 p.m. to-morrow when the discussion will be resumed.

His Highness the Maharaj-Rana of Dholpur, Chancellor, Chamber of Princes, is arriving to-morrow morning and it is hoped will be present at the Conference. It is understood that Their Highnesses of Jhalawar, Wankaner and Sachin who are present in Bombay will also attend the Conference to-morrow.

RAKA
THE IDEAL SHAVING SOAP
FOR
THE TOUGHEST BEARD & THE TENDEREST SKIN

FRAGRANT and CREAMY
BENGAL CHEMICAL: CALCUTTA
Sole Agents:
Orient Drug Agency: Bombay 2.



The Mother's Day was celebrated at a public meeting held in the Prarthana Samaj Hall on Sunday under the auspices of the Mother's Day League. Mr. R. N. Desai (garlanded) presided on the occasion.

Indian News From Here And There

SOCIETY WEDDING IN AHMEDABAD

Failure Of Monsoon And Plight Of Mills Cause Anxiety

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, August 16.

The week has passed away without a drop of rain, and people are becoming very anxious about the crops. Reports from villages also speak of miserable conditions that will face us, on account of failure of monsoon. There is still some hope, as there are thick clouds, but for the crops of the season, and especially for rice crop there is no hope now, and poor cultivators are unhappy.

The total number of deaths in the week ending on Thursday last went up to 370, showing an increase of 42 over the preceding week's figures Meningitis, smallpox and measles each claimed one victim and consumption was responsible for 21 deaths.

PLIGHT OF MILL INDUSTRY.

Our mill industry is in a bad plight. Five mills have already closed down, and one will not be surprised, if some more mills follow suit. The Ahmedabad Spinning and Weaving Mills of Shahpur, perhaps, the first mill in Ahmedabad started by the late R. B. Ranchhodlal Chhotalal, the pioneer of the mill industry in Ahmedabad and the great grand father of Sir Chinubhai has closed down. The Bharat Laxmi Cotton Mill of Sheth Ranchhodlal Amritlal has been taken into liquidation and R. B. Ratilal J. Lakhia and Mr. R. H. Daru have been appointed provisional liquidators. The new Maneckchok Mill authorities have put up a notice cutting down the wages of their employees in the weaving department, and it is feared that several other mill agents are also contemplating the lowering of wages. This has created a stir among the labourers, and the Labour Union is trying to see that the Delhi Pact is not violated.

The demand for cloth shows no sign of improvement, and merchants do not come forward to make any purchases, as they are uncertain about the future. In fact, a great deal of anxiety prevails all round. Some mills still go on with their night shifts, and it is high time that mill agents and merchants put their heads together and tried to find out some solution for the present difficulty.

On Monday last, Acharya Anandshanker Dhruva delivered a lecture on the life of Shri Krishna in the Gujarat Vidyapith.

The Centenary of Ramkrishna Paramhansa is being celebrated with great enthusiasm in our city. An elaborate programme has been fixed for the purpose, and celebrations which will commence this afternoon will continue for a week. It will be in the fitness of things of the mission starts a permanent institution in the city.

SOCIETY WEDDING.

The event of the week was the marriage of Sjt. Suhrida son of Sheth Ambalal Sarabhai with Shrimati Manorama, niece of Sheth Kasturbhai Lalbhai. The two mill magnates have good connections all round. The marriage contract was signed in the presence of a large gathering of the elite of the city at Sheth Kasturbhai's residence in Shahibag. After the marriage contract was signed Sheth Kasturbhai treated the gathering to a garden party and there was a cosmopolitan dinner at Sheth Ambalal's at night. The bride and the bridegroom are graduates of the Bombay University and are prosecuting their studies further in England.

The Ahmedabad Law Society which conducts the Lallubhai Asharam Law College in Ahmedabad has purchased a plot of land in the Ellis Bridge and the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the college and the hostel buildings was performed by Mr. Mulchand Asharam Shah. The college which is occupying a hired building at present will be taken to its new building in the beginning of the next academic year.

NEW ARTS COLLEGE

The Ahmedabad Education Society is making serious efforts to start an Arts college in June 1937. At present there is only one arts college in Ahmedabad, and in spite of the meagre matriculation results this year, the First Year Arts classes of the college are full, and it is feared that if another arts college does not come into existence in June 1937 a very large number of students will have to go out of Ahmedabad for higher education. The well-to-do citizens of the city should look to this, and supply adequate funds to the Society to strengthen its hands and to enable it to supply this long felt want.

FIRE BRIGADE AND MOTI MAHAL TRAGEDY

Hyderabad Corporation Debate

(From Our Own Correspondent)

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Aug. 13.

The question of constituting a sub-committee to inquire into the part played by the Fire Brigade in the rescue work on the night of the Motimahal Cinema disaster, came up for discussion at a special meeting of the Corporation, held yesterday.

At the outset, the reply of Nawab Zain Yar Jung Bahadur, which was given on the previous occasion to the question raised by Mr. Amrulla Siddiqui, was read. The reply stated, that in view of the fact of a Special Commission of Inquiry having been appointed by the command of the Nizam, it was not desirable to constitute a sub-committee of the Corporation to examine the question.

The mover stated that this reply had been given at a time when the Motimahal Commission of Inquiry had not yet completed its work. It was not the object of his resolution to examine what the Commission had stated. He particularly wished to elicit in full what work, if any, had been done by the Fire Brigade. The speaker added that if a Sub-Committee of the Corporation investigated the question of the disaster with particular reference to the work of the Fire Brigade, it would enable the Corporation to find out to what extent the Brigade needed revision and improvement. In view of these reasons, the mover commended his resolution once again for the acceptance of the House.

Messrs. Krishnaswamy Mudiraj, Abdul Hasan Syed 'Ali and Mr. Waman Naik, supported the resolution. After further discussion, it was decided that the question of constituting a Sub-Committee of the Corporation should be deferred, till after the submission of the Municipal Commissioner's report.

PRAJAMANDAL REJECTS GOVT.'S TERMS

Committee's Opinions Differ On Question Of Land Tax

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA, Aug. 17.

All the members of the Baroda Prajamandal Committee met yesterday under the presidentship of Dr. Sumant Mehta where discussions lasted till late in the night.

The following agreement, arrived at between the Prajamandal and the Government on the 7th instant was discussed but the Committee rejected it by a majority.

(1) The situation which arose following the prohibition orders issued by the Baroda District Magistrate in June last has come to an end.

(2) The whole question arose out of the objection taken by the Government to formal or informal talks or propaganda in villages on the question of reduction of land tax.

(3) The Government would appear not to have any objection to all other legitimate activities and the Government has no objection to Prajamandal workers, working as before for the welfare of people in accordance with their declared policy and in co-operation with the Government.

(4) There will be also no objection to the Prajamandal conducting inquiries under conditions of study circle in their district offices and in headquarters towns, regarding question of land tax as settled and submitting to Government such conclusions as may emerge.

(5) With this understandings, the Prajamandal workers will continue to work as before on behalf of the people.

DIFFERENCE OF OPINION REMAINS.

After a discussion of about seven to eight hours the Committee passed the following resolution by a majority.

The Government had some misapprehensions about Prajamandal, which have been removed by our representatives but on question as to how inquiry in connection with the land tax should be carried out, difference of opinion between the Prajamandal and the Government still remains. Inquiries of this sort are being carried out almost in all Indian Provinces. This Committee protests against limitations imposed by the Government and resolves that it should take steps to educate public opinion on this matter and then to decide as to when and what sort of inquiry should be made.

Regarding the future programme it was agreed that over and above as usual the Prajamandal work of reliable inquiries should be made in the crop conditions to find out if famine conditions have started.

BAN ON MUSLIM LEADERS

Protest Meetings In Malabar

(From Our Correspondent)

CALICUT, Aug. 14.

Muslims are holding meetings in various parts of Malabar to protest against the prohibitory order issued by the Government of Travancore against Mannu Basheer Ahmed Saheb and other Muslim and Ezuvak leaders restraining them from delivering speeches on Islam and requesting the Government to cancel the prohibitory order.

The Election Board set up recently by the Malabar Thiyyar Association met recently at Tellicherry and it was decided to set up candidates on behalf of the Association in the general constituencies of Malabar.

MOTHER'S DAY IN CITY

Celebration At Prarthana Samai

Mother's Day was celebrated under the auspices of Aryan Excelsior League at the Prarthana Samaj on Monday evening. Chief Justice Sir John Beaumont presided and Lady Beaumont gave away prizes to the children and Service-stars to the scouts.

A variety programme of music was gone through on the occasion. A magic lantern lecture on "Himalayan Travels" was also delivered and children recited verses in praise of "Mother."

The president of the evening was welcomed by Prof. V. G. Rao on behalf of the League at the outset.

The professor said the "Day" was a very popular celebration of the League. Verily "Mother is a mother, the holiest thing alive."

Mr. N. M. Joshi expressed great satisfaction regarding the activities of the League which was educating the masses. He said that it was conducting a nation building activity in following its programme.

The speaker expressed his disappointment of Government regarding their part in ameliorating the conditions of the masses as well as children but whatever the magnitude of the task and the impossibility of private organisations succeeding in it, the little attempted and achieved by the private bodies was to be commended.

The "Mother's Day" celebration was not only instructive to children but to all.

Mr. B. T. Char, Provincial Scout Secretary appealed to the youngmen to become scouts and serve the Nation. Scouting was a Youth Movement engaged in Nation-building activity and was supplementary to a true education.

The Chief Justice said it was a very difficult task to speak on the subject of the evening. No body could gainsay the real importance of a "Mother" to humanity.

Mr. Joshi's idea of the Government's duty in the matter was a laudable one. It was an age in which experiments were being conducted by various Governments and common-wealths in all progressive matters.

He complimented the League on its slow, steady and silent work.

Mr. A. N. Surve moved a vote of thanks to the chair.

Mr. M. N. Talpade the Chairman of the Municipal Schools Committee, supporting Mr. Surve said he hoped the Government would take the cue from Sir John's apt observations and would become a "Mother" to children atleast upto the primary stage of education by introducing compulsory primary education.

Police Official Acquitted

RATNAGIRI, Aug. 17.

Mr. Mundkur, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Ratnagiri, pronounced judgment this evening acquitting Mr. V. D. Pingli, police Inspector, Ratnagiri, who was charged with rash and negligent driving thus causing injuries to eleven persons. The court room was crowded with visitors eager to know the result of the case.—A.P.

MINISTERS MEET

Talks Centre On Text Of Instrument Of Accession

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Standing Committee of Ministers of the Princes Chamber met at the Taj Mahal Hotel at 11 a.m. to-day with Sir Prabhashanker Pattani in the chair.

Representatives of prominent States like Hyderabad, Mysore, Travancore, Bhopal, Baroda, Bikaner and Kashmir were conspicuous by their absence. It is understood, the Committee considered the revised text of the Instrument of Accession to the Federation.

The meeting was adjourned at 1-30 p.m. and will meet again to-morrow.

Later, a meeting of the representatives of various States in India including non-members to the Chamber, discussed the text of the Instrument of Accession.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The following statement has been issued by Mr. M. C. Sharma, Secretary to H. H. the Chancellor, Chamber of Princes:—

A meeting of the Standing Committee of Ministers of the Chamber of Princes was held at the Taj Mahal Hotel to-day at 11 a.m. The following were present:—

Sir Prabhashankar D. Pattani of Bhavnagar in the Chair.

Rai Bahadur L. Kunwar Sain of Jodhpur

Rai Bahadur B N. Zutshi of Rewa.

Rao Saheb Y. A. Thombare of Sangli.

Mr. M. C. Sharma, Secretary to H. H. the Chancellor.

Besides these in the a Khan Bahadur Nabi Bux, Prime Minister, Bahawalpur and Mr. Chunilal Sharma Political Minister, Panna, who could not be present at the meeting, Maj. Shamsuddin Mohammad tion Minister of Bahawalpur and Lt.-Col. Zorawars ngh, Acting Political Minister, Panna, attended with their instructions. Many other Ministers from different States were also present.

The subjects discussed included (1) the draft Instrument of Accession, (2) the constitut Federal Railway Authority and (3) of the Federal Court. The meeting was adjourned till 10 a.m. tomorrow when discussions will be resumed.

REPRESENTATIVES MEET

Over and above the Ministers of the Standing Committee the Chancellor had invited all the States to depute their representatives for discussion on subjects connected with the question of Federation. In response thereto about 40 States sent their Ministers from all over India and they including the Ministers of the Standing Committee held a conference at 3 p.m. Sir Prabhashankar Pattani was voted to the chair.

Mr. M C. Sharma, Secretary to the Chancellor read out a communication from the Maharaja of Cochin regretting his inability to depute any Minister due to shortness of notice and asking for the proceedings of the Conference to be sent to him. Telegrams and letters were also received from the Dewans of Baroda, Dhar, Mayurbhanj, Jaipur Sawantwadi, Sakti, Kotah, Porbandar, Baud, Dungarpur, Sachin and others regretting their inability to be present, many of them sympathising with the object of the conference

(Continued in col. 2)

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EGYPTIAN LOW LIFT WATER PUMP

New Irrigation Device For N. W. F. P.

An Egyptian Low Lift Pump has been installed at the Agricultural Research Station of the North-West Frontier Province at Tarnab, Peshawar and can be seen working there.

This type of pump is made in different sizes. The practicable maximum lift is 5 feet. The pump at Tarnab has a lift of 2 feet, 8 inches and worked by a single bullock delivers 15 cusecs which will irrigate an acre in 1 hour 20 minutes. The cost of the pump fully installed is provisionally estimated at Rs 160.

The draft with the bullock travelling at 1.9 miles per hour is 120 lbs. The efficiency of the pump, therefore, works out at 76 per cent.

The cost of a bullock and a boy working for 6 hours should not be more than 12 annas. The cost of watering an acre will thus be Re. 0-2-8.

The average number of waterings (including the Rawni) that wheat requires in the North-West Frontier Province is 10 inches in all. The cost in bullock labour will thus be Re. 0-13-4 and overheads Re. 0-2-8. As the Irrigation Department charges only half rates for lift irrigation it will actually be cheaper to irrigate by lift than by flow.

USEFUL IN N. W. F. P.

A pump of the nature described will obviously be of great service in the North-West Frontier Province where the hills are never far away. The best example is that of the New Paharpur Canal in the Dera Ismail Khan District. The slope of the country away from the Indus towards the Waziristan hills is 1 in 400. This means that with a 5 ft lift about 220 acres per mile of canal can be commanded. In such a case it would obviously pay to install two sizes of pump, one with the maximum lift of 5 ft. and the other with only half the lift. The latter would command a strip of land 2 1/2 ft.x400 ft., i. e. 1,000 ft. wide and the bigger pump a further band of 1.00 ft. width. A pump delivering 1 1/2 cusecs will command nearly 400 acres. With a bigger sized pump worked by a pair instead of a single bullock these figures can be increased by 75 per cent.

It is anticipated that a heavy demand for these pumps will spring up as soon as the cultivators become acquainted with their possibilities. About 30,000 acres could be brought under irrigation in the North-West Frontier Province by the use of these pumps.

A great advantage of lift irrigation is that the cultivator will be more economical with his water and water logging will be reduced.

UNEMPLOYMENT AMONG THE EDUCATED

Some Suggestion To Remedy Evil

R. N. K. writes:—

Here are a few practical suggestions for solving the unemployment of the educated:

(a) Retiring age for all Indians drawing pay more than Rs. 200 a month should be reduced from 55 to 50 years. If government like, they can retire Britishers also earlier to make room for the younger generation.

(b) Doctors and Advocates in Government service should not be allowed any private practice. This will give work to hundreds of fully qualified M.B.B.S. youngsters who are roaming about the streets of Lahore disgusted with life, or are working as honorary assistants of senior doctors and Indian doctors in the Mayo hospital.

(c) Doctors and Advocates in private practice should stop their business when they are 50 years old or have worked for 25 years.

(Note: Persons released under (a), (B) and (c) above, can do very useful work in the Legislatures, Local bodies and other honorary service to the community.)

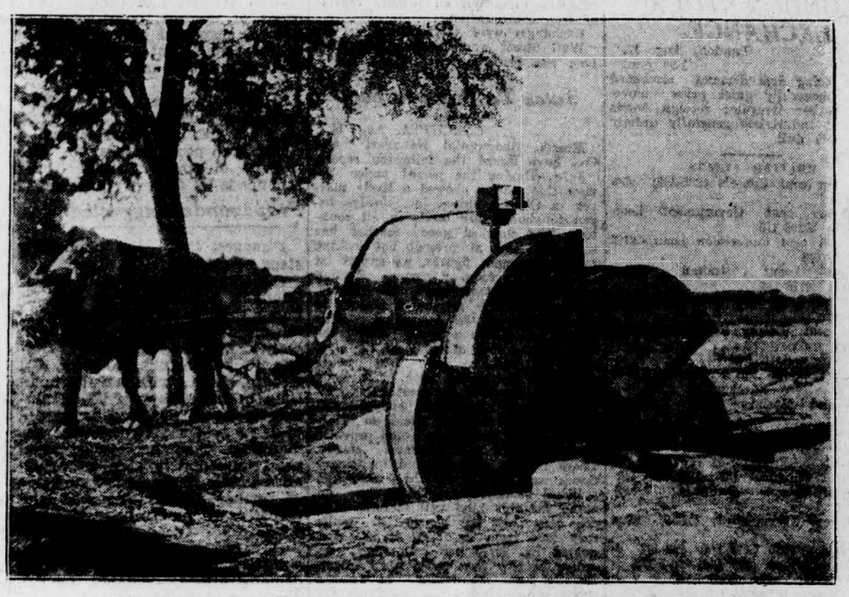
(d) Children of fathers drawing Rs. 500 and more as pension, or Rs. 1,000 or more as pay, should not be given any Government service.

(e) Children of businessmen who pay income-tax on more than Rs. 500 income per month should not be taken in Government service.

(f) Children of landlords who hold twenty squares or more of agricultural land, should not be given any place in services.

5. If the Indian leaders and Ministers are honestly anxious to do something for the educated but unemployed youngsters of the lower middle class, they must see that persons in affluent circumstances, must make sacrifices for such unfortunates; otherwise all talk on this subject should cease.

NEW WATER PUMP FOR INDIAN FIELDS



The Egyptian Water-pump which is described on this page.

From India's Labour Front

From T. U. C. Office ... Plight Of Workers In French India ... Strikes In Match Factory And Press ... Bha ngis Organize

(Issued By The Trade Union Congress)

A meeting of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress Committee was held on Monday to discuss, among other things, the issue of the ensuing elections and labour participation in the same. It was decided unanimously to recommend to the respective Congress Parliamentary Committees the names of Coms. R. S. Nimbkar (Bombay) and D. L. Risbud (Khandesh) as representatives of Labour to be selected as Congress candidates. This decision was taken in view of the T. U. C. resolution recommending to the Congress the adoption of T. U. C. candidates in places where the majority of voters were from the working class. The meeting also appointed a Committee consisting of the following five members to negotiate with the Congress for the adoption of these two names and for discussing the electoral activity. The members of the Committee are (1) Kulkarni (2) Bhogale, (3) Karnik, (4) Khedgikar (5) Chitale. The meeting then passed several resolutions including a resolution congratulating the Spanish workers at their brave fight in support of democracy.

The "United Front Committee" for resisting the retrenchment on Railways has commenced its work in right earnest. Under the auspices of the Committee, no less than four meetings were held at different places and propaganda for organising a huge demonstration on 23rd August was carried on. The B.P.T.U.C. has also issued an appeal to all the workers to participate in the demonstration and it is expected that all the workers will express their sympathy and solidarity with the Railway workers in their fight against the Railway authorities. The Bombay Girni Kamgar Union held two propaganda meetings and passed resolutions supporting the Railway workers' demands.

PONDICHERRY FIRING

We have received a communication from the Madras Provincial Trade Union Congress office giving a detailed account of the struggle of the Pondicherry workers and the firing on unarmed workers carried on by the French authorities. It is reported that many people were dead and several wounded as a result of the firing.

AMBERNATH MATCH FACTORY STRIKE

The management of the "Wimco" factory at Ambernath have adopted an attitude of starving the workers into submission by declaring a lockout and withholding the wages due to them. The following demands in addition to the minor issues which were responsible for the strike in the Box Closing department on 25th July were formulated at a workers' meeting held on 8th August:—

1. The wage-cut of a quarter of a pie in the piece rate of the Box Closing Department which had been in effect since February 1935 should be restored.

2. An all-round increment of 10 per cent. in the piece-rates as well as daily rates (Box Closing Department inclusive) should be granted.

3. The workers employed for loading and unloading of wood and other materials should be paid a rupee a day owing to the strenuous nature of their work.

4. In the Box Closing Department and Peeling Department Time-Rates should be fixed for machines on which the workers are not able to secure the average daily earnings fixed for those departments.

5. The workers of the General Department, whenever they are sent to work as substitutes in other departments should be paid according to the piece-rate fixed for that kind of work.

6. The Company should introduce the system of Provident Fund for all workers.

7. The Company should grant 15 days privilege leave with pay to a worker who puts in a year's service.

8. The rent of the rooms in Company's chawls should be reduced by 20 per cent.

9. The Union should be recognised.

10. Inequitable provisions in the lease of factory's chawls and rules of conduct should be deleted.

11. The Company should not recover on behalf of others anything from the workers that is not directly due to them.

The workers expressed their determination not to resume work unless the above demands were conceded by the Management.

WORKERS' STRIKE IN BOMBAY

The owner of the "Navi Roshani" Press in Bombay having failed to pay the wages of the workers to that press for two months, the workers resorted to strike and have decided not to resume work until they receive their wages. The Lal Bavta Press Kamgar Union is conducting the strike.

STRIKE IN PRINTING WORKS

About a thousand workers in several dyeing and printing works in Bombay have been on strike for the last 15 days. The strike commenced as a result of the maltreatment in a Dyeing and Printing Works. The workers came out as a protest against the same and also in sympathy with some of the workers who were removed from service from the same workshops because they were connected with the Union. The workers have formulated their demands and are determined to carry on the strike till their demands are conceded.

AGRA MILL STRIKE

300 workers of number 2, John Mills, Agra have struck work since August 6.

BEAWAR STRIKE CONTINUES

The strike situation in Beawar remains unchanged. The mill owners are still adamant. The strikers also are equally determined to carry on the fight to the end. It is reported that the workers' plight is aggravated day by day by the impending famine in Rajputana.

BHANGIS ORGANISE

The successful strike of the Broach Bhangis led to an awakening amongst the Bhangis and to efforts at organising them at various places such as Dohad, Bhavnagar, Bijapur, Vile Parle, etc. Demands are being formulated and agitation and propaganda have started for their regularisation and enforcement. The leaders of the Broach Bhangis have issued a statement appealing for the observance of a Bhangi Day on the 16th August. The Broach Municipality has violated one of the important terms of Mr. Thakkar's award by deciding to retrench about 55 Bhangis. The Bhangis of Broach are contemplating resort to direct action as a protest against this retrenchment.

GANESHKHIND DAIRY FARM

A Useful Breeding Centre

(From A Correspondent)

The herd of Red Sindhis at Ganeshkhind Farm owes its origin to a former Governor of Bombay who began getting the herd together and its ownership has since passed from Governor to Governor to the present Governor.

It is believed that the chief reason for starting the herd was to set an example as to how a pedigree herd should be built up and maintained and from which cattle of high standard could be distributed over the countryside for the benefit of the Presidency and adjacent states.

There may not yet be many similar privately owned herds but from this herd a great many animals of very good quality are stated to have gone out to various districts.

Many of those interested in cattle breeding visit the Farm. These visitors are given information regarding the running and maintenance of the herd and dairy.

When the Bulls are used for service outside the herd, no fee is charged.

The herd was originally collected by the purchase of a number of the best animals procurable at the time. From these breeding has gone on with great care with the introduction of new blood when necessary (mainly by introduction of new breeding bulls).

The herd has been immunised against rinderpest.

The Farm at Ganeshkhind lies inside the Government House estate and consists of 22 acres and is run on up to date and modern lines. It produces and supplies all the fodder for the cattle such as maize, jawar, lucerne etc. There is a tower silo in which excellent silage is made.

The dairy is run on business lines but much young stock is kept beyond the economic stage so that it may be available for the benefit of breeders both inside the Presidency as well as the states adjoining.

This is claimed to be the best Sindhi herd in India to-day whether considered from the point of view of purity or of milk yield.

ANIMAL NUTRITION AND POULTRY INSTITUTE

To Be In Working Order Within 18 Months

An enquiry on the lines of that recently initiated into the provision of facilities for the training of candidates for Class I Provincial Agricultural Services in the Provinces, at Delhi, is also being conducted in regard to the provision of facilities for higher Veterinary education at Muktesar, and it is hoped that definite proposal to make these two institutes at Delhi and Muktesar the centres of higher agricultural and veterinary training, will be submitted to Government within the next few months, says a Press Note from Simla:—

In this connection it may be mentioned that the establishment of a separate Animal Nutrition Institute and a Central Poultry Institute, as sections of the parent institute at Muktesar, has been sanctioned, and the work of construction is about to begin. The institutes are expected to be in working order in the course of the next 18 months. The Imperial Dairy Expert's Section has also been separated from the Agricultural Research Institute, and made into a separate organisation. To it will shortly be added a branch for technological research in dairying, which will be carried out at the re-opened creamery at Anand at capital cost of Rs. 3,25,600 and an extra recurring cost of Rs. 20,400.

It may be remembered that the Agricultural Commission expressed the opinion that it was unfortunate that Pusa was not from the outset an educational as well as a research institute. If the proposals outlined above are given effect to, it is believed this will go a long way in remedying the defect in the existing system of work at the two Institutes and in making them both an educational and research institute—a point to which the Commission attached a very great importance.

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Glands Made Active and Youthful Vigour Restored In 24 Hours
American Doctor's Discovery Strengthens Blood, Nerves, Body, Memory, Brain, Muscles, and Endurance—Better Than Gland Operations.

Dr. T. A. Ellis
Thanks to the discovery of an American Doctor, it is now possible for those who feel prematurely old Run-down and Worn-out, to experience again the thrill of Youthful Vigour, Ambition, and Vitality. This great discovery, which is a simple home treatment and can be used secretly by anyone quickly brings a surplus of vitality and an ability to enjoy the pleasures of life.
No longer is it necessary for you to suffer from Loss of Vigour and Manhood, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression and Poor Sleep. Instead you merely take this simple home treatment a few days and you will find that your vigour is restored. No matter what your age you will find that your gland activity and nerve force is increased and restored. You will find youthful physical power in this discovery, which builds rich, pure blood and literally makes your body tingle with new energy and vitality. This simple home treatment is in pleasant easy-to-take tablet form and thousands who have used it say that it is far better than any other method.
Works in 24 Hours
This new medical discovery, known as Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, has been tested by thousands in America and has achieved results that seem almost miraculous. It has conquered obstinate cases that had defied all other treatment. It has rescued the young from premature old age and debility. It has made older men as good as new. It has brought happiness beyond all price to thousands who believed that they were old, worn-out, and finished with the joys of life. And the beauty of this remarkable discovery is that it brings results so quickly. In 24 hours you can see and feel a tremendous improvement and within one week it will literally make you a new man.
Doctors Praise Vi-Tabs
Doctors in America, and in many other countries too, say that the Vi-Tabs formula is marvelous for those who are old before their time, Run-down, and Worn-out. For instance Dr. T. A. Ellis, of Canada, recently wrote: "Not only does this formula enrich the blood supply of red corpuscles, but it likewise activates the gland system. This is followed by renewed energy and ambition, particularly gratifying to men and women in middle or older ages." And a widely known Italian doctor, Dr. N. G. Giannini, recently wrote: "Tired-out, Frail and Shrunken bodies sorely need the established system building influence of this formula, which works its splendid effects upon the blood, glands, nerves and liver—improves appetite and brings greater strength to weak, nervous, run-down people."
Guaranteed To Work
Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are not an experiment. This simple home treatment, which can be used with absolute secrecy, is the prescription of an American doctor. It is amazingly successful and is giving new youth, vitality, and energy to millions in America. Because of its remarkable success, Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction. For this reason you should not experiment with questionable drugs which may be drastic and irritating to the delicate gland and nervous system. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs not only have proved their sterling worth by helping millions of sufferers, but are guaranteed in your own particular case. Put Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs to the test. See for yourself how much younger, stronger, and more vigourous you can feel with this doctor's prescription. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must bring you a new feeling of energy, and vitality, and be entirely satisfactory or you simply return the empty package and it costs nothing under the guarantee. You are the sole judge of your own satisfaction. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and lasts eight days. As the guarantee fully protects you, you should get your treatment immediately so that you too will know what it is to feel 10 to 20 years younger and full of vigour and vitality. If your chemist fails to supply you with the genuine Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, do not take chances with any limitation or substitute.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 12 POINTS UP

Silver Unchanged And Wheat Easy

BOMBAY, Aug. 17.

On Monday crossrates moved within a narrow range.

N. Y. COTTON FAIRLY STEADY

New York cotton was fairly steady on reports of crop deterioration in the west. There was hddge selling at the advance. The closing tone was firm.

GOLD STEADY AND WHEAT EASY

London gold was steady but silver as unchanged.

Wheat ruled easy on lower outside cables.

SECURITIES STEADY.

The London Stock Exchange displayed improved sentiment on good enquiry. Giltedged securities kept steady. Wall Street was steady.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1936

New York Aug. 17.

Previous closing	11.71
To-day's opening	11.80
Difference	+.09
To-day's closing	11.83
Difference	+.12

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1936

Liverpool, Aug. 17.

Previous closing	6.24
To-day's opening	6.31
Difference	+.07
To-day's closing	6.32
Difference	+.08

BROACH EXPECTATION

April/May ..... Rs. 213-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Aug. 17.

Cotton showed considerable steadiness to-day on reports of crop deterioration in the west while the talk that the last bureau had been considerably over estimated lent further strength to the market. However the advance was partially checked by hedging operations causing prices to move rather heavily.

Trading in October commenced at 11.80 i.e. 9 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and trade and foreign buying influenced by unfavourable crop reports but later some reaction set in on hedging October falling back to 11.76. However subsequently the market again improved on renewed outside buying and October again rose to 11.80.

New York cotton finally closed at 11.83 with a rise of 12 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug. 17.

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (11.65/11.62) 11.80/11.79
December (11.73/11.69) 11.87/11.86
January (11.76/11.75) 11.90/11.89.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Aug. 17.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American October (6.24) 6.34
American December (6.17) 6.27
Egyptian October (10.40) 10.45
Egyptian November (10.20) 10.23

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Aug. 17.

Broach A/M. moved between Rs. 213-8 and Rs. 212. The rate at 10-0 p.m. was Rs. 212-4 with New York closing futures about 7 points up.

The cotton Brokers' Association was closed but the Mahajan Association traded as mentioned above.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Aug. 17.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows

Tin (£182 1/2 buyers £182 3/4 sellers. Barely steady) £181 buyers £181 1/2 sellers Steady.

Lead (£16 5/8 buyers £16 3/4 sellers. Barely steady) £16 5/8 buyers £16 3/4 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£43 to £43 1/2) £42 3/4 to £43 1/4

Glasgow Iron (£78) £78

JUTE

New Crop August September (£17 1/8) £17 1/4 paid and sellers.

Dunlop August (£20 1/2 sellers) £20 1/4 sellers.

Lightning August (£19 1/4) £19 sellers.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) ...
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4 1/4) ...
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-9) 1-9

There were no sales in Indian teas

RUBBER

Spot (7 5/8) 7 5/8 buyers.

Forward (7 11/16) 7 11/16 paid and value.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay Aug/Sept. (£13 1/4 sellers) £13 1/4 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta August (£14 5/16 sellers) £14 1/4 sellers.

Linseed La Plata August/September (£12 3/8 sellers) £12 3/8 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal September (£15 7/8 sellers) £15 7/8 sellers

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Aug. 17. 11-30 p.m.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Silver ready	48	9	0
Silver 1st settlement	48	10	0
Silver 2nd settlement	48	11	0
Gold ready	34	3	9
Gold 1st settlement	34	4	0
Gold 2nd settlement	34	4	3
Sovereigns	21	15	6

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

I. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Aug. 17.

Previous closing	5.02 23/32
To-day's opening	5.02 17/32
To-day's rate (at the time of New York otton closing)	5.02 5/8

I. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Aug. 17.

Previous closing	5.02 11/16
To-day's opening	5.02 11/16
To-day's closing	5.02 11/16
Difference	Nil.

FRANC RATE

London, Aug. 17.

Previous closing	76.37
To-day's opening	76.34
To-day's closing	76.32
Difference	—.05

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Aug. 17.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 5.02 11/16 and kept steady with small variations.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 5.02 11/16.

Franc opened at 76.34 and remained practically stationary.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 76.32.

SILVER CABLES

London, Aug. 17.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India bought. China sold. Small business. Market steady.

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug. 17.

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	19 1/2d.	19 1/2d.
Forward	19 1/2d.	19 1/2d.

The market was steady.

LONDON GOLD

London, Aug. 17.

Gold per fine ounce (£6-18-4) £6-18-5

DISCOUNTS

London, Aug. 17.

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent.

4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Aug. 17. 3-30 p.m

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.76 1/2) 5.76 1/4
New York on Bombay (37.98) 37.98
Berlin on Bombay (0.94 3/8) 0.94 1/2
London on Milan (63.87) 63.81
London on Shanghai (1-2 13/32) 1-2 13/32
London on Kobe (1-2 1/32) 1-2 1/32

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Aug. 17.

Chicago wheat opened quiet with September at 1.10 1/4. Prices eased on scattered liquidation and outside selling as a result of lower foreign cables.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Aug. 17.

Liverpool wheat opened with October at 88 5/8 and December 87 1/4. The market was fairly active on scattered buying but the enquiry on the while was restricted.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1937 delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association)

Bombay, Aug. 17.

Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7 14 0
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 14 6
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	payment
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 13 3
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	
Rates at 8-0 p.m.	
Rates at 10-0 p.m.	

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Aug. 17.

Wheat September	4 15 6
Wheat May	5 0 9
Linseed September	8 6 0
Linseed May 1937	7 13 9

The market was quiet.

KARACHI MARKET REPORT

KARACHI, Aug. 17.

To-day's closing quotations were as follows:—

Cotton Sin Jan. 18/5/9, Punjab Jan. 17/2 4-F and American Jan. 23/3/9. The tone was quiet in support of Bombay and New York markets.

Wheat Sept. 26/12/6 and Oct. 27/4/9. The tone was dull owing to Marwari merchants selling.

Toria Sept. 42/14/6 and Nov. 43/10. The tone was quiet.

Gram Sept. 19/12/6 and Oct. 20/8/6. The tone was dull.

Cotton seed Jan. 17/14 and Sept. 18/2/3. The tone was dull owing to more arrivals.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Aug. 17.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 3/4 as against previous close at the same rate.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug. 17. 3-30 p.m.

After being firm demand slackened markets generally quiet price movements rather irregular foreign bonds undecided industriale generally quietly steady oils dull.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/8) £85 1/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£108 1/8) £108 1/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 5/8) £109 5/8

5 per cent Indian Loan (£118 1/4) £118 1/4

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 5/8) £106 3/4

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£116 1/2) £116 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (19-3) 19-3

Mark and Spencer Ord (£4 5/8) £4 5/8

Hydro Electric (dol 7 1/2) dol 7 1/2

Musical Industries (22-0) 22-0

Princhin Johnson (48-0) 48-7 1/2

Imperial Chemical (40-1 1/2) 40-1 1/2

Imperial Chemical Ordinary (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (140-9) 141-4 1/2

Realisation 1930 (£93 1/4) £93 1/4

Dunlop Rubber (36-7 1/2) 36-7 1/2

Unilever Ordinary (35-6) 35-6

Ford Motors (32-9) 32-9

Cables and Wireless (£6 3/8) £6 1/4

British American Tobacco (121-3) 121-3

Carreas A (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (168 1/2) 168 1/2

P and O S N Company Defd (24-1 1/2) 26-3

Distillers (105-7 1/2) 105-7 1/2

Bredford Dyers (7-10 1/2) 7-10 1/2

British Celanese (10-6) 10-6

J and P Coates Ordinary (54-9) 55-3

Courtauls Ordinary (50-0) 50-0

Fine Cotton Spinners (8-3) 8-3

Vickers Limited Ordinary (33-6) 33-6

Inter Nickels (£52 3/4) £52 3/4

Bengal Iron and Steel (8-6) 8-6

Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Aug. 17. 3-30 p.m

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£102) £102

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£99 1/2) £99 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£116 1/2) £116 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£118 1/2) £118 1/2

4 per cent Indian 1946/53 (£110 1/2) £110 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£110 3/4) £110 1/4

5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-52 (£108) £108

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£115) £115

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-0) 18-0

Donaro Tea (43-9) 43-0

Empire of India Ceylon (26-10 1/2) 26-10 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (27-3) 27-3

Gula Kelampong (28-1 1/2) 28-1 1/2

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (31-4 1/2) 31-4 1/2

JUTE SHARES.

Barnagore (£10) £10

MINING SHARES

Nandy (61-3) 61-3

Burma Corporation (10-9) 10-9

Rio Tintos (£13 3/4) £13 1/4

East Rand Proprietors (66-0) 67-0

Rand Imam (£9 1/8) £9 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 1/8) £15 1/8

Gedule New (£10 3/8) £10 3/8

New Modders (41-7 1/2) 41-3

Sub Nigel (£12 1/4) £12 1/4

Spring Mines Split Shares (40-7 1/2) 40-0

Union Corporation (£9 1/8) £9 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (39-3) 39-3

Anglo Iranian (89-9) 89-9

Burma Oil (97-6) 97-10 1/2

Mexican Eagle (26-9) 26-9

Shell Transport (104 3/4) £105

Royal Dutch (£38 1/8) £38 1/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£51 1/2) £51

L and S Ordinary (£27 1/2) £27 1/2

L N E R Defd (£6 7/8) £6 5/8

Southern Dutch (£22 1/2) £22 1/2

London Paris 5 per cent (£134 1/2) £134 1/2

London Transport 'C' Stock (£105) £105 1/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Aug. 17.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 65 3/4) dol 66 3/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 39 3/4) dol 40 1/4

U S Steel Common (dol 66 1/2) dol 66 7/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 133) dol 133 1/2

City Solicitor's Wife Dead

Death was occurred on Saturday of Mrs. Yeshwantibai Madhusudhan Shankershet, wife of Mr. Shankershett, solicitor of the Bombay High Court. Mrs. Yeshwantibai was the daughter of the late Mr. B. D. Uranker, a salt merchant of Uran.

The lady died in child birth. She was charitably disposed and leaves behind her husband and seven children to mourn her death.

STOCK EXCHANGE FIRM

July Board Of Trade Returns Satisfactory

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Aug. 17.

The Stock Exchange opened firm in response to satisfactory showing of July board of trade figures but with operators cautiously disposed owing to European uncertainties business failed to expand. Prices frequently closed below the day's best.

Commodities were quiet apart from recovery in cotton on further reports of crop deterioration.

Exchanges were featureless.

Wall Street was steady. The undertone was firm.

Jutes To Improve Soon

CALCUTTA, Aug. 14.

Messrs. Bhagwanlal Nanavati and Co., have issued the following report.

Jute:—During the period under review this section showed a lively market in the beginning, but slowly began to show lower levels in all counters. The finished goods market has some set back at present but looking to the shipment figures, we expect it to steady up soon. 9 porter Hessian touching 7/14/9 is easy at 7/11/6. This set back is attributed mainly to the decision of the Associated Mills to work 54 hours a week, and the immediate action of some of the non-associated mills to work 108 hours and some 90 hours a week. The ready stock of Hessians is practically nil and hence the increased output will not have any adverse effect on market for some months to come provided the shipments will continue steady. There is also good demand for Heavy Goods and looking to the European political situation, we think the demand for this kind will increase steadily Raw Jute has shown a really easy tone from Rs. 33/14 it is now quoted Rs. 31/10 per bale. The decrease in raw Jute price has proportionally been manifested in finished goods values; and hence we think the position of mills to be same as it was last week when Hessians was 7/14/9. We expect the market to move in narrow limits and for the investors there is no danger in going in for investment counters. Of the actual business doing the week Howrahs opening 54/8 dropped to 53/7 again went up to 54/6 and again showed a sagging tendency dropping to 52/6 and closed in the region of Rs. 53. Kamarhatty opening 535 cd. dropped to 520 cd. closed about Rs. 510 X. dividend. Kanknarrah touching 438 cd. closed in the vicinity of 418 X. dividend. Anglo India opening 415 dropped to 408 again touched 418 and closed about 410. Gondalpara came to business at 845. Gourepore 645 Caledonian improved to Rs. 402. Bally touching 199 were easy at 192, Barnagore rising to 148 closed weak at 141. Auckland touching 192 are now quoted 182 Albion 205 Belvedere 340 Chamdany 160, Cheviot 180 Delta 340, Fort Gloster and Fort William 500 and 268. India had a marked advance opening at 286 advanced to 316 but closed weak in the vicinity of Rs. 300. Kelvin 490 Khardah deal was reported at Rs. 412 Lansdowne 140 Lawrence 400 Lothian 210 New Central 300 Orient touching 181 dropped to 166. Standard 272 Union touching 415 were quoted about 400 at close. In shares of smaller denominations clive touching 26 closed about 25/6 Nationals rising to 22/8 were weak at 22/2 Birla 14/14 Empire 30 Northbrook 41/4 Nuddea 46 Reliance 70/8 Presidency 4/2 Hukumchand If Adamji 12/8 Agarpara 20/4.

Dividend:—Empire -/8/-. Presidency -/1/- Kelvin 12/8.

Cotton:—Little interest was seen in this section. Bengal Nagpur came to business at 12/12. Cawnpore Textiles 2/1 Kesoram 3/9.

Coal:—This section has shown a decidedly steady tendency with a limited turnover. It is time for this section to move forward and good dividend paying scrips are worth having now. Amalgmated 23/12, Bengal 269, Bokaro and Ramgur advanced from 11/12 to 12/2 Burrakur 12/14 Equitable 31/2 Katras Jherria 18 Nazira 6/4, Rewa 17, Seebpore 12/8 prem. Standard 13/8, Union 16.

Miscellaneous:—The Engineering group has shown marked activity. On the report of the proposed amalgamation of the Indian Iron and Steel Co. Ltd. and the Bengal Iron Co. Ltd. a spectacular rise is manifested in the Indian Iron and Steel which quoting 9/14 advanced to 11/4 and closed a shade lower at 10/14 Bengal Iron dropping to 5 improved to 5/8. further advance in the above scrips is expected. Burn came to business at 245 Britania Bldg. and Iron 5/5 Indian Galvanizing 12/15 Kumardhubi Engineering 3 Marshalls 1. In mining issues Burma Corporation were steady round 7/3 Indian Copper changed Lands in good quantity round 2/12. In Sugar section Champaran old opening 20/12 had shown a good advance to 22/12. New are quoted at 20/4 Balrampur (old) 17/8 (new) 16, Basti 258, Cawnpore 36/8, Dyer Meakin (Burma) 53 Xd. Murrel Brewery 14, Purtabpore 13/4 Raza 15/10 Samastipur 9/10 Carew 22/4, Ryam 33, Midnapur Zemindary about 72, Ganges Rope 293, Orient Paper 1 prem. Bengal Paper 111, Titaghur Paper (ordinary) 22 (Defd) 10, Indian Paper Pulps 165, Mysore Paper 3/8 prem. Agra Electric 140, Benares 17, Bengal Telephone 21, Dacca Electric 14, Jubbulpore 14, Xd. Muttra 11/8 Xd. Rawalpindi 26/2 Patna 13/8. Reserve Bank 134.

INDIAN COTTON CROP ESTIMATES.

COTTON CROP OF INDIA

First Forecast, 1936-37

The area of cotton for 1936-37 is 15,769,000 acres. This shows increase.

The statement below shows the present estimates of area classified according to the recognised trade descriptions of cotton.

Description of cotton	Area in acres
Oomras	8,732,000
Bengals	3,316,000
Americans	1,930,000
Others	1,791,000
Total	15,769,9000

—A. P.

PALESTINE PROBLEM

(Continued from Page 6.)

Warburg and other prominent Jews. If that was the condition in 1929, how much more are the present fears of the Arabs justified, with the enormous increase in both Arab and Jewish population?

Most of the active leaders of the Arab Nationalist Movement have been arrested and either imprisoned or banished to concentration villages and camps. Hundreds of workers, both Arab and Jewish, suspected of membership of the Communist Party, have been put under arrest and imprisonment.

In spite, however, of all these repressive measures, the struggle goes on with redoubled vigour.

The Arab people appeal to the workers of Great Britain over the heads of their Government

Propaganda Suggested

I suggest that the following steps be taken:

(1) Circulation of all Trades Councils, Labour Parties, District Committees of Trade Unions and advanced organisations, such as Guilds, Women's Industrial League, Peace Councils, No-More War Groups, etc., with Palestinian Bulletin and a copy of the resolution to be carried and forwarded to M.P.s and the Government demanding that the Government shall immediately give an assurance to the Arabs of the stoppage of further immigration and land transference and sales to the Jews.

(2) Get special resolution on similar lines proposed at all large demonstrations, notably, I.F.T.U. and endeavour to get the matter round inside the I.F.T.U. Conference itself.

(3) Organisation of special meetings in all districts.

(4) Special meetings arranged by Jewish workers organisations.

(5) To use our influence with the French and Spanish comrades for a speeding up of the relinquishing of all Mandates and colonial domination in the Arabic countries (such as is proposed by the French Government with regard to Syria and the Lebanon) and assistance towards establishment of independent Governments with the safeguarding of minorities and with representation in the League of Nations.

(6) To agitate for the calling of the League Mandate Commission at the earliest possible moment. Britain to be called on to give an account of her administration of Mandate in Palestine, with the right of Arab and Jewish representatives to be present to state their case.

(CONCLUDED)

Gubernatorial Visits And School Children

(Continued from Page 6.)

would fall the trouble and expense of nursing such of these children back to health, as might fall ill in consequence? Had the children or their parents any option in the matter?

These are questions which, with reference to practice in the future, are important enough to engage the attention of the public, and of the authorities—executive and educational—who have the management of such functions in their charge.—Yours, etc.,

BHAGAVAN DAS

Dated, August 14.
Sevashrama,
Benares City.

"PLACING" OF UNEMPLOYED GRADUATES

(Continued from Page 6.)

versities and colleges, no less than 15,048 graduates or 44.9 per cent. were successfully "placed" in suitable employment. Fuller information regarding Japan's experiences in this sphere during the ten-year period 1924-1935 is of great significance to India.

(To be Concluded.)

(Continued from Col. 7.)

tes old. The Parel kept on the attack and John got the second goal with a beautiful header off a pass from Caesar. A little later Tony was responsible for the third goal. After the recess the Havero rearranged their players and defended gallantly till the end. During this half Shrian played a good game at back. For the winners Telang was the best.

RESULT.

PAREL SPORTS 3 Goals.
HAVERO F.C. Nil

... TEAMS.

PAREL SPORTS: Martin; Franklin and Ramchandra; Lewis, Telang and Caesar; Carlito, Tony, Kolatkar, Peter and John.

HAVERO F.C. N. Suvarna; Narayana and Kakera, L. Suvarna, Mendon and Veerappa; Shetty, P. Kunder, Shrian, Vithal and G. Kumder.

Referee: M. C. Gupta.

India And Olympics

Indian Hockey Team Evokes Praise In Berlin

IMPRESSIVE SCENES AT OPENING OF THE OLYMPIAD

(From Our Own Correspondent)

BERLIN, Aug. 1.

The Eleventh Olympiad was opened in Berlin impressively today. Berlin in this connection presents altogether a very festive appearance. Efforts have not been spared by the German regime in making various alterations and arrangements, holding no doubt well in mind the idea of making favourable impressions among the innumerable visitors. The town has been elaborately beflagged at the order of the Propaganda Minister. The Olympia Stadium that can accomodate 100,000 has been excellently laid out. Arrangements generally have been made with great care and considerable efficiency. The formal opening was done by the Chancellor, Herr Hitler. The Olympic Games are held to carry no political character. The Spanish revolt and the presence of members of the Italian royal family and Italian Cabinet, however, emphasized a political note. There is no Spanish participation in the Olympic Games that commenced to-day in Berlin. Representatives of 53 nations passed in the open ground before the German Chancellor had the Olympiad opened. After the formal opening, an element of interest and excitement was introduced, by the releasing of many many thousands of pigeons.

INDIANS ON THE OLYMPIAD

The Indians participating at the Olympia, to a marked extent, regrettably it has to be stated, present in comparison with representatives of several nations, a not very cheerful picture. Outstanding is a lack of uniformity. Individualism in some matters may have great value, but there are moments and places where it is very much out of place and "picturesqueness" may be but a sorry compensation. A German critic stated that Indians have good material, but lack organization and co-ordination.

PRAISE FOR HOCKEY TEAM

Attention as far as India is concerned is greatly concentrated on the hockey team. The German press has many eloquent references to the Indian team, references like "hockey masters", "hockey Indians" and "unsurpassed ones". There are special compliments paid to Dhyan Chand the Indian captain. "Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" refers to him as "lightning" and another paper as "spark". One important Berlin daily writes about him: "Dyan Chand occupies the first place in the Indian team. He is a play personality, as one rarely sees, a modest sportsman but simultaneously the spiritual leader and impressive model of his team." Though the chance of Indians to win is favourably estimated, the situation is not seen as one of easy security for the Indian team. In the first place the hockey and football tournaments have brought the strongest participation.

Then, other nations are held as having recorded good progress in hockey recently, mention in this connection is made especially of Japan and Afghanistan in Asia, and in Europe, England, Germany Holland, Belgium, and Switzerland. Germany is looked upon indeed as very good runner. At one practice match India has lost—the only one though—to a German team. One sport critic writes "The German team should be in a position to give a fight to the Indians that would call for the best efforts from them should these two meet in the finals." The success of India, for which all India must be hoping, in the circumstances, would be also all the more creditable. The final comes off on the 14th August.

Bengal Club Beaten

GOAN UNITED'S DESERVED WIN

There was only one game on Saturday as Bhoiwada got a walkover from Mahim Sports while the Bengal Club suffered yet another defeat from the Goans United by three clear goals.

Bengal Club had put up a good fight against heavy odds, as several of their regular and important players are on the injured list and Das Gupta had to leave the field with a fractured leg when the game was only 10 minutes old.

During the first half, the game was rather even and Mickie could break through only once and obtained the only goal of this period. The Bengal Club thereafter played a determined game and on several occasions they might have scored for the "feeble" kicking of Dutt, their right winger.

With one-goal lead the Goans dominated the second half. Almeida, their pivot, was outstanding, while Mickie broke through time and again, but was well intercepted. Midway in the second half Martin took a corner-kick which went into the net off the goalies' legs. For the losers Roy was the best and played an aggressive game and during the closing stages he had at least once kicked right into the goal which Paul cleared smartly. Before the final whistle, Mickie added another goal thus leaving the field deserved winners.

Result

GOANS UNITED 3 Goals.
BENGAL CLUB Nil.

TEAMS.

GOANS UNITED Paul;, Mascarenhas and Alvares, Mendonca, Almeida and Dias, Pinto, Fernandes, Mickie, P. Fernandes and Martin.

BENGAL CLUB: Gupta; T. Mukherjee and Sen; B. Dutt, Mitter and Biswas, V. Dutt, B. Mukherjee, B. Dutt, Roy and Das Gupta.

Referee: A. K. Das Gupta.

SUNDAY'S GAME.

On Sunday three more matches were decided. In the first game Rainbow F.C. had the better of the King's Circle in defeating them by 3 goals to one. Rainbow had the larger share of the attack throughout and obtained their first goal through Ramji after 10 minutes from the start. The King's Circle tried their level best and were lucky to get the equaliser through Raman. Immediately after the kick-off, Ramji made a solo run with the ball and cleaned outwit the goalie to get their lead.

With one goal ahead the Rainbow played a more aggressive game but could score only once through Appadurai, in the second half. The King's Circle held back to defend at the closing stages and did not allow any more goals to be scored.

RESULT.

RAINBOW F.C. 3 Goals.
KING'S CIRCLE 1 Goal.

TEAMS.

RAINBOW F.C.: Anthony; Dhankot[illegible]d Sakaram, Bantish, Ahmed [illegible] Patrick; Ramji, Appadora, [illegible]karam, Shivram and Boxer.

KING'S CIRCLE: Jagadish, Kaliah and V. Krishnan; Mani, Gopal and Kitta; Raman, Kalyanam, Ramiah, Radhakrishnan and Iyer.

Referee: H. P. Kennedy.

Khatau Sports Trounced

In the second game the D.L.I. Followers had an easy time in disposing of the Khatau Sports by eight clear goals. Six goals were scored in the initial moiety. The score was opened by Marie. In quick succession Mantolia and Marie got three more goals. Shiva got the fifth and Mantolia obtained the sixth goal of the first half.

With this huge margin the D.L.I. Followers took things easy and scored only twice after the lemon time. Marie and Mantolia were again the scorers. The Khatau goalie during this half had stopped some hard shots while in the initial period he was a clean wash out.

RESULT.

D.L.I. FOLLOWERS 8 Goals.
KHATAU SPORTS Nil

TEAMS.

D.L.I. FOLLOWERS Anthony; Sohan and Babu; Tekchand, Jairam and Mantolia; Shiva, Sydu, Marie, Munuswami and Karim.

KHATAU SPORTS: Kotian, Miranda and Chandrasekhar; Ved, Shankarappa and Ramnath; Dutt, Reddy, Gabriel, Goswami and D'Mello.

Referee: H. C. Kotian.

Parel Earn Full Points

In their penultimate game Parel Sports defeated the Havero F. C. by 3 goals to nil. They now meet the D.L.I. Followers in their final engagement. There will be a tie for the championship between the D.L.I. Followers who are in the most advantageous position having 16 points with 3 more games to be played, while G.S.M. College have 16 points with only 2 more games to be played. They, of course, have yet to play the D.L.I. Followers. There is therefore a lot of interest for the few remaining games.

Turning to the game proper the Parel Sports was the superior team and gathered all the three goals before the ends were changed. Tony notched the first goal when the game was only 4 minu-

(Continued in Col. 5)

GOOD TRADE AND NEW ORLEANS BUYING

Domestic Consumption Above Expectation

BOMBAY, August 17.

The Census Bureau places cotton carry-over for 1935-36 season at 5,397,000 bales compared with 7,208,000 last year and 7,744,000 two years ago.

Crop deterioration is becoming acute in North and North-West Texas; Western Arkansas and Northern Louisiana.

Domestic consumption in July proved above expectation and there is no immediate prospects of any relief from drought.

Trade was a good buyer on the scale down and New Orleans operators bought in New York on Saturday.

Bombay was prominent as a foreign seller followed by Liverpool.

Bombay, Aug. 17.

On Saturday the New York cotton futures market opened barely steady and declined on lower Liverpool cables, heavy local selling on differences together with predictions of increased hedging by the South.

GOOD SUPPORT.

Trade was a good buyer on scale down and New Orleans bought but offers increased on buldges. Prices thereafter rallied on large July consumption figures which were above general expectation and the U. S. daily weather forecast indicated continued dry week coupled with complaints of crop deterioration.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

The weekly review received by Reuter states that scattered long interest was pretty well closed out prior to the Bureau report and after further liquidation the market rallied on continuance of dry hot weather in the Western Belt with fear of August crop

CROP DETERIORATION.

It is generally believed that Oklahoma has suffered severely from deterioration and also it is reported Northwest Texas, with complaints also from the Central and Eastern belt sections where rains have been excessive.

The lateness of the crop was emphasized by light ginning figures but there is little hedging appearing against early cotton and expectations of gradually increased pressure as picking progresses tends to check advances above twelve cents. pending more conclusive crop developments.

Primary cloth markets were quiet but steady.

Meanwhile interest is centred upon weather and crop news with many believing that more general and serious damage reports are necessary to hold the market

U. S. Weather Forecast

Eastern: Partly scattered showers
Central: Partly scattered showers
Western: Generally fair.

above twelve cents as the new crop movement increases.

PRICES OPEN DOWN

Following a snarp decline in Liverpool the New York cotton futures market opened on Saturday at a decline of 11 points with October 11.65. There was some foreign selling particularly from Bombay which resulted in a further decline of points and October often was quoted 11.62 which was the lowest level for the day.

GOOD SUPPORT

At this level there was a fairly good support from trade and buying orders poured in from New Orleans. July consumption figure was above expectation and crop reports were unfavourable. Prices steadied and the decline was overcome and a net rise of one point was registered with October quoted 11.77 the highest level for the day. The market closed at noon at a decline of 2 to 5 points but march position was one point up. Spot cotton prices lost 5 points at 12.36 c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady with moderate enquiry and closed at a decline of one point. Spot cotton prices were reduced 7 points at 12. 12c. per lb.

HEAVY SELLING

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened easy at a decline of 8 points with October 6.30. There was hedging, Bombay state liquidation, scattered realising and uncovered stop losses. The market was weak with a poor enquiry and closed at a decline of 14 to 12 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 17 points at 6.75d.

EAST INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was easy and closed at a decline of 14 points. At the close October was quoted 5.23, January 5.20 and March 5.19.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures ring was easy with increased offerings. Sakels futures declined 11 to 16 points with spot 18 points down at 10.83d. Uppers futures lost 11 points with spot cotton 12 points down at 8.02d. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (11-52 a.m.)	11.77+01
New York October lowest (10 a.m.)	11.62—14
Liverpool October highest	6.32—06
Liverpool October lowest	6.23—15

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Expect mainly weather market for the next few weeks. Rather prefer long side for present.

New York: Deterioration becoming acute in North and North-West Texas. Oklahoma, Western Arkansas and Northern Louisiana. Our telegraphic reports indicate crop looks half a million bales less than August first.

New York: Crop accounts from South-West unfavourable. High domestic consumption sustaining feature.

New York: Japan cables. American and Brazilian cotton requirements filled till end of October. Slow demand for goods. Feeling against cotton increasing.

New York: Domestic consumption in July above expectation. No immediate prospects of relief from drought. Do not think well of following the decline as long as the drought continues.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables:

Their Liverpool Agents cabled as follows:

Steady on adverse weather and record consumption.

One of their New York friends cabled:

Our private reports indicate crop over estimated, minimum three hundred thousand. Serious deterioration Western Belt on account of heat. Heavy European selling here.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern have received the following cable:—

"Some increased hedging but hot weather causing deterioration West and look for reduced crop estimates. Think trading market for quick profits."

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Aug 15

	Dollars.
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	42
United Light and Power	7
American Tel and Tel	173
Western Union Telg	87 1/2
Radio Corporation	11
New York Central	40 1/2
Baltimore and Ohio R R	22
United States Steel	67
Imp Jap Govt 6 1/2 per cent 1954	100
Imp Jap Govt 5 1/2 per cent 1965	84
Tokyo Elec Light 6 per cent 1953	79
Com Wealth Aust 4 1/2 per cent 1956	104
Anaconda Copper Mining	40 1/4
General Motor	66
Packard Motor	10
Socony	14 3/8
National Dairy	26
Chase Bank	48
National City Bank	42 1/2
Amr Celanese	43
Sun Life of Canada	500
Int Nickel of Canada	53
North Amr Com	33
Canadian Pacific R R	12
Montgomery Ward	46
Can Nat Rly 5 per cent 1969	118
Can Nat Rly 4 1/2 per cent 1956	117
Kingdom of Nor 6 per cent 1944	105
Kingdom of Den 6 per cent 1942	106

Market steady firm. Think favourably of Steels.

Total business: 3/4 million.

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 14th August	4,803
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935	3,148,885
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,474,557
Increase	674,328

High And Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Aug 15

Broach J/A opening 222; highest 222; lowest 220 3/4; closing 221

Broach A/M 1937 opening 212 1/4; highest 212 1/2; lowest 210 1/2; closing 210 3/4

Oomra D/J opening 193 1/2; highest 193 1/2; lowest 192 1/4; closing 192 1/4

Bengal D/J opening 157 1/4; highest 158 1/4; lowest 156 3/4; closing 158 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach A/M Settlement (21-8-36) Rs. 4

Tejimandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 23

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Aug 17

August	(206.70)	206.60+10
October	(202.30)	202.80+50
November	(200.40)	201.40+100
December	(200.40)	201.30+90
February	(199.60)	200.40+60

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: October 144 January 118 May 118 at Cross Rate 5.62 23/32

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 211/8 Liverpool May 6.22 Rs. 59 1/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937 211/8 New York May 11.84 Rs. 49 1/2 at Cross Rate 5.02 23/32

Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, Aug 17

T T on London	
Previous closing	1-2 3/8
To-day's opening	1-2 3/8

Tone: Quiet.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Aug 17

Following steadier New York advices, the local cotton market opened today at Rs. 213/4 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 213/8 on scattered buying in bullish American cables. Later on business was quiet and prices were quoted at Rs. 213/4. Some scattered showers are reported in Surat District and the first All-India cotton report which is to be issued to-day checked any important business. The market seems indifferent about the report as to-day's acreage report will be a poor guide in view of serious drought in several cotton growing districts. To-day being "Samvati Amas" there was less inclination to operate as the session is closing at 3 p.m. Later on the market was flat.

The first All-India cotton acreage report was released to-day at 2-36 p.m. showing area under cultivation 15762000 acres. This shows an increase of 3 per cent but there was no effect on the market.

The Liverpool market was due to open at a rise of 8 points and the market opened at a rise of 8 points. The local market was steady at Rs. 213/4. The market closed to-day at 3 p.m. being "Somvati Amas" and quotations were as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach J/A	223 4 0
Broach A/M	213 0 0
Oomra D/J	194 0 0
Bengal D/J	159 0 0

Cotton Delivery Contracts

Bombay, Aug. 17.

	Rs.
Bengal Fine November	+17
Bengal Fine December	+12
Bengal Fine January	+07
C. P. No 1 Fine November	+25
C. P. No 1 Fine December	+20
C. P. No 1 Fine January	+17
C. P. No 2 Fine November	+20
C. P. No 2 Fine December	+11
C. P. No 2 Fine January	+08
Berar Fine November	+15
Berar Fine December	+07
Berar Fine January	+04
Khandesh Fine November	+09
Khandesh Fine December	+04

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, Aug. 17.

	To-day	Total.
Broach J/A.	2,150	20,850

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Aug. 17.

C.P. 1 Fine	208/210
C.P. 2 Fine	204/206
Arvi Fine	204/206
Ellichpur Fine	204/206
Berar Fine	203/205
Khamgaon Fine	203/205
Mulkapur Fine	199/201
Khandesh	195/199
Jalna/Sailu	199/201
Burwah Sanavad	203/205
Mathia	185/190
Broach	213/218

U. S. Mill Consumption

The U. S. A. Mill consumption for July is 603,000 bales bringing the total for the season 6,339,000 bales compared with 5,361,000 bales last year and 5,700,000, bales two years ago.

Dhollera	208/213
Punjab/American	213/218
Sindh-American	213/218
Cambodia	253/258
Compta	211/215
Westerns	209/217
Miraj	208/211
Jagadia Ankleshwar	243/248
Surat	248/250
Navsari	258/260
Kampala	343/348

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Aug. 17.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

	15-8-36	This year.
Khandesh	...	308,707
Central India	93	290,329
Barsi and Nagar	...	176,125
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	41,614
Berar	...	343,480
Central Provinces	...	99,584
Total Oomras	93	1,259,839
Dholera	...	333,899
N.-W. Provinces	...	63,996
Rajputana	52	115,321
Sind-Punjab	..	469,840
Broach	...	412,679
Coompta and Dharwar	613	109,140
Westerns-Northerns	4	77,308
Cocoanada	...	151
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	20,391
Persian	...	9
American	...	27,023
Egyptian and African	907	260,476
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	482
Total	1,669	3,150,554

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st. Sept. to 13th Aug.

In full-pressed Bales.

	15-8-36	This year.
Europe	1,550	504,156
Japan and China	1,050	1,435,503
Coast Ports	...	37,671
Up-country by Rail	...	218,905
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	500
Total	2,600	2,196,735

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales.	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 15-8-36	87000	141000
Receipts Yesterday 15-8-36	—	12000
Exports to date 15-8-36	67000	110000
Stock at Ports 14-8-36	1198000	1077000
Stock at Interior Towns 14-8-36	1143000	1097000
Stock at Liverpool 14-8-36	725000	547000
Visible Supply 14-8-36	3087000	2983000
Quantity in sight 14-8-36	219000	217000
Quanti out of sight 14-8-36	355000	355000

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Aug 17

B C RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D August-December	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 5/32 Jan. 3/16
Banks buying 3 Mos.	1/6 3/16 Jan. 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	266 3/8
Banks selling T T	264 3/8
Banks buying T T	262 3/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	573
Banks buying T T	583
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 5/8
Banks buying T T	77 3/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	55 3/4
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	55 3/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 1/4
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	80 1/4
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	136 3/8
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	93
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 15th instant	5.02 3/4
Japan/London 17th instant	1/2 1/16
Java/London 17th instant	7.35 1/2
Hongkong/London 17th instant	1/2 31/32
Shanghai/London 17th instant	1/2 3/8
London/Paris 15th instant	76.37
London/Belgium 15th instant	29.83 1/4
London/Switzerland 15th instant	15.42 1/2
London/Berlin 15th instan	12.50
London/Stockholm 15th instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 15th instant	5.02 13/16
London/Amsterdam 15th instant	7.40 1/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.	
Gold 14th instant	£6-18-4
Gold 15th instant	£6-18-4
Silver London Ready 14th instant	19 1/2
15th instant	19 1/2
Silver London Forward 14th instant	19 1/2
15th instant	19 1/2
Silver New York Ready. 14th instant	45
15th instant	45
London Discounts 3 Mos 14th instant	9/16 p.c.
15th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discount 6 Mos 14th instant	11/16 p.c.
15th instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money—	
Call	1/2 p.c.
3 Mos.	3/4 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Aug 17

On Saturday London gold prices closed unchanged at £6-18-4. London Paris Exchange was 2 points up at 76.37. Dollar Sterling cross rate closed at 5.02 23/32. London silver market was dull and prices closed unchanged at 19 1/2. Montreal and New York silver prices were unchanged.

The local silver market was quiet today with scattered selling which resulted in a small decline while gold market was barely steady.

GOLD—			
Ready	34	3	9
1st Bhadarva	34	4	0
2nd Bhadarva	34	4	0
SILVER—			
Ready	48	8	6
1st Bhadarva	48	9	0
2nd Bhadarva	48	10	6

N. Y. Silver

New York, Aug 15

Spot silver prices remained unchanged at 44 3/4 cents.

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Aug 15

August	44.80
September	44.95
December	45.05

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Aug 17

New York—	
Blue Eagle	10 cents
Non-Blue Eagle	9 1/2 cents
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 32 14 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 40 8 0

Tone: Firm.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Aug 15

September	1.11 1/8c.
December	1.10 7/8c.
May	1.08 7/8c.

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Aug 15

October	88 7/8d.
December	87 1/4d.
March	84d.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Aug. 17.

	Cwts.
Wheat	17,207
Linseed	12,428
Gingellyseed	332
Poppyseed	362
Groundnuts	15,943
Castorseed	2,954
Rice	13,739
Myrabollams	227
Cottonseed	2,292
Morasced	42
Gram	1,559
Joowar	818
Bajree	1,616
Indian Sugar	6,104
	Tons.
Coal	3,653

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay: August 17.

Mackinnon Mackenzie & Coy's s s Bhutan of 2911 reg tons, Capt. F McEwan, arrived on 15th inst. from Middlesbrough via Immingham, London, Southampton, Port Said, Suez and Aden with general cargo.

Lionel Edward's s s Liebenfels 3851 reg tons, Capt. E Fhlefelr, arrived on 15th inst. from Bremen via Hamburg, Antwerp, Port Said and Suez with general cargo.

B I S N Coy's s.s Garbeta of 3204 reg tons, Capt H A Downey, arrived on 15th inst. from Moulmein via Colombo and Cochin with cargo of timber and rice.

Lloyd Triestino Coy's s s Arabia of 4499 reg tons, Capt L Giavanni arrived on 16th inst. from Genoa, Livorno, Naples, Catania, Port Said, Suez, Massowa, Karachi, Bedi Bunder and Bhavnagar with general cargo..

F F Campbell and Coy's s s Irisbank of 3412 reg tons, Capt C S Newton, arrived on 16th inst. from Baltimore, via Norfolk, New York, St. John, Algiers, Alexandria, Port Said, Suez, Port Sudan, Aden and Karachi with passengers and general cargo.

Killick Nixon and Coy's s s Silton-Hall of 2810 reg tons, Capt R G Harrison, arrived from Calcutta with cargo of coal.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay: August 17.

Burmah Shell Oil S & D Coy's oil tanker s s. Badarpur of 4949 reg tons, Capt P Sharman, sailed for Rangoon with local cargo.

Killick Nixon and Coy's s s St. Dunstan of 3566 reg tons, Capt Bradley sailed for Rangoon in water ballast.

LOADING.

Bombay: August 17.

The following steamers entered for Loading on 17-8-36:—

S.S. Mayebashi Maru (N Y K) for China, Japan Ports via Bedi Bunder.

„ Genoa Maru (N Y K) for China, Japan Ports via Bhavnagar and Karachi.

„ Castalla (G T Co) for Europe and American Ports.

Copper At £40?

London Brokers anticipate further rise in copper in the neighbourhood of £40

FORECAST OF INDIAN COTTON ACREAGE

Increase Of 3 Per Cent.

The first forecast of the cotton crop of India for 1936-37 was issued to-day by the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, Calcutta. The forecast does not relate to the entire cotton area of India. On the average of the last ten years, the area reported in the first forecast has been 59.1 per cent, of the total area reported in the final forecast.

The estimated area of cotton for 1936-37 is 15,769,000 acres, an increase of 3 per cent over the figure for the corresponding period last year (revised).

The statement below shows the present estimated area classified according to the recognised trade descriptions of cotton:

(Area in acres)

Oomras	3,732,000
Bengals	3,316,000
Americans	1,930,000
Others	1,791,000
Total	15,769,000

Oomras include Khandesh, Central India, Barsi, and Nagar, Hyderabad-Gaorani, Central Provinces and Berar.

Bengals include United Provinces, Ajmer-Merwaras, Rajputana States, Sind, Punjab, Bengal and Bihar and Orissa.

Americans are the exotic cotton grown in the Canal Colonies of the Punjab and in Sind.

Others include Dholleras, Broach, Coompta-Dharwars, Westerns and Northerns, Cocanadas, Tinnevellies, Salems, Cambodia, Comillas, Burmas and other sorts sowings of which are incomplete at the time of issue of the forecast.

INDO-CZECHO-SLOVAKIAN TRADE

New Trade Commissioner In Bombay

(From Our Own Correspondent).

PRAGUE, Aug. 6.

(By Air Mail).

In Czechoslovakia the situation relating to trade with India has been receiving added attention. Czechoslovakia is a significant buyer of some of the main categories of India's export products and in recent period Czechoslovakia's imports from India have been steadily increasing, without a corresponding rise in the exports to India, stated as already considerably below the level of imports. According to the figures of the Prague Statistical Bureau, in 1935 Czechoslovakia imported from India three times as much as she exported. The position has apparently come up for a new attention with Czechoslovakia herself feeling the pressure of new courses initiated by certain other units. Czechoslovakia has not resorted to any line of special restriction of imports from India and has been devoting attention to a solution more in the direction of carrying trade as to increase exports so as to sustain gaining imports, viewing it also as possible with attention, owing to her occupying a favourable position in regard to the supply of various items in India's import trade. Anyway it would be unwise for India silently to overlook the danger of restrictions. I understand that Government of India's Trade Commissioner with seat at Hamburg who has also been attending to the expansion of India's export interests with Czechoslovakia is to visit Prague before long, as reported, to see the possibilities of strengthening trade relations between the two countries. In this connection, it may also be stated, that Mr. Ploskal, who for some time has been in charge of the section dealing with India at the Czechoslovak Export Institute in Prague, is leaving this week for India as a representative of Czechoslovakia's export and import interests collectively. His aim as well would seem to be to concentrate on development along mutually advantageous line that would avoid course of any special restriction or limitation in imports. It is to be hoped that his task in the matter would find necessary co-operation in India as to lead to a good consolidation of India's export interests with an important market.

STEADY TONE IN SHARE BAZAR

Scattered Buying And Covering

Bombay, Aug 17

The local share bazar opened steady and under scattered buying prices improved few points and closed at about the highest level of the day. Turnover was moderate and the undertone of the market was good.

It is said that some prominent operators have bought double options of Tata Steel Deids. on a fairly large scale at a premium of Rs. 40. These operators having short interest in the market tried to depress market but sellers of options being firm supported market with a view to pocket premium money in full. These options are declared on the first day of opening of business for the next settlement and till then the market will not show any marked change. Such reports are how far correct is difficult to say, but the market believing in such reports, show no inclination to operate as prices are fluctuating within a narrow range and the market is becoming less attractive.

Scattered showers are reported in some parts of Gujarat but so far drought conditions are not relieved. The market continues undecided and indicates narrow trading sessions. Jobbers are principal operators.

With steady speculative support in Tata Steel shares, other sections also ruled steady with cotton mill shares and Bombay Burmas gaining few points under covering. Outside business has greatly disappeared and the market is now left alone to Jobbers and professionals.

The share bazar will remain entirely closed on Tuesday being "Jain holiday."

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Aug 17

Century 137 135 138
Bombay Dyeing 662 658 666 662 667
Kohinoor 211 213 212 214
Central India 230 228 232 231
New Great 125 126
Simplex 63 65
Swadeshi 166 170
Bundi 37/4
I Cement 508 510
Punjab 26/4 26/6
Shahabad 495
Andhra 1660 1667 1685
Tata Hydro 184
Tata Power 1633 1631 1636 1635 1641
Tram Ord 159 160
T Steel Defd 725 727 722 730 723 732 731
T Steel Ord 185/4 184/8 185/12 184/12 185/8
Tata Steel 2nd pref 165
Bellapur 201. 205
B Steam 293 294/6
B Burma 493 500 495 501/4

TEXTILE MILLS.

BOMBAY, Aug. 17.

100 Abm. Advance	291	12
500 Bombay Cotton	10	0
250 Bombay Dyeing	667	8
250 Bradbury	100	0
100 Century	138	2
100 Central India	231	4
100 Colaba	122	8
100 Coorla	90	0
250 David	60	0
250 Dawn	287	8
1 E. D. Sassoon	0-2-6	
100 Finlay	112	8
100 Gokak	204	6
1000 Hindustan	1,720	0
100 Indore	45	0
100 Khatau.	63	12
100 Konihoor	214	6
250 Laxmi	570	0
100 Madhavji	6	8
250 Madras United	25	0
1000 Morarji	700	0
250 Model	40	0
50 Mysore	85	10
200 New Great	126	14
100 Oosmanshahi	54	0
100 Phoenix	262	8
25 Sassoon Silk	36	0
1000 Sholapur	1,840	0
50 Simplex	65	0
100 Swadeshi	170	0
100 Swan	80	0
25 Tata	9	0
500 Vishnu	1205	0
1000 Western	800	0

BANKS.

50-100 Baroda	111	4
25-50 Central	33	12
500 Imperial	1567	8
125-500 Imp. County	390	0
50-100 India	134	8
100 Reserve Bank	136	0
5 Union	5-10-6	

CEMENTS.

10 Bundi	37	4
70 Gwalior	131	4
160 Indian	510	0
40 Katni Def.	2300	0
100 Katni Ord. XD	377	8
75 Okha	283	12
10 Punjab	26	6
100 Shahabad	495	10
70 United	147	4

INSURANCE.

15-100 Jupiter	13	12
15-75 New India	46	4
200 Oriental	5400	0
10-50 Vulcan	7	6

ELECTRIC.

100 Ahmedabad Old	187	8
1000 Andhra Valley	1665	0
10 Ajmer	13	12
50 Bombay Tram.	160	0
100 Bombay Suburban	215	0
10 Broach	13	4
100 Karachi	241	4
100 Poona	247	0
100 Surat	195	0
100 Tata Hydro	184	1
1000 Tata Power	1641	4

RAILWAYS

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	940	0
100 C Province	98	8
100 Dhond Baramati	106	0
100 Gujarat	99	0
100 Mandra Bhon	101	8
100 Pachora Jamner	96	4
100 Sara Sirajgunje	101	0
500 Tapty Valley	770	0

MININGS.

10 Shivrajpur	37	4
30 Tata Steel def.	731	4
75 Tata Steel Ord.	185	8

MISCELLANEOUS.

100 Alcock	227	8
50 Belapur Sugar	205	0
250 Bombay Steam	294	6
125 Bombay Burma	501	4
50 B'bay Burma Con .	165	0
8sh. B. B. Petrol	5	11
50 Bombay Telephone	115	12
100 Indian Bleaching	118	2
100 Indian Radio Defd.	540	0
100 Indian Radio Ord.	531	4
1000 Port Canning	583	12
15 Scindia	19	8
30 Premier Consti.	omT18	
25 Tata Oil	17	10

PREFERENCE

7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1535	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	320	0
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	88	0
5 p.c. Central India	533	12
7 p.c. Katni 1st	137	8
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	146	4
7½ p.c. Punjab Cement	13	8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	162	8
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1,615	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	196	11
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd.	165	4
5-1/2 p.c. Tata Mill	9	8
7 p.c. Vishnu	662	8

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Aug 17

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 New Loan	100/14
3 per cent 1951/54	103/12
3 per cent 1941	104/4
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	99/9
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	107/11
4 per cent 1943	111/3
4 per cent 1960/70	114/14
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	119/6
5 per cent 1939/44	108/8
5 per cent 1940/43	111/1
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40	107/8

TAX-FREE

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	120/12
4 per cent 1954/63 Mysore	111/10
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	107/6

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1947	111
4 per cent M Deb 1974	110/8
5 per cent M Deb 1959	119/4
6 per cent M Deb 1954	131
4 per cent B P T 1955	121/6
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	103/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper for 31st August settlement was quoted to-day at Rs. 99/8 and prices fluctuated within a narrow range with restricted business. 3 1/2 per cent Howrah Bridge loan is quoted at a premium of Rs. 2.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Aug 17

Ready Java	13	8	0
Aug-Sept shipment	3	14	0
Oct-Dec shipment	13	13	6
Kesar ready	13	0	0
Saraya ready	13	0	0
Spot Java	P.	3.80	

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REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY: TUESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1936

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City Becomes Centre Of Political Activity

Parliamentary Board, Working Committee And A. I. C. C. To Consider Series Of Important Issues

BOMBAY, Monday.

With the arrival of Acharya Kriplani and the Secretariat Staff of the A.I.C.C., in Bombay this morning by the Frontier Mail political activities of the work have begun. The office of the All-India Congress Committee has been already opened at the Congress House.

The activity for the coming seven days is mainly in connection with the forthcoming Elections to the Provincial Legislatures and what the Congress expects to do in the Provinces.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, one of the Secretaries of the Congress Parliamentary Committee, will arrive in Bombay to-morrow morning with Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, C. Rajagopalachariar, Jamnalal Bajaj and others. Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant will not reach Bombay till Wednesday.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has informed Congress House that he will be staying at Wardha for a few hours more and will be arriving in Bombay by the Nagpur Express and not by the Calcutta Mail as announced earlier.

It is stated that he will be having a heart to heart talk with Gandhiji on the activities of the Congress during his tenure of office.

Other members of the Congress Parliamentary Board, besides Sjt. Vallabhbhai Patel, the Chairman Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai, who are already here, will be arriving to-morrow morning.

Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, General Secretary of the A.I.C.C. and Dr. Choitram Gidwani arrived this morning.

The Parliamentary Board meeting will be held at 2 P.M. at the Congress House, while informal talks will take place in the morning at Sjt Bhulabhai Desai's residence at Warden Road.

Though no Agenda for the meeting has as yet been prepared it appears that the Parliamentary Committee will devote its attention and come to a decision on four important points.

By now the office of the Parliamentary Committee, has received the reports from all the Provincial Committees about the position there in respect of Congress and elections. The Committee will review the position in each individual province, apart from getting intimate knowledge about the provinces from the Provincial representatives on the Committee.

Once it knows the position of the Congress and its chances in the provinces, it can decide on its future course.

C. I. D. Interference.

It would appear that some of the Provinces especially from Northern India have sent in complaints that police and C.I.D. are interfering in the Election propaganda that is being carried on by them. The Committee might find a way out of these difficulties and it might also be possible as suggested by a member of the Committee that the respective Provincial Governments might be approached in this respect. It is to be noted that the Congress Party have tabled an adjournment motion in the Assembly in this connection.

The Committee will next consider, it is gathered, the draft Manifesto of the Congress, which is to be issued, immediately after the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee. It would appear that the skeleton of the draft is ready, prepared by Rajenbabu. Both Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai have gone through the draft.

Rajenbabu has taken a draft with him to Wardha and it is understood that the matter will be discussed at Wardha with Gandhiji the Congress President, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and others. The final touches to the draft, before it is submitted to the Congress Working Committee for approval, will be discussed on Wednesday.

The Committee will also tentatively come to a decision on the question of setting up Congress Candidates in the light of the reports that have been sent by the Provincial Committees.

"C. R." and Rajan

The question of the resignations of Sjt. Rajagopalachariar and Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, being mainly one concerning the Parliamentary activity of the Congress, will come up for discussion before the Parliamentary Committee.

While Sjt. Rajagopalachariar has sent cryptic messages to Sardar Vallabhbhai, Rajan has sent a lengthy letter to Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai explaining the whole position and asking for direction.

"This storm in the Tea pot" as a prominent Congressman termed it, is expected not to take a very serious turn as suggested in certain quarters. Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel have wired to Rajan to come over to Bombay, but in view of the October Session of the Assembly, it is not considered possible that he will come here. He has been directed to Simla to attend the Assembly Session. Whatever might be the outcome of the enquiry that might be instituted, Sjt. Bhulabhai is not anxious to lose a yote, by allowing Mr. Rajan to resign immediately.

Support For Rajan

While it is suggested in certain well informed quarters that everything would be amicably settled in Bombay, it would appear a suggestion has been made that Babu Rajendra Prasad should be deputed on behalf of the Working Committee to proceed to Madras and institute an inquiry. It is expected that radical changes in the constitution of the Tamil Nadu Provincial Congress Committee and its Working Committee will be the result of such an enquiry.

Office Acceptance Postponed

As suggested in certain quarters, there is no possibility of the Parliamentary Committee considering the question of "Office acceptance" by Congressmen. It is a foregone conclusion now, that the question will not be discussed till the Faizpur Congress Session.

Neither the Right wing nor the Left wing is at present anxious to force the issue. Each section is preparing to have a battle royal on the question at Faizpur as the delegates to the Faizpur Session will be different from those who attended the Lucknow Session.

Another of the important questions that will be decided will be the accommodation of the Congress Nationalists. The final view on the question will be given by the Congress Parliamentary Committee.

It is understood that the three members of the Socialist Party in the Working Committee, besides the Congress President, will fight for the inclusion of the complete Fundamental Rights resolution of the Karachi Congress in the Manifesto. It is considered possible that the Left Wingers in the Working Committee will try their best to include some of the Socialist programme also in it.

Right of Minorities

As for the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee, the Socialists have not so far given notice of any resolution. According to an official of the Socialist Party, the Socialists will raise several important issues before the House by moving amendments to official resolutions and moved adjournment motion.

On the question of the "right of minorities to exist" a storm is to be raised at the A.I.C.C. meeting and as suggested by a number of Socialists, the three members of the Working Committee on behalf of the Party, might tender their resignation on this issue unless amicable understanding is arrived at, which is considered possible.

Part of the procession arriving at the Blavatsky Lodge, where a public meeting was held on Sunday in connection with Maxim Gorki Day.

Mrs. Shuffi Tyebji, who opened last week the Muslim Girls' High School at Dongri, established by the Anjuman-i-Islam, Bombay.

BARODA IN GRIP OF FAMINE

BARODA, August 17

Baroda is in the grip of a severe famine due to very scanty rainfall in all parts of the State. Crops are drying everywhere and the peasants are offering prayers to God for rain. The city is dry since a month and the people are very anxious and panic-stricken.

It is understood that the Government of Baroda is watching the situation. It is expected that the Government will expedite relief measures before the situation has become critical.—United Press.

FACILITIES FOR HARIJAN EMPLOYEES

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 16

An Indore meassage says that the Municipal Committee of Indore has sanctioned Rs. 4,000/- for the construction of quarters for its Harijan employees.—United Press.

DACOITS ROB MONEY-LENDER

Gang Enters Village With Trumpets And Cracker Explosions

LAHORE, Aug. 15.

Heralded by a flourish of trumpets and the loud explosions of crackers, a gang of fifteen dacoits are alleged to have entered a village near Phagwara, in Kapurthala State, at midnight carrying torches and arms and terrorised the whole village.

They entered the house of a Hindu 'Sahukar' (money-lender) and after assaulting the man tied him up to his cot. A few villagers, who came to the rescue of the sahukar were beaten back, while one villager, who had the courage to grapple with the dacoits all alone, was overpowered and finally thrown down from the roof of the house, with the result that he was seriously injured.

The dacoits had things their own way thereafter, and they ransacked the house and are alleged to have removed cash and ornaments and also the sahukar's account books.

This is the third dacoity of its kind in the same Illaqa in the course of the last few months.—A P.

JINNAH GOES TO CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Aug. 17.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah arrived this morning in connection with Muslim Parliamentary Board work. He was received at the station by prominent Muslim leaders including Mr. A. K. Fazlul Haq, Sir Mahammed Saadullah, Khan Bahadur Abdul Momen and Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy.

Mr. Jinnah will probably stay here till August 21.—A. P.

BARODA, Aug. 17.

Efforts are in progress to start a new daily Gujerati newspaper at Ahmedabad. The scheme will fructify at the time of Diwali.—United Press.

NEW INDIAN ARMY SCHEME

Forwarded To Secretary Of State For Approval

SIMLA August 17

A scheme for creating an Indian wing of the Army in India and reserve of officers has been forwarded to the Secretary of State for approval.

The idea is to have a thousand officers in the European wing reserve and 500 in the Indian wing.

The officers will not be normally crossposted between wings and will draw salaries, allowances and concessions as officers of the corresponding status in the regular Indian army. The proportion with European and Indian wings will alter as the Indianization of the Army progresses.—A.P.

HUNT FOR "RED" LITERATURE

Punjab Youth Arrested At Lucknow

LUCKNOW, Aug. 17.

The District Police raided two houses, one in the city and the other in the district, in connection with the search for communist literature.

One Punjabi youth by name Sardar Dalip Singh, has been arrested and some literature is stated to have been recovered from one of these places. The searches have been organised under the instructions of the Special Branch of the Criminal investigation Department, United Provinces.

The police are reticent about these house searches and arrest. Enquiries made in this connection however show that the searches were the sequel to the arrest of one other Communist leader at Cawnpore on Friday last. The present arrests and searches, it is stated, are linked with the recovery of Communist literature early in the year, when simultaneous searches were made in various cities all over the Province.—United Press.

U. P. GOVERNOR AT MIRZAPUR

BENARES, Aug. 17.

The Governor visited Mirzapur and inspected the rural uplift work. He proceeded to the Tanda falls where the river drops from a height of 83 feet. He then visited Chuinar which has been greatly damaged by the recent flood.

The Governor returned to Benares in a motor boat last evening, landing at Dasaswamedh ghat where a large gathering accorded him warm reception.—P.

Wadhwan Harijan Ashram Appeal

BARODA, Aug. 17

The Educational Society at Wadhwan City is conducting a Harijan Ashram and a school. The society is in need of funds. The organisers have issued an appeal for public help.—United Press.

DHAR STATE'S WELCOME LEAD

Politicals Give Up Hunger Strike Their Demands Being Satisfied

LUCKNOW, Aug. 17.

It is understood that the political prisoners of Dhar State have given up the hunger strike as their demands were conceded to by the State authorities.

It will be recalled that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has addressed a letter recently to the Prime Minister of the State drawing his attention to the 'prisoners' hunger-strike.—United Press.

MUSLIM ELECTION PLANS IN U. P.

President Of Parliamentary Raja Of Saleempur As Board

LUCKNOW, Aug. 17.

The Muslim Conference which met in Lucknow during the last two days under the presidency of the Raja of Saleempur formed a Parliamentary Board consisting of 122 members to run the election of the Muslims in the United Provinces. The Raja of Saleempur was elected President of the Board, Raja Mahmudabad, treasurer, Choudhri Khaliq Uzzman, secretary.

Among the executive members are Maulana Shaukat Ali, Mahomed Ahmed Qazmi, M.L.A., Maulana Husain Ahmed and Mr. Hasarat Mohanis.

Rs. 25,000 were already collected at the meeting towards the Party Fund including Rs. 10,000 from the Raja of Mahmudabad.—United Press.

BHOPAL BAN ON NAKED SADHUS

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 16

The Secretary of the All-India Digambar Jain Mahasabha, informs from Seoni that he has received information from Bhopal to the effect that the Government of Bhopal State has banned the entry of the Digambar Jain Munis (Sadhus), who roam about naked in the Bhopal state.

This order has caused considerable resentment among the Digambar Jains of India and they have requested His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal to withdraw this prohibitory order and allow the Jains of the State to enjoy the "civic" rights irrespective of caste, creed and religion.—United Press.

DOHAD, Aug. 17.

About 75 dacoits raided Jhalod town, which is about 25 miles away from Dohad, in the early hours of yesterday, but fled away without any booty, after injuring a few men.

Rs. 5,000
Face Competition

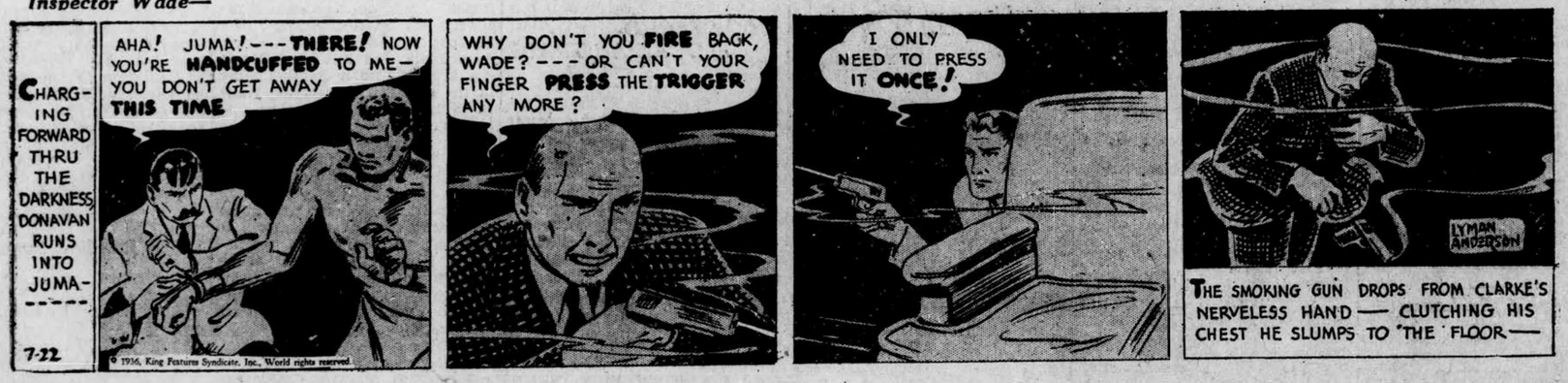
CLOSING DATE
19th
AUGUST

Entries will be accepted at our
OFFICE
from
10 a.m. to 6-30 p.m.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade—

A King By Night


CHARGING FORWARD THRU THE DARKNESS DONAVAN RUNS INTO JUMA-
7-22
AHA! JUMA!---THERE! NOW YOU'RE HANDCUFFED TO ME— YOU DON'T GET AWAY THIS TIME
WHY DON'T YOU FIRE BACK, WADE?---OR CAN'T YOUR FINGER PRESS THE TRIGGER ANY MORE?
I ONLY NEED TO PRESS IT ONCE!
LYMAN ANDERSON
THE SMOKING GUN DROPS FROM CLARKE'S NERVELESS HAND — CLUTCHING HIS CHEST HE SLUMPS TO THE FLOOR—
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